

## **Donor 7088**

# **Genetic Testing Summary**

Fairfax Cryobank recommends reviewing this genetic testing summary with your healthcare provider to determine suitability.

Last Updated: 10/30/24

Donor Reported Ancestry: African American, Jamaican Jewish Ancestry: No

Genetic Test*	Result	Comments/Donor's Residual
		Risk**

Chromosome analysis (karyotype)	Normal male karyotype	No evidence of clinically significant chromosome abnormalities
Hemoglobin evaluation	Normal hemoglobin fractionation and MCV/MCH results	Reduced risk to be a carrier for sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, alpha thalassemia trait (aa/ and a-/a-) and other hemoglobinopathies
Expanded Genetic Disease Carrier Screening Panel attached- 549 diseases by gene sequencing.	Carrier: ABCA4-Related Conditions (ABCA4)  Negative for other genes sequenced.	Partner testing is recommended before using this donor.

<sup>\*</sup>No single test can screen for all genetic disorders. A negative screening result significantly reduces, but cannot eliminate, the risk for these conditions in a pregnancy.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Donor residual risk is the chance the donor is still a carrier after testing negative.

Patient Name: DONOR 7088

Date Of Birth:

Gender: Male

Ethnicity: African American/Black

Patient ID: N/A
Medical Record #: 7088-2

Collection Kit:

Accession ID: N/A

Case File ID:

**Test Information** 

Ordering Physician:

Clinic Information: Fairfax Cryobank

Phone: N/A

Report Date: 04/19/2024 Sample Collected: 03/12/2024

Sample Received: 03/13/2024

Sample Type: Blood



## CARRIER SCREENING REPORT

ABOUT THIS SCREEN: Horizon™ is a carrier screen for specific autosomal recessive and X-linked diseases. This information can help patients learn their risk of having a child with specific genetic conditions.

**ORDER SELECTED:** The Horizon Custom panel was ordered for this patient. Males are not

screened for X-linked diseases

## AMENDED FINAL RESULTS SUMMARY:



## **CARRIER for ABCA4-Related Conditions**

Positive for the likely pathogenic variant c.6320G>A (p.R2107H) in the ABCA4 gene. If this individual's partner is a carrier for ABCA4-RELATED CONDITIONS, their chance to have a child with this condition may be as high as 1 in 4 (25%). Carrier screening for this individual's partner is suggested.

## Negative for 548 out of 549 diseases

No other pathogenic variants were detected in the genes that were screened. The patient's remaining carrier risk after the negative screening results is listed for each disease/gene on the Horizon website at <a href="https://www.natera.com/panel-option/h-all/">https://www.natera.com/panel-option/h-all/</a>. Please see the following pages of this report for a comprehensive list of all conditions included on this individual's screen.

Carrier screening is not diagnostic and may not detect all possible pathogenic variants in a given gene.

AMENDED REPORT 04/19/2024: This report is an update to the previous report dated 03/27/2024 to include results for the updated panel.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

Individuals who would like to review their Horizon report with a Natera Laboratory Genetic Counselor may schedule a telephone genetic information session by calling 650-249-9090 or visiting naterasession.com. Clinicians with questions may contact Natera at 650-249-9090 or email support@natera.com. Individuals with positive results may wish to discuss these results with family members to allow them the option to be screened. Comprehensive genetic counseling to discuss the implications of these test results and possible associated reproductive risk is recommended.

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Report Date:

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#### **DISEASES SCREENED**

Below is a list of all diseases screened and the result. Certain conditions have unique patient-specific numerical values, therefore, results for those conditions are formatted differently.

#### **Autosomal Recessive**

17-BETA HYDROXYSTEROID DEHYDROGENASE 3 DEFICIENCY (HSD17B3) negative

3-BETA-HYDROXYSTEROID DEHYDROGENASE TYPE II DEFICIENCY (HSD3B2) negative 3-HYDROXY-3-METHYLGLUTARYL-COENZYME A LYASE DEFICIENCY (HMGCL) negative 3-HYDROXYACYL-COA DEHYDROGENASE DEFICIENCY (HADH) negative 3-METHYLCROTONYL-CoA CARBOXYLASE 2 DEFICIENCY (MCCC2) negative 3-PHOSPHOGLYCERATE DEHYDROGENASE DEFICIENCY (PHGDH) negative

5-ALPHA-REDUCTASE DEFICIENCY (SRD5A2) negative

6-PYRUVOYL-TETRAHYDROPTERIN SYNTHASE ( PTPS ) DEFICIENCY (PTS) negative

ABCA4-RELATED CONDITIONS (ABCA4) see first page ABETALIPOPROTEINEMIA (MTTP) negative ACHONDROGENESIS, TYPE 1B (SLC26A2) negative ACHROMATOPSIA, CNGB3-RELATED (CNGB3) negative
ACRODERMATITIS ENTEROPATHICA (SLC39A4) negative
ACTION MYOCLONUS-RENAL FAILURE (AMRF) SYNDROME (SCARB2) negative ACUTE INFANTILE LIVER FAILURE, TRMU-RELATED (TRMU) negative ACYL-COA OXIDASE I DEFICIENCY (ACOX1) negative AICARDI-GOUTIÈRES SYNDROME (SAMHD1) negative

AICARDI-GOUTIERES SYNDROME, RNASEH2A-RELATED (RNASEH2A) negative AICARDI-GOUTIERES SYNDROME, RNASEH/2B-RELATED (RNASEH/2B) negative AICARDI-GOUTIERES SYNDROME, RNASEH/2C-RELATED (RNASEH/2C) negative AICARDI-GOUTIÈRES SYNDROME, TREX1-RELATED (TREX1) negative

ALPHA-MANNOSIDOSIS (MAN2B1) negative ALPHA-THALASSEMIA (HBA1/HBA2) negative ALPORT SYNDROME, COL4A3-RELATED (COL4A3) negative

ALPORT SYNDROME, COL4A4-RELATED (COL4A4) negative

ALSTROM SYNDROME (ALMS1) negative
AMISH INFANTILE EPILEPSY SYNDROME (573GAL5) negative
ANDERMANN SYNDROME (SLC12A6) negative

ARGININE:GLYCINE AMIDINOTRANSFERASE DEFICIENCY (AGAT DEFICIENCY)

(GATM) negative
ARGININEMIA (ARG1) negative
ARGININOSUCCINATE LYASE DEFICIENCY (ASL) negative

ARGINIOSOCCINATE L'IASE DEFICIENCY (ASL) negative AROMATASE DEFICIENCY (CYP19A1) negative ASPARAGINE SYNTHETASE DEFICIENCY (ASNS) negative ASPARTYLGLYCOSAMINURIA (AGA) negative ATAXIA WITH VITAMIN E DEFICIENCY (TTPA) negative

ATAXIA-TELANGIECTASIA (ATM) negative
ATAXIA-TELANGIECTASIA-LIKE DISORDER 1 (MRE11) negative

ATRANSFERRINEMIA (TF) negative

AUTISM SPECTRUM, EPILEPSY AND ARTHROGRYPOSIS (SLC35A3) negative AUTOIMMUNE POLYGLANDULAR SYNDROME, TYPE 1 (AIRE) negative AUTOSOMAL RECESSIVE CONGENITAL ICHTHYOSIS (ARCI), SLC27A4-RELATED

