

Donor 2145

Genetic Testing Summary

Fairfax Cryobank recommends reviewing this genetic testing summary with your healthcare provider to determine suitability.

Last Updated: 04/03/23

Donor Reported Ancestry: French, Scottish, English

Jewish Ancestry: No

Genetic Test*	Result	Comments/Donor's Residual
		Risk**

Chromosome analysis (karyotype)	Normal male karyotype	No evidence of clinically significant chromosome abnormalities
Hemoglobin evaluation	Normal hemoglobin fractionation and MCV/MCH results	Reduced risk to be a carrier for sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, alpha thalassemia trait (aa/ and a-/a-) and other hemoglobinopathies
Cystic Fibrosis (CF) carrier screening	Negative by genotyping for 87 mutations in the CFTR gene	1/325
Alpha-1 Antitrypsin Deficiency carrier screening	Negative for S and Z mutations in the SERPINA1 gene	Reduced risk

*No single test can screen for all genetic disorders. A negative screening result significantly reduces, but cannot eliminate, the risk for these conditions in a pregnancy.

**Donor residual risk is the chance the donor is still a carrier after testing negative.





Cystic Fibr fis Mutation Analysis

Patient Name: Donor, 2145 Referring Physician:

Client #:

DOB: Not Given Sex: M SSN: Date Collected: 12/04/2000 Date Received: 04/30/2003 Lab ID: Hospital ID: Specimen Type: DNA Fairfax Cryobank Genetics and IVF Institute 3015 Williams Drive Suite 110 Fairfax VA 22031

Ethnicity: Caucasian

Indication: Carrier test / Gamete donor

RESULTS: Negative for the mutations analyzed

INTERPRETATION

This individual's risk to be a carrier is reduced from 1/25 (4%) to 1/325 (0.3%), based on these results, a negative family history and the absence of symptoms.

COMMENTS:

This analysis was performed on extracted DNA provided by Genetics and IVF Institute and identified as above.

Mutation Detection Rates among Ethnic Groups Detection rates are based on mutation frequencies in patients affected with cystic fibrosis. Among individuals with an atypical or mild presentation (e.g. congenital absence of the vas deferens, pancreatitis) detection rates may vary from those provided here.				
Ethnicity	Carrier risk reduction when no family history	CF87 Detection rate	References	
Caucasian	1/25 to 1/325	92.6%	Genet in Med 3:168, 2001 in conjunction with Genet in Med 4:90, 2002	
African American	1/65 to 1/338	81%	Genet in Med 3:168, 2001	
Hispanic	1/46 to 1/162	72%	Genet in Med 3:168, 2001	
Ashkenazi Jewish	1/26 to 1/834	97%	Am J Hum Genet 51:951, 1994	
Jewish, non-Ashkenazi		Varies by country of origin	Genet Testing 5:47, 2001, Genet Testing, 1:35, 1997	
Asian		Not Provided	Insufficient data	
Other or Mixed Ethnicity		Not Provided	Detection rate not determined and varies with ethnicity	

This interpretation is based on the clinical information provided and the current understanding of the molecular genetics of this condition. Although DNA-based testing is highly accurate, rare diagnostic errors may occur. Examples include misinterpretation because of genetic variants, blood transfusion, bone marrow transplantation, or erroneous representation of family relationships or contamination of a fetal sample with maternal cells.

METHOD

DNA is isolated from the sample and tested for the 87 CF mutations listed. Regions of the CFTR gene are amplified enzymatically and hybridized to specific CF mutation oligonucleotide probes. Results are characterized as positive or negative, and specimens with positive results are tested for specific mutation identity. The assay discriminates between Δ F508 and the following polymorphisms: F508C, I506V, I506M and I507V.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Genzyme Genetics. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. The FDA has determined that such clearance or approval is not necessary. This test is used for clinical purposes. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. The laboratory is regulated under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA) as qualified to perform high complexity clinical testing.