(SLC27A4) negative

AUTOSOMAL RECESSIVE SPASTIC ATAXIA OF CHARLEVOIX-SAGUENAY (SACS) negative

BARDET-BIEDL SYNDROME, ARL6-RELATED (ARL6) negative BARDET-BIEDL SYNDROME, BBS10-RELATED (BBS10) negative BARDET-BIEDL SYNDROME, BBS12-RELATED (BBS12) negative BARDET-BIEDL SYNDROME, BBS1-RELATED (BBS1) negative BARDET-BIEDL SYNDROME, BBS2-RELATED (BBS2) negative BARDET-BIEDL SYNDROME, BBS4-RELATED (BBS4) negative BARDET-BIEDL SYNDROME, BBS5-RELATED (BBS5) negative BARDET-BIEDL SYNDROME, BBS7-RELATED (BBS7) negative BARDET-BIEDL SYNDROME, BBS9-RELATED (BBS9) negative BARDET-BIEDL SYNDROME, TTC8-RELATED (TTC8) negative BART LYMPHOCYTE SYNDROME, CIITA-RELATED (CIITA) negative BARTTER SYNDROME, BSND-RELATED (BSND) negative BARTTER SYNDROME, KCNJ1-RELATED (KCNJ1) negative BARTTER SYNDROME, SLC12A1-RELATED (SLC12A1) negative BATTEN DISEASE, CLN3-RELATED (CLN3) negative BETA-HEMOGLOBINOPATHIES (HBB) negative BETA-KETOTHIOLASE DEFICIENCY (ACAT1) negative BETA-MANNOSIDOSIS (MANBA) negative
BETA-UREIDOPROPIONASE DEFICIENCY (UPB1) negative
BILATERAL FRONTOPARIETAL POLYMICROGYRIA (GPR56) negative

BIOTINIDASE DEFICIENCY (BTD) negative BIOTIN-THIAMINE-RESPONSIVE BASAL GANGLIA DISEASE (BTBGD) (SLC19A3) negative

BLOOM SYNDROME (BLM) negative

BRITTLE CORNEA SYNDROME 1 (ZNF469) negative BRITTLE CORNEA SYNDROME 2 (PRDM5) negative

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CANAVAN DISEASE (ASPA) negative CARBAMOYL PHOSPHATE SYNTHETASE I DEFICIENCY (CPS1) negative

CARNITINE DEFICIENCY (SLC22A5) negative

CARNITINE PALMITOYLTRANSFERASE IA DEFICIENCY (CPT1A) negative CARNITINE PALMITOYLTRANSFERASE II DEFICIENCY (CPT2) negative

CARNITINE-ACYLCARNITINE TRANSLOCASE DEFICIENCY (SLC25A20) negative

CARPENTER SYNDROME (RAB23) negative
CARTILAGE-HAIR HYPOPLASIA (RMRP) negative
CATECHOLAMINERGIC POLYMORPHIC VENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA (CASQ2) negative

CD59-MEDIATED HEMOLYTIC ANEMIA (CD59) negative

CEP152-RELATED MICROCEPHALY (CEP152) negative CEREBRAL DYSGENESIS, NEUROPATHY, ICHTHYOSIS, AND PALMOPLANTAR KERATODERMA (CEDNIK) SYNDROME (SNAP29) negative

CEREBROTENDINOUS XANTHOMATOSIS (CYP27A1) negative CHARCOT-MARIE-TOOTH DISEASE, RECESSIVE INTERMEDIATE C (PLEKHG5) negative CHARCOT-MARIE-TOOTH-DISEASE, TYPE 4D (NDRG1) negative

CHEDIAK-HIGASHI SYNDROME (LYST) negative

CHOREOACANTHOCYTOSIS (VP513A) negative CHRONIC GRANULOMATOUS DISEASE, CYBA-RELATED (CYBA) negative

CHRONIC GRANULOMATOUS DISEASE, NCF2-RELATED (NCF2) negative

CILIOPATHIES, RPGRIP1L-RELATED (RPGRIP1L) negative CITRIN DEFICIENCY (SLC25A13) negative CITRULLINEMIA, TYPE 1 (ASS1) negative

CLN10 DISEASE (CTSD) negative

COHEN SYNDROME (VPS13B) negative COL11A2-RELATED CONDITIONS (COL11A2) negative COMBINED MALONIC AND METHYLMALONIC ACIDURIA (ACSF3) negative

COMBINED OXIDATIVE PHOSPHORYLATION DEFICIENCY 1 (GFM1) negative COMBINED OXIDATIVE PHOSPHORYLATION DEFICIENCY 3 (TSFM) negative COMBINED PITUITARY HORMONE DEFICIENCY 1 (POU1F1) negative

COMBINED PITUITARY HORMONE DEFICIENCY-2 (PROP1) negative

CONGENITAL ADRENAL HYPERPLASIA, 11-BETA-HYDROXYLASE DEFICIENCY

CONGENITAL ADRENAL HYPERPLASIA, 17-ALPHA-HYDROXYLASE DEFICIENCY (CYP17A1) negative
CONGENITAL ADRENAL HYPERPLASIA, 21-HYDROXYLASE DEFICIENCY

(CYP21A2) negative

CONGENITAL ADRENAL INSUFFICIENCY, CYP11A1-RELATED (CYP11A1) negative

CONGENITAL AMEGAKARYOCYTIC THROMBOCYTOPENIA (MPL) negative
CONGENITAL CHRONIC DIARRHEA (DGAT1) negative
CONGENITAL DISORDER OF GLYCOSYLATION TYPE 1, ALG1-RELATED (ALG1) negative

CONGENITAL DISORDER OF GLYCOSYLATION, TYPE 1A, PMM2-Related (PMM2) negative CONGENITAL DISORDER OF GLYCOSYLATION, TYPE 1B (MPI) negative CONGENITAL DISORDER OF GLYCOSYLATION, TYPE 1C (ALG6) negative

CONGENITAL DYSERYTHROPOIETIC ANEMIA TYPE 2 (SEC23B) negative

CONGENITAL FINNISH NEPHROSIS (NPHS1) negative
CONGENITAL HYDROCEPHALUS 1 (CCDC88C) negative
CONGENITAL HYPERINSULINISM, KCNJ11-Related (KCNJ11) negative

CONGENITAL HYPERINSULINISM, RCNJ11-Related (RCNJ11) negative CONGENITAL INSENSITIVITY TO PAIN WITH ANHIDROSIS ( CIPA ) (NTRK1) negative CONGENITAL MYASTHENIC SYNDROME, CHAT-RELATED (CHAT) negative CONGENITAL MYASTHENIC SYNDROME, CHRNE-RELATED (CHRNE) negative CONGENITAL MYASTHENIC SYNDROME, COLQ-RELATED (COLQ) negative CONGENITAL MYASTHENIC SYNDROME, DOK7-RELATED (DOK7) negative CONGENITAL MYASTHENIC SYNDROME, RAPSN-RELATED (RAPSN) negative

CONGENITAL NEPHROTIC SYNDROME, PLCE1-RELATED (PLCE1) negative

CONGENITAL NEUTROPENIA, G6PC3-RELATED (G6PC3) negative CONGENITAL NEUTROPENIA, HAX1-RELATED (HAX1) negative CONGENITAL NEUTROPENIA, VPS45-RELATED (VPS45) negative

CONGENITAL SECRETORY CHLORIDE DIARRHEA 1 (SLC26A3) negative

CORNEAL DYSTROPHY AND PERCEPTIVE DEAFNESS (SLC4A11) negative CORTICOSTERONE METHYLOXIDASE DEFICIENCY (CYP11B2) negative

COSTEFF SYNDROME (3-METHYLGLUTACONIC ACIDURIA, TYPE 3) (OPA3) negative

CRB1-RELATED RETINAL DYSTROPHIES (CRB1) negative

CYSTIC FIBROSIS (CFTR) negative

CYSTINOSIS (CTNS) negative

CYTOCHROME C OXIDASE DEFICIENCY, PET100-RELATED (PET100) negative CYTOCHROME P450 OXIOREDUCTASE DEFICIENCY (POR) negative

D-BIFUNCTIONAL PROTEIN DEFICIENCY (HSD17B4) negative



Patient Name:

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Ordering Physician:



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DEAFNESS, AUTOSOMAL RECESSIVE 77 (LOXHD1) negative DIHYDROPTERIDINE REDUCTASE (DHPR) DEFICIENCY (QDPR) negative

DONNAI-BARROW SYNDROME (LRP2) negative

DUBIN-JOHNSON SYNDROME (ABCC2) negative DYSKERATOSIS CONGENITA SPECTRUM DISORDERS (TERT) negative DYSKERATOSIS CONGENITA, RTEL1-RELATED (RTEL1) negative

DYSTROPHIC EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA, COL7A1-Related (COL7A1) negative

EARLY INFANTILE EPILEPTIC ENCEPHALOPATHY, CAD-RELATED (CAD) negative EHLERS-DANLOS SYNDROME TYPE VI (PLOD1) negative EHLERS-DANLOS SYNDROME, CLASSIC-LIKE, TNXB-RELATED (TNXB) negative

EHLERS-DANLOS SYNDROME, CLASSIC-LIKE, TNXB-RELATED (TNXB) negative EHLERS-DANLOS SYNDROME, TYPE VII C (ADAMTS2) negative ELLIS-VAN CREVELD SYNDROME, EVC2-RELATED (EVC2) negative ELLIS-VAN CREVELD SYNDROME, EVC-RELATED (EVC) negative ENHANCED S-CONE SYNDROME (NR2E3) negative EPIMERASE DEFICIENCY (GALACTOSEMIA TYPE III) (GALE) negative EPIPHYSEAL DYSPLASIA, MULTIPLE, 7/DESBUQUOIS DYSPLASIA 1 (CANT1) negative ERCC6-RELATED DISORDERS (ERCC6) negative

ERCC8-RELATED DISORDERS (ERCC8) negative

ETHYLMALONIC ENCEPHALOPATHY (ETHE1) negative

F
FACTOR XI DEFICIENCY (F11) negative
FAMILIAL DYSAUTONOMIA (IKBKAP) negative
FAMILIAL HEMOPHAGOCYTIC LYMPHOHISTIOCYTOSIS, PRF1-RELATED (PRF1) negative
FAMILIAL HEMOPHAGOCYTIC LYMPHOHISTIOCYTOSIS, STX11-RELATED (STX11) negative
FAMILIAL HEMOPHAGOCYTIC LYMPHOHISTIOCYTOSIS, STXBP2-RELATED
(STXBP2) negative
FAMILIAL HEMOPHAGOCYTIC LYMPHOHISTIOCYTOSIS, UNC13D-RELATED

FAMILIAL HEMOPHAGOCYTIC LYMPHOHISTIOCYTOSIS, UNC13D-RELATED (UNC13D) negative FAMILIAL HYPERCHOLESTEROLEMIA, LDLRAP1-RELATED (LDLRAP1) negative FAMILIAL HYPERCHOLESTEROLEMIA, LDLR-RELATED (LDLR) negative FAMILIAL HYPERINSULINISM, ABCC8-RELATED (ABCC8) negative FAMILIAL NEPHROGENIC DIABETES INSIPIDUS, AQP2-RELATED (AQP2) negative FANCONI ANEMIA, GROUP A (FANCA) negative FANCONI ANEMIA, GROUP C (FANCC) negative

FANCONI ANEMIA, GROUP D2 (FANCD2) negative FANCONI ANEMIA, GROUP E (FANCE) negative FANCONI ANEMIA, GROUP F (FANCF) negative

FANCONI ANEMIA, GROUP F (FANCF) negative FANCONI ANEMIA, GROUP I (FANCG) negative FANCONI ANEMIA, GROUP J (BRIP1) negative FANCONI ANEMIA, GROUP L (FANCL) negative FANCONI ANEMIA, GROUP L (FANCL) negative

FARBER LIPOGRANULOMATOSIS (ASAH1) negative FOVEAL HYPOPLASIA (SLC38A8) negative FRASER SYNDROME 3, GRIP1-RELATED (GRIP1) negative FRASER SYNDROME, FRAS1-RELATED (FRAS1) negative

FRASER SYNDROME, FREM2-RELATED (FREM2) negative FRIEDREICH ATAXIA (FXN) negative FRUCTOSE-1,6-BISPHOSPHATASE DEFICIENCY (FBP1) negative

FUCOSIDOSIS, FUCA1-RELATED (FUCA1) negative FUMARASE DEFICIENCY (FH) negative

GABA-TRANSAMINASE DEFICIENCY (ABAT) negative GALACTOKINASE DEFICIENCY ( GALACTOSEMIA, TYPE II ) (GALK1) negative

GALACTOSEMIA (GALT) negative

GALACTOSIALIDOSIS (CTSA) negative GAUCHER DISEASE (GBA) negative GCH1-RELATED CONDITIONS (GCH1) negative GDF5-RELATED CONDITIONS (GDF5) negative

GERODERMA OSTEODYSPLASTICA (GORAB) negative GITELMAN SYNDROME (SLC12A3) negative GLANZMANN THROMBASTHENIA (ITGB3) negative

GLANZMANN THROMBASTHENIA (ITGB3) negative
GLUTARIC ACIDEMIA, TYPE 1 (GCDH) negative
GLUTARIC ACIDEMIA, TYPE 2A (ETFA) negative
GLUTARIC ACIDEMIA, TYPE 2B (ETFB) negative
GLUTARIC ACIDEMIA, TYPE 2C (ETFDH) negative
GLUTARIC ACIDEMIA, TYPE 2C (ETFDH) negative
GLUTATHIONE SYNTHETASE DEFICIENCY (GSS) negative
GLYCINE ENCEPHALOPATHY, AMT-RELATED (AMT) negative
GLYCINE ENCEPHALOPATHY, GLDC-RELATED (GLDC) negative
GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE TYPE 5 (McArdle Disease) (PYGM) negative
GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE TYPE IXE (PHKB) negative
GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE TYPE IXC (PHKG2) negative
GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE TYPE IXC (PHKG2) negative

GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE, TYPE 1a (G6PC) negative GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE, TYPE 1b (SLC37A4) negative GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE, TYPE 2 (POMPE DISEASE) (GAA) negative

GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE, TYPE 3 (AGL) negative GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE, TYPE 4 (GBE1) negative GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE, TYPE 7 (PFKM) negative

GRACILE SYNDROME (BCS1L) negative GUANIDINOACETATE METHYLTRANSFERASE DEFICIENCY (GAMT) negative

HARLEQUIN ICHTHYOSIS (ABCA12) negative
HEME OXYGENASE 1 DEFICIENCY (HMOX1) negative

HEMOCHROMATOSIS TYPE 2A (HFE2) negative

HEMOCHROMATOSIS, TYPE 3, TFR2-Related (TFR2) negative
HEPATOCEREBRAL MITOCHONDRIAL DNA DEPLETION SYNDROME, MPV17-RELATED

(MPV17) negative

HEREDITARY FRUCTOSE INTOLERANCE (ALDOB) negative

HEREDITARY HEMOCHROMATOSIS TYPE 2B (HAMP) negative HEREDITARY SPASTIC PARAPARESIS, TYPE 49 (TECPR2) negative

HEREDITARY SPASTIC PARAPARESIS, 17PE 49 (TECPK2) negative HEREDITARY SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA, CYP7B1-RELATED (CYP7B1) negative HERMANSKY-PUDLAK SYNDROME, AP3B1-RELATED (BLOC1S3) negative HERMANSKY-PUDLAK SYNDROME, BLOC1S3-RELATED (BLOC1S3) negative HERMANSKY-PUDLAK SYNDROME, BLOC1S6-RELATED (BLOC1S6) negative

HERMANSKY-PUDLAK SYNDROME, HPS1-RELATED (HPS1) negative HERMANSKY-PUDLAK SYNDROME, HPS3-RELATED (HPS3) negative HERMANSKY-PUDLAK SYNDROME, HPS4-RELATED (HPS4) negative

HERMANSKY-PUDLAK SYNDROME, HPS4-RELATED (HPS4) negative HERMANSKY-PUDLAK SYNDROME, HPS5-RELATED (HPS5) negative HERMANSKY-PUDLAK SYNDROME, HPS6-RELATED (HPS6) negative HOLOCARBOXYLASE SYNTHETASE DEFICIENCY (HLCS) negative HOMOCYSTINURIA AND MEGALOBLASTIC ANEMIA TYPE CBLG (MTR) negative

HOMOCYSTINURIA AND MEGALOBLASTIC ANEMIA TYPE CBLG (MTR)
HOMOCYSTINURIA DUE TO DEFICIENCY OF MTHFR (MTHFR) negative
HOMOCYSTINURIA, CBS-RELATED (CBS) negative
HOMOCYSTINURIA, Type cblE (MTRR) negative
HYDROLETHALUS SYNDROME (HYLS1) negative