Under the direction of:

000 Lynne Rosenblum-Vos, Ph. D.

Date: 05/08/2003



Cystic fibrosis mutations analyzed

∆ F508	R1162X	1898+1G>A
∆ I507	R117C	1898+5G>T
∆ F311	R117H	1949del84
A455E	R1283M	2043delG
A559T	R334W	2143delT
C524X	R347H	2183delAA>G
D1152H	R347P	2184delA
D1270N	R352Q	2307insA
E60X	R553X	2789+5G>A
G178R	R560T	2869insG
G330X	S1196X	3120+1G>A
G480C	S1251N	3120G>A
G542X	S1255X	3659delC
G551D	S364P	3662delA
G85E	S549I	3791delC
G91R	S549N	3821delT
l148T	S549R	3849+10kbC>T
K710X	T338I	3849+4A>G
L206W	V520F	3876delA
M1101K	W1089X	3905insT
N1303K	W1282X	394delTT
P574H	Y1092X	405+1G>A
Q1238X	Y563D	405+3A>C
Q359K/T360K	1078delT	444delA
Q493X	1161delC	574delA
Q552X	1609delCA	621+1G>T
Q890X	1677deITA	711+1G>T
R1066C	1717-1G>A	711+5G>A
R1158X	1812-1G>A	712-1G>T

Status & IVF INS	GENETICS & 3022 Javier Road, Fairfax,	IVF INSTITUT Virginia 22031 (800) 654	'E 4-GENE	
	Joseph D. Schulma	n, M.D., Medical Director		
Name: ID No.: Specimen: Referred By:	Donor 2145 Peripheral blood	Family No.: Sample No.: Date Drawn: Received:	12/04/2000 12/04/2000	
Test:	α_1 -Antitrypsin S and Z mutations.			
PI*S Result: PI*Z Result:	Negative.		C	
Conclusion:	This individual is not a carrier of the S or Z	α_1 -antitrypsin mutations.	2	
Comment:	Deficiency in the protease inhibitor α_1 -antitrypsin can cause chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (emphysema). Deficiencies in this enzyme occur through a variety of different mutations in the α_1 -antitrypsin gene. Two, called <i>PI</i> * <i>Z</i> and <i>PI</i> * <i>S</i> , are particularly common. Individuals who inherit two <i>PI</i> * <i>Z</i> alleles have a high risk of developing emphysema. They also may experience transient hepatitis or permanent liver damage in childhood or later in life. Individuals who inherit one <i>PI</i> * <i>Z</i> and one <i>PI</i> * <i>S</i> allele also have a somewhat increased risk for emphysema and liver disease. Persons who have one α_1 -antitrypsin allele that is intact and one that has the <i>PI</i> * <i>Z</i> mutation may have some increased risk of emphysema, especially with smoking. Since about 1 person in 20 in the U.S. is a carrier of a <i>PI</i> * <i>S</i> or <i>PI</i> * <i>Z</i> allele, healthy adults may want screening to determine if they and their partner are at risk of having a child with two deficient alleles. If results are positive, genetic counseling is indicated. Note: This test examines the α_1 -antitrypsin gene at the specific positions associated with the common S and Z mutations. Mutations other than S and Z would not be detected. This method differs from PI Typing, in which the protein itself is examined and classified as S, Z, M (normal), or another variant.			
Date Dec	<u> (2000</u> Anne M Labora W. Chr Associa	<i>U.C. Shere</i> laddalena, PhD, ABMG tory Director istine Spence, PhD, ABMG the Director		

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This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Genetics & IVF Institute. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. FDA.

GENETICS & IVF INST	VF INSTITUTE ginia 22031 (800) 654-GENE
Joseph D. Schulman, N Patient: Donor 2145	A.D., Medical Director PB Lab. No.:
Hospital/Chart No: Fairfax	D.O.B./Age:
Physician Name:	Preliminary:
Source No.: 1.007	Final: 01-22-01
Date Received: 12-22-00 Collected: 12-22-00	
Specimen: Blood	Test: Chromosome Analysis
Band Resolution: 400 550	850
Number of Cells Counted: 20	C
Modal Chromosome Count: 46	473
Number of Cells Karyotyped: 2	
Karyotype: 46,XY	
Impression: Normal Male Karyotype	
Comment:	
	Clinical Cytogeneticists Wayne S. Stanley, Ph.D Lillian D. Killos, Ph.D. Julie Leana-Cox, Ph.D.
Most chromosome variants of no clinical significance, if present, are not rep	orted.