HYPER-IGM IMMUNODEFICIENCY (CD40) negative
HYPERORNITHINEMIA-HYPERAMMONEMIA-HOMOCITRULLINURIA (HHH SYNDROME)

(SLC25A15) negative HYPERPHOSPHATEMIC FAMILIAL TUMORAL CALCINOSIS, GALNT3-RELATED

(GALNT3) negative HYPOMYELINATING LEUKODYSTROPHY 12 (VPS11) negative

HYPOPHOSPHATASIA, ALPL-RELATED (ALPL) negative

IMERSLUND-GRÄSBECK SYNDROME 2 (AMN) negative

IMMUNODEFICIENCY-CENTROMERIC INSTABILITY-FACIAL ANOMALIES (ICF) SYNDROME, DNMT3B-RELATED (DNMT3B) negative IMMUNODEFICIENCY-CENTROMERIC INSTABILITY-FACIAL ANOMALIES (ICF)

SYNDROME, ZBTB24-RELATED (ZBTB24) negative
INCLUSION BODY MYOPATHY 2 (GNE) negative
INFANTILE CEREBRAL AND CEREBELLAR ATROPHY (MED17) negative

INFANTILE NEPHRONOPHTHISIS (INVS) negative

INFANTILE NEUROAXONAL DYSTROPHY (PLA2G6) negative ISOLATED ECTOPIA LENTIS (ADAMTSL4) negative ISOLATED SULFITE OXIDASE DEFICIENCY (SUOX) negative

ISOLATED THYROID-STIMULATING HORMONE DEFICIENCY (TSHB) negative ISOVALERIC ACIDEMIA (IVD) negative

JOHANSON-BLIZZARD SYNDROME (*UBR1*) negative JOUBERT SYNDROME 2 / MECKEL SYNDROME 2 (*TMEM216*) negative JOUBERT SYNDROME AND RELATED DISORDERS (JSRD), TMEM67-RELATED

(TMEM67) negative

JOUBERT SYNDROME, AHI1-RELATED (AHI1) negative JOUBERT SYNDROME, ARL13B-RELATED (ARL13B) negative JOUBERT SYNDROME, B9D1-RELATED (B9D1) negative

JOUBERT SYNDROME, B9D2-RELATED (B9D2) negative JOUBERT SYNDROME, C2CD3-RELATED/OROFACIODIGITAL SYNDROME 14

(C2CD3) negative

JOUBERT SYNDROME, CC2D2A-RELATED/COACH SYNDROME (CC2D2A) negative

JOUBERT SYNDROME, CEP104-RELATED (CEP104) negative
JOUBERT SYNDROME, CEP120-RELATED/SHORT-RIB THORACIC DYSPLASIA 13 WITH OR

WITHOUT POLYDACTYLY (CEP120) negative JOUBERT SYNDROME, CEP41-RELATED (CEP41) negative JOUBERT SYNDROME, CPLANE1-RELATED / OROFACIODIGITAL SYNDROME 6

(CPLANE1) negative

JOUBERT SYNDROME, CSPP1-RELATED (CSPP1) negative
JOUBERT SYNDROME, INPP5E-RELATED (INPP5E) negative
JUNCTIONAL EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA, COL17A1-RELATED (COL17A1) negative

JUNCTIONAL EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA, ITGA6-RELATED (ITGA6) negative

JUNCTIONAL EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA, ITGAG-RELATED (ITGAG) negative
JUNCTIONAL EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA, ITGB4-RELATED (ITGB4) negative
JUNCTIONAL EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA, LAMB3-RELATED (LAMB3) negative
JUNCTIONAL EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA, LAMC2-RELATED (LAMC2) negative
JUNCTIONAL EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA/LARYNGOONYCHOCUTANEOUS SYNDROME,

LAMA3-RELATED (LAMA3) negative

KRABBE DISEASE (GALC) negative

LAMELLAR ICHTHYOSIS, TYPE 1 (TGM1) negative



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MITOCHONDRIAL DNA DEPLETION SYNDROME 3 (DGUOK) negative MITOCHONDRIAL MYOPATHY AND SIDEROBLASTIC ANEMIA (MLASA1) (PUS1) negative MITOCHONDRIAL TRIFUNCTIONAL PROTEIN DEFICIENCY, HADHB-RELATED

(HADHB) negative

MOLYBDENUM COFACTOR DEFICIENCY TYPE B (MOCS2) negative MOLYBDENUM COFACTOR DEFICIENCY, TYPE A (MOCS1) negative

MUCOLIPIDOSIS II/III A (GNPTAB) negative

MUCOLIPIDOSIS III GAMMA (GNPTG) negative
MUCOLIPIDOSIS, TYPE IV (MCOLN1) negative
MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE I ( HURLER SYNDROME ) (IDUA) negative MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE II A (SANFILIPPO A) (SGSH) negative MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE III A (SANFILIPPO B) (NAGLU) negative MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE III B (SANFILIPPO B) (NAGLU) negative MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE III C (SANFILIPPO C) (HGSNAT) negative MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE III D (SANFILIPPO D) (GNS) negative MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE IV A (MORQUIO SYNDROME) (GALNS) negative MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE IV B/GM1 GANGLIOSIDOSIS (GLB1) negative MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE IV (HYAL1) negative

MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE VI (MAROTEAUX-LAMY) (ARSB) negative MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE VI (MAROTEAUX-LAMY) (ARSB) negative MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS, TYPE VII (GUSB) negative MULIBREY NANISM (TRIM37) negative MULIBREY PRENGLIM SYNDROME, CHRNG-RELATED/ESCOBAR SYNDROME

(CHRNG) negative
MULTIPLE SULFATASE DEFICIENCY (SUMF1) negative

MUSCLE-EYE-BRAIN DISEASE, POMGNT1-RELATED (POMGNT1) negative MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY-DYSTROGLYCANOPATHY (RXYLT1) negative MUSK-RELATED CONGENITAL MYASTHENIC SYNDROME (MUSK) negative MYONEUROGASTROINTESTINAL ENCEPHALOPATHY (MNGIE) (TYMP) negative MYOTONIA CONGENITA (CLCN1) negative

N-ACETYLGLUTAMATE SYNTHASE DEFICIENCY (NAGS) negative N-ACETYLGLOTAMATE SYNTHASE DEFICIENCY (NAGS) negative
NEMALINE MYOPATHY, NEB-RELATED (NEB) negative
NEPHRONOPHTHISIS 1 (NPHP1) negative
NEURONAL CEROID LIPOFUSCINOSIS, CLN5-RELATED (CLN5) negative
NEURONAL CEROID LIPOFUSCINOSIS, CLN6-RELATED (CLN6) negative

NEURONAL CEROID LIPOFUSCINOSIS, CLNS-RELATED (CLN8) negative NEURONAL CEROID LIPOFUSCINOSIS, MFSD8-RELATED (MFSD8) negative NEURONAL CEROID LIPOFUSCINOSIS, PPT1-RELATED (PPT1) negative

NEURONAL CEROID LIPOFUSCINOSIS, PP11-RELATED (PP11) negative NEURONAL CEROID LIPOFUSCINOSIS, TPP1-RELATED (TPP1) negative NGLY1-CONGENITAL DISORDER OF GLYCOSYLATION (NGLY1) negative NIEMANN-PICK DISEASE, TYPE C1 / D (NPC1) negative NIEMANN-PICK DISEASE, TYPE C2 (NPC2) negative NIEMANN-PICK DISEASE, TYPES A / B (SMPD1) negative NIMEGEN BREAKAGE SYNDROME (NBN) negative NON-SYNDROMIC HEARING LOSS, GJB2-RELATED (GJB2) negative

NON-SYNDROMIC HEARING LOSS, MYO15A-RELATED (MYO15A) negative NONSYNDROMIC HEARING LOSS, OTOA-RELATED (OTOA) negative NONSYNDROMIC HEARING LOSS, OTOF-RELATED (OTOF) negative NONSYNDROMIC HEARING LOSS, PJVK-RELATED (PJVK) negative NONSYNDROMIC HEARING LOSS, SYNE4-RELATED (SYNE4) negative NONSYNDROMIC HEARING LOSS, TMC1-RELATED (TMC1) negative NONSYNDROMIC HEARING LOSS, TMPRSS3-RELATED (TMPRSS3) negative NONSYNDROMIC INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY (CC2D1A) negative NORMOPHOSPHATEMIC TUMORAL CALCINOSIS (SAMD9) negative

OCULOCUTANEOUS ALBINISM TYPE IV (SLC45A2) negative OCULOCUTANEOUS ALBINISM TYPE, III (TYRP1) negative OCULOCUTANEOUS ALBINISM, OCA2-RELATED (OCA2) negative OCULOCUTANEOUS ALBINISM, TYPES 1A AND 1B (TYR) negative ODONTO-ONYCHO-DERMAL DYSPLASIA / SCHOPF-SCHULZ-PASSARGE SYNDROME (WNT10A) negative

OMENN SYNDROME, RAG2-RELATED (RAG2) negative ORNITHINE AMINOTRANSFERASE DEFICIENCY (OAT) negative OSTEOGENESIS IMPERFECTA TYPE VII (CRTAP) negative OSTEOGENESIS IMPERFECTA TYPE VIII (P3H1) negative OSTEOGENESIS IMPERFECTA TYPE XI (FKBP10) negative
OSTEOGENESIS IMPERFECTA TYPE XIII (BMP1) negative
OSTEOPETROSIS, INFANTILE MALIGNANT, TCIRG1-RELATED (TCIRG1) negative OSTEOPETROSIS, OSTM1-RELATED (OSTM1) negative

PANTOTHENATE KINASE-ASSOCIATED NEURODEGENERATION (PANK2) negative PAPILLON LEFÈVRE SYNDROME (CTSC) negative PARKINSON DISEASE 15 (FBXO7) negative PENDRED SYNDROME (SLC26A4) negative PENDRED SYNDROME (SLCZOA4) negative
PERLMAN SYNDROME (DIS3L2) negative
PGM3-CONGENITAL DISORDER OF GLYCOSYLATION (PGM3) negative
PHENYLKETONURIA (PAH) negative
PIGN-CONGENITAL DISORDER OF GLYCOSYLATION (PIGN) negative PITUITARY HORMONE DEFICIENCY, COMBINED 3 (LHX3) negative POLG-RELATED DISORDERS (POLG) negative

LARON SYNDROME (GHR) negative LEBER CONGENITAL AMAUROSIS 2 (RPE65) negative LEBER CONGENITAL AMAUROSIS TYPE AIPL1 (AIPL1) negative LEBER CONGENITAL AMAUROSIS TYPE GUCY2D (GUCY2D) negative
LEBER CONGENITAL AMAUROSIS TYPE TULP1 (TULP1) negative
LEBER CONGENITAL AMAUROSIS, IQCB1-RELATED/SENIOR-LOKEN SYNDROME 5 (IQCB1) negative LEBER CONGENITAL AMAUROSIS, TYPE CEP290 (CEP290) negative LEBER CONGENITAL AMAUROSIS, TYPE LCA5 (LCA5) negative

LEBER CONGENITAL AMAUROSIS, TYPE RDH12 (RDH12) negative LEIGH SYNDROME, FRENCH-CANADIAN TYPE (LRPPRC) negative LETHAL CONGENITAL CONTRACTURE SYNDROME 1 (GLE1) negative LEUKOENCEPHALOPATHY WITH VANISHING WHITE MATTER (EIF2B5) negative LEUKOENCEPHALOPATHY WITH VANISHING WHITE MATTER, EIF2B1-RELATED (EIF2B1) negative LEUKOENCEPHALOPATHY WITH VANISHING WHITE MATTER, EIF2B2-RELATED

(EIF2B2) negative LEUKOENCEPHALOPATHY WITH VANISHING WHITE MATTER, EIF2B3-RELATED

(EIF2B3) negative

LEUKOENCEPHALOPATHY WITH VANISHING WHITE MATTER, EIF2B4-RELATED (EIF2B4) negative LIG4 SYNDROME (LIG4) negative

LIMB-GIRDLE MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY TYPE 8 (TRIM32) negative LIMB-GIRDLE MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY, TYPE 2A (CAPN3) negative LIMB-GIRDLE MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY, TYPE 2A (CAPN3) negative LIMB-GIRDLE MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY, TYPE 2B (DYSF) negative LIMB-GIRDLE MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY, TYPE 2C (SGCG) negative LIMB-GIRDLE MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY, TYPE 2D (SGCA) negative LIMB-GIRDLE MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY, TYPE 2E (SGCB) negative LIMB-GIRDLE MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY, TYPE 2F (SGCD) negative LIMB-GIRDLE MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY, TYPE 2F (SGCD) negative LIMB-GIRDLE DELIVERAGE AND ASSESSED ASSESSED AND ASSESSED AND ASSESSED ASSESSED AND ASSESSED AS LIPOAMIDE DEHYDROGENASE DEFICIENCY (DIHYDROLIPOAMIDE DEHYDROGENASE DEFICIENCY) (DLD) negative LIPOID ADRENAL HYPERPLASIA (STAR) negative

LIPOPROTEIN LIPASE DEFICIENCY (LPL) negative

LONG CHAIN 3-HYDROXYACYL-COA DEHYDROGENASE DEFICIENCY (HADHA) negative LRAT-RELATED CONDITIONS (LRAT) negative LUNG DISEASE, IMMUNODEFICIENCY, AND CHROMOSOME BREAKAGE SYNDROME

(LICS) (NSMCE3) negative
LYSINURIC PROTEIN INTOLERANCE (SLC7A7) negative

MALONYL-COA DECARBOXYLASE DEFICIENCY (MLYCD) negative MAPLE SYRUP URINE DISEASE, TYPE 1A (BCKDHA) negative MAPLE SYRUP URINE DISEASE, TYPE 1B (BCKDHB) negative MAPLE STRUP URINE DISEASE, TYPE 2 (DBT) negative MAPLE SYRUP URINE DISEASE, TYPE 2 (DBT) negative MCKUSICK-KAUFMAN SYNDROME (MKKS) negative MECKEL SYNDROME 7/NEPHRONOPHTHISIS 3 (NPHP3) negative MECKEL-GRUBER SYNDROME, TYPE 1 (MK51) negative MECR-RELATED NEUROLOGIC DISORDER (MECR) negative MEDIUM CHAIN ACYL-CoA DEHYDROGENASE DEFICIENCY (ACADM) negative MEDNIK SYNDROME (AP1S1) negative MEGALENCEPHALIC LEUKOENCEPHALOPATHY WITH SUBCORTICAL CYSTS (MLC1) negative MEROSIN-DEFICIENT MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY (LAMA2) negative METABOLIC ENCEPHALOPATHY AND ARRHYTHMIAS, TANGO2-RELATED (TANGO2) negative METACHROMATIC LEUKODYSTROPHY, ARSA-RELATED (ARSA) negative METACHROMATIC LEUKODYSTROPHY, PSAP-RELATED (PSAP) negative

METHYLMALONIC ACIDEMIA AND HOMOCYSTINURIA TYPE CBLF (LMBRD1) negative METHYLMALONIC ACIDEMIA, MCEE-RELATED (MCEE) negative METHYLMALONIC ACIDURIA AND HOMOCYSTINURIA, TYPE CBLC (MMACHC) negative METHYLMALONIC ACIDURIA AND HOMOCYSTINURIA, TYPE CBLC (MMADHC) negative METHYLMALONIC ACIDURIA AND HOMOCYSTINURIA, TYPE CBID (MMADHC) negative

METHYLMALONIC ACIDURIA, MMAA-RELATED (MMAA) negative METHYLMALONIC ACIDURIA, MMAB-RELATED (MMAB) negative METHYLMALONIC ACIDURIA, TYPE MUT(0) (MUT) negative