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Genetics & IVF Institute Cytogenetics Laboratory



Technologist: SK

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SPECIALTY LABO 2211 Michigan Avenue Santa Monica, CA 90404-3900	DRATORIES 310-828-6543 800-421-4449	SPECIALTY # CLIENT # PATIENT NAME: PHYSICIAN: NOTES: PATIENT ID: SPECIMEN ID:	DONOR, #2145
FAIRFAX CRYOBANK ATTN: STEVE POOL, PHD 3015 WILLIAMS DR STE 1	10	DOB: N/A SEX: Male	AGE: unknown
FAIRFAX	VA 22031	DRAWN: RECEIVED: PRINTED: FINAL REPORT:	12/04/00 12:00 12/05/00 15:30 12/16/00 01:03 12/16/00 01:03 FINAL
TEST NAME	RESULTS		REFERENCE RANGE
HEMOGLOBIN VARIANT SCRE Hemoglobin A Hemoglobin A2 Hemoglobin F	EN 96.7 2.9 < 1.0	२० २० २०	(93.5-98.3) (2.1-3.0) (< 1.0)
Hemoglobin C Hemoglobin D Hemoglobin G Hemoglobin S	Negative Negative Negative Negative		Negative Negative Negative Negative
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL			
Cholesterol, Total	158	mg/dL	(< 200)
REFERENCE RANGES Age Less than 2 2 - 18 years Adult	for Cholesterol, mg/dL R No range establish $\langle 170$ Des 170 - 199 Bor $\rangle 200$ Hig $\langle 200$ Des 200 - 239 Bor $\rangle 240$ Hig	Total: isk Level ed irable derline High h irable derline High h	As
REPORT COMPLETED Tests Requested: CUSTOM CRYOBANK PROFILM CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	PLEASE FILE E A, ALT (SGPT), AS	ST (SGOT), HEMOO	LOBIN VARIANT SCREEN,

G12304 Page 2

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James B. Peter, M.D., Ph.D

QUEST DIANOSTICS INCORPONTED 1 SULPHUR SPRING ROAD BALTIMORE, MD 21227 (410) 247-9100

9) 3013 WIDDIAMS DR STE 110 (N1,M) FAIRFAX VA 22031

> SPECIMEN COLLECTED: 12/04/2000 12:00 COMPLETED REPORT: 12/05/2000 13:43

12/04/2000 ? M		6
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DONOR#2145

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HEMATOLOGY :

			WBC	5.7	K/CMM(3.9-11.3)
RBC	5.05	M/CMM(4.4-5.9)	BANDS	0	7. (0-10)
HGB	15.5	GM/DL(14.0-18.0)	POLYS	60	7. (42-78)
HCT	43.7	% (38.0-50.0)	LYMPHS	28	7. (15-45)
MCV	86	FL (80-100)	MONOS	7	7. (0-12)
MCH	30.8	PG (26.0-33.0)	EOSIN	4	% (0-7)
MCHC	35.6	G/DL (31.0-36.0)	BASOS	1	% (0-2)
			ATYP LYMPH	0	7. (0-4)

COMMENT :

Platelets appear adequate.

PLATELET COUNT	231	K/CMM	(140-440)	
MPV	7.8	FL	(6.3-10.3)	
MONOCYTES, ABSOLUTE	399	/CMM	(0-1356)	
Reference range change effectiv	e 11/10/200	. 00		
	1594	CMM	(850-4100)	\cap
Reference range change effective	e 11/10/200	0.	(830-4100)	(
BASOPHILS, ABSOLUTE	57	/CMM	(0-226)	
Reference range change effective	e 11/10/200	Ο.		
SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS, ABSOLUTE	3420	/CMM	(1638-8814)	
Reference range change effective	11/10/200	D .	(1000 0011)	
Reference range change effective	11/10/2000	CMM).	(0-791)	
RDW	12.3 7		(11.5-14.5)	
IMMUNOHEMATOLOGY:				
BLOOD GROUP(A) KBW		