MEVALONIC KINASE DEFICIENCY (MVK) negative
MICROCEPHALIC OSTEODYSPLASTIC PRIMORDIAL DWARFISM TYPE II (PCNT) negative
MICROPHTHALMIA / ANOPHTHALMIA, VSX2-RELATED (VSX2) negative

MITOCHONDRIAL COMPLEX 1 DEFICIENCY, ACAD9-RELATED (ACAD9) negative MITOCHONDRIAL COMPLEX 1 DEFICIENCY, NDUFAF5-RELATED (NDUFAF5) negative MITOCHONDRIAL COMPLEX 1 DEFICIENCY, NDUFS6-RELATED (NDUFS6) negative MITOCHONDRIAL COMPLEX I DEFICIENCY, NUCLEAR TYPE 1 (NDUFS4) negative MITOCHONDRIAL COMPLEX I DEFICIENCY, NUCLEAR TYPE 10 (NDUFAF2) negative MITOCHONDRIAL COMPLEX I DEFICIENCY, NUCLEAR TYPE 17 (NDUFAF6) negative MITOCHONDRIAL COMPLEX I DEFICIENCY, NUCLEAR TYPE 19 (FOXRED1) negative

MITOCHONDRIAL COMPLEX I DEFICIENCY, NUCLEAR TYPE 3 (NDUFST) negative MITOCHONDRIAL COMPLEX I DEFICIENCY, NUCLEAR TYPE 4 (NDUFV1) negative MITOCHONDRIAL COMPLEX IV DEFICIENCY, NUCLEAR TYPE 2, SCO2-RELATED (SCO2) negative

MITOCHONDRIAL COMPLEX IV DEFICIENCY, NUCLEAR TYPE 6 (COX15) negative MITOCHONDRIAL DNA DEPLETION SYNDROME 2 (TK2) negative

Patient Name:

#### **Test Information**

Ordering Physician:



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POLYCYSTIC KIDNEY DISEASE, AUTOSOMAL RECESSIVE (PKHD1) negative PONTOCEREBELLAR HYPOPLASIA, EXOSC3-RELATED (EXOSC3) negative PONTOCEREBELLAR HYPOPLASIA, RARS2-RELATED (RARS2) negative PONTOCEREBELLAR HYPOPLASIA, TSEN2-RELATED (TSEN2) negative PONTOCEREBELLAR HYPOPLASIA, TSEN54-RELATED (TSEN54) negative PONTOCEREBELLAR HYPOPLASIA, TYPE 1A (VRK1) negative PONTOCEREBELLAR HYPOPLASIA, TYPE 1A (WAT) Hegative PONTOCEREBELLAR HYPOPLASIA, TYPE 2D (SEPSECS) negative PONTOCEREBELLAR HYPOPLASIA, VP553-RELATED (VP553) negative PRIMARY CILIARY DYSKINESIA, CCDC103-RELATED (CCDC103) negative PRIMARY CILIARY DYSKINESIA, CCDC39-RELATED (CCDC39) negative PRIMARY CILIARY DYSKINESIA, DNAH11-RELATED (DNAH11) negative PRIMARY CILIARY DYSKINESIA, DNAH5-RELATED (DNAH5) negative PRIMARY CILIARY DYSKINESIA, DNAI1-RELATED (DNAI1) negative PRIMARY CILIARY DYSKINESIA, DNAI2-RELATED (DNAI2) negative PRIMARY CONGENITAL GLAUCOMA/PETERS ANOMALY (CYP1B1) negative PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA, TYPE 1 (AGXT) negative

PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA, TYPE 2 (GRIPR) negative
PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA, TYPE 3 (HOGA1) negative
PRIMARY MICROCEPHALY 1, AUTOSOMAL RECESSIVE (MCPH1) negative

PROGRESSIVE EARLY-ONSET ENCEPAHLOPATHY WITH BRAIN ATROPHY AND THIN

CORPUS CALLOSUM (TBCD) negative
PROGRESSIVE FAMILIAL INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTASIS, ABCB4-RELATED (ABCB4) negative PROGRESSIVE FAMILIAL INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTASIS, TYPE 1 (PFIC1) (ATP8B1) negative

PROGRESSIVE FAMILIAL INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTASIS, TYPE 2 (ABCB11) negative PROGRESSIVE FAMILIAL INTRAHEPATIC CHOLESTASIS, TYPE 4 (PFIC4) (TJP2) negative PROGRESSIVE PSEUDORHEUMATOID DYSPLASIA (CCN6) negative

PROGRESSIVE PSEUDORHEUMATOID DYSPLASIA (CCN6) negative
PROLIDASE DEFICIENCY (PEPD) negative
PROPIONIC ACIDEMIA, PCCA-RELATED (PCCA) negative
PROPIONIC ACIDEMIA, PCCB-RELATED (PCCB) negative
PSEUDOXANTHOMA ELASTICUM (ABCC6) negative
PSEUDOXANTHOMA ELASTICUM (ABCC6) negative
PTERIN-4 ALPHA-CARBINOLAMINE DEHYDRATASE (PCD) DEFICIENCY (PCBD1) negative
PYCNODYSOSTOSIS (CTSK) negative
PYRIDOXAL 5-PHOSPHATE-DEPENDENT EPILEPSY (PNPO) negative

PYRIDOXINE-DEPENDENT EPILEPSY (ALDH7A1) negative

PYRUVATE CARBOXYLASE DEFICIENCY (PC) negative PYRUVATE DEHYDROGENASE DEFICIENCY, PDHB-RELATED (PDHB) negative

REFSUM DISEASE, PHYH-RELATED (PHYH) negative RENAL TUBULAR ACIDOSIS AND DEAFNESS, ATP6V1B1-RELATED (ATP6V1B1) negative RENAL TUBULAR ACIDOSIS, PROXIMAL, WITH OCULAR ABNORMALITIES AND MENTAL

RETARDATION (SLC4A4) negative RETINITIS PIGMENTOSA 25 (EYS) negative RETINITIS PIGMENTOSA 26 (CERKL) negative

RETINITIS PIGMENTOSA 28 (FAM161A) negative RETINITIS PIGMENTOSA 36 (PRCD) negative RETINITIS PIGMENTOSA 59 (DHDDS) negative

RETINITIS PIGMENTOSA 62 (MAK) negative

RHIZOMELIC CHONDRODYSPLASIA PUNCTATA, TYPE 1 (PEX7) negative RHIZOMELIC CHONDRODYSPLASIA PUNCTATA, TYPE 2 (GNPAT) negative

RHIZOMELIC CHONDRODYSPLASIA PUNCTATA, TYPE 3 (AGPS) negative

RLBP1-RELATED RETINOPATHY (RLBP1) negative ROBERTS SYNDROME (ESCO2) negative RYR1-RELATED CONDITIONS (RYR1) negative

SALLA DISEASE (SLC17A5) negative SANDHOFF DISEASE (HEXB) negative

SCHIMKE IMMUNOOSSEOUS DYSPLASIA (SMARCAL1) negative

SCHINDLER DISEASE (NAGA) negative SEGAWA SYNDROME, TH-RELATED (TH) negative

SENIOR-LOKEN SYNDROME 4/NEPHRONOPHTHISIS 4 (NPHP4) negative

SEPIAPTERIN REDUCTASE DEFICIENCY (SPR) negative
SEVERE COMBINED IMMUNODEFICIENCY (SCID), CD3D-RELATED (CD3D) negative
SEVERE COMBINED IMMUNODEFICIENCY (SCID), CD3E-RELATED (CD3E) negative

SEVERE COMBINED IMMUNODEFICIENCY (SCID), FOXN1-RELATED (FOXN1) negative SEVERE COMBINED IMMUNODEFICIENCY (SCID), IKBKB-RELATED (IKBKB) negative SEVERE COMBINED IMMUNODEFICIENCY (SCID), IL7R-RELATED (IL7R) negative

SEVERE COMBINED IMMUNODEFICIENCY (SCID), JAK3-RELATED (JAK3) negative SEVERE COMBINED IMMUNODEFICIENCY (SCID), PTPRC-RELATED (PTPRC) negative SEVERE COMBINED IMMUNODEFICIENCY (SCID), RAG1-RELATED (RAG1) negative

SEVERE COMBINED IMMUNODEFICIENCY, ADA-Related (ADA) negative

SEVERE COMBINED IMMUNODEFICIENCY, TYPE ATHABASKAN (DCLRE1C) negative SHORT-RIB THORACIC DYSPLASIA 3 WITH OR WITHOUT POLYDACTYLY

(DYNC2H1) negative

SHWACHMAN-DIAMOND SYNDROME, SBDS-RELATED (SBDS) negative

SIALIDOSIS (NEU1) negative SJÖGREN-LARSSON SYNDROME (ALDH3A2) negative SMITH-LEMLI-OPITZ SYNDROME (DHCR7) negative

SPASTIC PARAPLEGIA, TYPE 15 (ZFYVE26) negative

SPASTIC TETRAPLEGIA, THIN CORPUS CALLOSUM, AND PROGRESSIVE MICROCEPHALY

(SPATCCM) (SLC1A4) negative SPG11-RELATED CONDITIONS (SPG11) negative

SPINAL MUSCULAR ATROPHY (SMN1) negative SMN1: >/= 3 copies; g.27134T>G: present; the g.27134T>G variant does not modify carrier risk in individuals who carry 3 or more copies of SMN1.

SPINAL MUSCULAR ATROPHY WITH RESPIRATORY DISTRESS TYPE 1 (IGHMBP2) negative SPINOCEREBELLAR ATAXIA, AUTOSOMAL RECESSIVE 10 (ANO10) negative SPINOCEREBELLAR ATAXIA, AUTOSOMAL RECESSIVE 12 (WWOX) negative SPONDYLOCOSTAL DYSOSTOSIS 1 (DLL3) negative

SPONDYLOTHORACIC DYSOSTOSIS, MESP2-Related (MESP2) negative

STEEL SYNDROME (COL27A1) negative STEROID-RESISTANT NEPHROTIC SYNDROME (NPHS2) negative

STUVE-WIEDEMANN SYNDROME (LIFR) negative

SURF1-RELATED CONDITIONS (SURF1) negative SURFACTANT DYSFUNCTION, ABCA3-RELATED (ABCA3) negative

TAY-SACHS DISEASE (HEXA) negative
TBCE-RELATED CONDITIONS (TBCE) negative

THIAMINE-RESPONSIVE MEGALOBLASTIC ANEMIA SYNDROME (SLC19A2) negative

THYROID DYSHORMONOGENESIS 1 (SLC5A5) negative THYROID DYSHORMONOGENESIS 2A (TPO) negative

THYROID DYSHORMONOGENESIS 3 (TG) negative

THYROID DYSHORMONOGENESIS 3 (16) negative THYROID DYSHORMONOGENESIS 6 (DUOX2) negative TRANSCOBALAMIN II DEFICIENCY (TCN2) negative TRICHOHEPATOENTERIC SYNDROME, SKIC2-RELATED (SKIC2) negative TRICHOHEPATOENTERIC SYNDROME, TTC37-RELATED (TTC37) negative

TRICHOTHIODYSTROPHY 1/XERODERMA PIGMENTOSUM, GROUP D (ERCC2) negative TRIMETHYLAMINURIA (FMO3) negative

TRIPLE A SYNDROME (AAAS) negative TSHR-RELATED CONDITIONS (TSHR) negative TYROSINEMIA TYPE III (HPD) negative TYROSINEMIA, TYPE 1 (FAH) negative TYROSINEMIA, TYPE 2 (TAT) negative

USHER SYNDROME, TYPE 1B (MYO7A) negative USHER SYNDROME, TYPE 1C (USH1C) negative

USHER SYNDROME, TYPE 1D (CDH23) negative USHER SYNDROME, TYPE 1F (PCDH15) negative

USHER SYNDROME, TYPE 1J/DEAFNESS, AUTOSOMAL RECESSIVE, 48 (CIB2) negative

USHER SYNDROME, TYPE 2A (USH2A) negative USHER SYNDROME, TYPE 2C (ADGRV1) negative USHER SYNDROME, TYPE 3 (CLRN1) negative

VERY LONG-CHAIN ACYL-CoA DEHYDROGENASE DEFICIENCY (ACADVL) negative

VICI SYNDROME (EPG5) negative

VITAMIN D-DEPENDENT RICKETS, TYPE 1A (CYP27B1) negative VITAMIN D-RESISTANT RICKETS TYPE 2A (VDR) negative VLDLR-ASSOCIATED CEREBELLAR HYPOPLASIA (VLDLR) negative

WALKER-WARBURG SYNDROME, CRPPA-RELATED (CRPPA) negative WALKER-WARBURG SYNDROME, FKTN-RELATED (FKTN) negative WALKER-WARBURG SYNDROME, LARGE1-RELATED (LARGE1) negative WALKER-WARBURG SYNDROME, POMT1-RELATED (POMT1) negative WALKER-WARBURG SYNDROME, POMT2-RELATED (POMT2) negative

WARSAW BREAKAGE SYNDROME (DDX11) negative WERNER SYNDROME (WRN) negative WILSON DISEASE (ATP7B) negative

WOLCOTT-RALLISON SYNDROME (EIF2AK3) negative

WOLMAN DISEASE (LIPA) negative WOODHOUSE-SAKATI SYNDROME (DCAF17) negative

XERODERMA PIGMENTOSUM VARIANT TYPE (POLH) negative XERODERMA PIGMENTOSUM, GROUP A (XPA) negative XERODERMA PIGMENTOSUM, GROUP C (XPC) negative

ZELLWEGER SPECTRUM DISORDER, PEX13-RELATED (PEX13) negative ZELLWEGER SPECTRUM DISORDER, PEX16-RELATED (PEX16) negative ZELLWEGER SPECTRUM DISORDER, PEX5-RELATED (PEX5) negative ZELLWEGER SPECTRUM DISORDERS, PEX10-RELATED (PEX10) negative ZELLWEGER SPECTRUM DISORDERS, PEX12-RELATED (PEX12) negative ZELLWEGER SPECTRUM DISORDERS, PEX1-RELATED (PEX1) negative ZELLWEGER SPECTRUM DISORDERS, PEX26-RELATED (PEX26) negative ZELLWEGER SPECTRUM DISORDERS, PEX2-RELATED (PEX2) negative



Patient Name:

**Test Information**Ordering Physician:

horizon natera carrier screen

Clinic Information:

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 ${\bf Z}$  ZELLWEGER SPECTRUM DISORDERS, PEX6-RELATED (PEX6)  ${\bf negative}$ 

<b>Patient</b>	Information
D 11 1	N.I.

Patient Name:

Test Information
Ordering Physician:



Date Of Birth: Case File ID:

Report Date:

Clinic Information:

## **Testing Methodology, Limitations, and Comments:**

## **Next-generation sequencing (NGS)**

Sequencing library prepared from genomic DNA isolated from a patient sample is enriched for targets of interest using standard hybridization capture protocols and PCR amplification (for targets specified below). NGS is then performed to achieve the standards of quality control metrics, including a minimum coverage of 99% of targeted regions at 20X sequencing depth. Sequencing data is aligned to human reference sequence, followed by deduplication, metric collection and variant calling (coding region +/- 20bp). Variants are then classified according to ACMGG/AMP standards of interpretation using publicly available databases including but not limited to ENSEMBL, HGMD Pro, ClinGen, ClinVar, 1000G, ESP and gnomAD. Variants predicted to be pathogenic or likely pathogenic for the specified diseases are reported. It should be noted that the data interpretation is based on our current understanding of the genes and variants at the time of reporting. Putative positive sequencing variants that do not meet internal quality standards or are within highly homologous regions are confirmed by Sanger sequencing or gene-specific long-range PCR as needed prior to reporting.

Copy Number Variant (CNV) analysis is limited to deletions involving two or more exons for all genes on the panel, in addition to specific known recurrent single-exon deletions. CNVs of small size may have reduced detection rate. This method does not detect gene inversions, single-exonic and sub-exonic deletions (unless otherwise specified), and duplications of all sizes (unless otherwise specified). Additionally, this method does not define the exact breakpoints of detected CNV events. Confirmation testing for copy number variation is performed by specific PCR, Multiplex Ligation-dependent Probe Amplification (MLPA), next generation sequencing, or other methodology.

This test may not detect certain variants due to local sequence characteristics, high/low genomic complexity, homologous sequence, or allele dropout (PCR-based assays). Variants within noncoding regions (promoter, 5'UTR, 3'UTR, deep intronic regions, unless otherwise specified), small deletions or insertions larger than 25bp, low-level mosaic variants, structural variants such as inversions, and/or balanced translocations may not be detected with this technology.

#### SPECIAL NOTES

For ABCC6, variants in exons 1-9 are not detected due to the presence of regions of high homology.

For CFTR, when the CFTR R117H variant is detected, reflex analysis of the polythymidine variations (5T, 7T and 9T) at the intron 9 branch/acceptor site of the CFTR gene will be performed.

For CYP21A2, targets were enriched using long-range PCR amplification, followed by next generation sequencing. Duplication analysis will only be performed and reported when c.955C>T (p.Q319\*) is detected. Sequencing and CNV analysis may have reduced sensitivity, if variants result from complex rearrangements, in trans with a gene deletion, or CYP21A2 gene duplication on one chromosome and deletion on the other chromosome. This analysis cannot detect sequencing variants located on the CYP21A2 duplicated copy.

For DDX11, only NM\_030653.3:c.1763 - 1G > C variant will be analyzed and reported.

For HBA1/HBA2, CNV analysis is offered to detect common deletions of -alpha3.7, -alpha4.2, --MED, --SEA, --FIL, --THAI, --alpha20.5, and/or HS-40.

For OTOA, variants in exons 20 - 28 are not analyzed due to high sequence homology.

For RPGRIP1L, variants in exon 23 are not detected due to assay limitation.

For SAMD9, only p.K1495E variant will be analyzed and reported.

## Friedreich Ataxia (FXN)

The GAA repeat region of the FXN gene is assessed by trinucleotide PCR assay and capillary electrophoresis. Variances of +/-1 repeat for normal alleles and up to +/-3 repeats for premutation alleles may occur. For fully penetrant expanded alleles, the precise repeat size cannot be determined, therefore the approximate allele size is reported. Sequencing and copy number variants are analyzed by next-generation sequencing analysis.

### Friedreich Ataxia Repeat Categories

Categories	GAA Repeat Sizes
Normal	<34
Premutation	34 - 65
Full	>65



Patient Information Patient Name:		Information ering Physician:
	Clinic	c Information:
Date Of Birth:		
Case File ID:		



## Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMN1)

The total combined copy number of SMN1 and SMN2 exon 7 is quantified based on NGS read depth. The ratio of SMN1 to SMN2 is calculated based on the read depth of a single nucleotide that distinguishes these two genes in exon 7. In addition to copy number analysis, testing for the presence or absence of a single nucleotide polymorphism (g.27134T>G in intron 7 of SMN1) associated with the presence of a SMN1 duplication allele is performed using NGS.

Report Date:

Ethnicity	Two SMN1 copies carrier risk before g.27134T>G testing	Carrier risk after g.27134T	Carrier risk after g.27134T>G testing	
		g.27134T>G ABSENT	g.27134T>G PRESENT	
Caucasian	1 in 632	1 in 769	1 in 29	
Ashkenazi Jewish	1 in 350	1 in 580	LIKELY CARRIER	
Asian	1 in 628	1 in 702	LIKELY CARRIER	
African-American	1 in 121	1 in 396	1 in 34	
Hispanic	1 in 1061	1 in 1762	1 in 140	

### Variant Classification

Only pathogenic or likely pathogenic variants are reported. Other variants including benign variants, likely benign variants, variants of uncertain significance, or inconclusive variants identified during this analysis may be reported in certain circumstances. Our laboratory's variant classification criteria are based on the ACMG and internal guidelines and our current understanding of the specific genes. This interpretation may change over time as more information about a gene and/or variant becomes available. Natera and its lab partner(s) may reclassify variants at certain intervals but may not release updated reports without a specific request made to Natera by the ordering provider. Natera may disclose incidental findings if deemed clinically pertinent to the test performed.

## **Negative Results**

A negative carrier screening result reduces the risk for a patient to be a carrier of a specific disease but does not completely rule out carrier status. Please visit <a href="https://www.natera.com/panel-option/h-all/">https://www.natera.com/panel-option/h-all/</a> for a table of carrier rates, detection rates, residual risks and promised variants/exons per gene. Carrier rates before and after testing vary by ethnicity and assume a negative family history for each disease screened and the absence of clinical symptoms in the patient. Any patient with a family history for a specific genetic disease will have a higher carrier risk prior to testing and, if the disease-causing mutation in their family is not included on the test, their carrier risk would remain unchanged. Genetic counseling is recommended for patients with a family history of genetic disease so that risk figures based on actual family history can be determined and discussed along with potential implications for reproduction. Horizon carrier screening has been developed to identify the reproductive risks for monogenic inherited conditions. Even when one or both members of a couple screen negative for pathogenic variants in a specific gene, the disease risk for their offspring is not zero. There is still a low risk for the condition in their offspring due to a number of different mechanisms that are not detected by Horizon including, but not limited to, pathogenic variant(s) in the tested gene or in a different gene not included on Horizon, pathogenic variant(s) in an upstream regulator, uniparental disomy, de novo mutation(s), or digenic or polygenic inheritance.

### **Additional Comments**

These analyses generally provide highly accurate information regarding the patient's carrier status. Despite this high level of accuracy, it should be kept in mind that there are many potential sources of diagnostic error, including misidentification of samples, polymorphisms, or other rare genetic variants that interfere with analysis. Families should understand that rare diagnostic errors may occur for these reasons.



#### Chromosome Analysis, Blood

No Historical Data



Order ID:

Specimen Type: Blood

Clinical Indication: Gamete donor

RESULT:

NORMAL MALE KARYOTYPE

INTERPRETATION:

Chromosome analysis revealed normal G-band patterns within the limits of standard cytogenetic analysis.

Please expect the results of any other concurrent study in a separate report.

NOMENCLATURE:

46, XY

ASSAY INFORMATION:

Method: G-Band (Digital Analysis:

MetaSystems/Ikaros)

Cells Counted: 20 Band Level: 550 Cells Analyzed: Cells Karyotyped:

This test does not address genetic disorders that cannot be detected by standard cytogenetic methods or rare events such as low level mosaicism or subtle rearrangements.

Haiying Meng, M.D., Ph.D., FACMG, Technical Director, Cytogenetics and Genomics, 703-802-7156

Electronic Signature:

3/19/2024 12:14 PM

For additional information, please refer to http://education.questdiagnostics.com/faq/chromsblood (This link is being provided for informational/ educational purposes only).

## **Performing Sites**

AMD Quest Diagnostics Nichols Institute, 14225 Newbrook Drive, Chantilly, VA 20151 Laboratory Director: Patrick W Mason, MD PhD

#### Key

👜 Priority Out of Range 🛕 Out of Range (PEND) Pending Result (PRE) Preliminary Result (FINAL) Final Result (RE) Reissued Result

Note: Data displayed only for results that meet strict identification matching. Historical result view may vary based on corrected or updated patient demographics. The reference range displayed may vary due to potential changes in laboratory testing methods. Please refer to the published reference range on each lab report.

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NORMAL PATTERN R/O IRON DEFICIENCY ANEMIA

There is a normal pattern of hemoglobins and normal levels of Hb A2 and Hb F are present. No variant hemoglobins are observed. This is consistent with A/A phenotype. Rare variant hemoglobins have no separation from hemoglobin A by capillary zone electrophoresis (CZE) or high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC).

If clinically indicated, Thalassemia and Hemoglobinopathy Comprehensive (TC 17365) should be considered.