



Donor 5141

Genetic Testing Summary

Fairfax Cryobank recommends reviewing this genetic testing summary with your healthcare provider to determine suitability.

Last Updated: 08/14/18

Donor Reported Ancestry: English, Canadian

Jewish Ancestry: No

Genetic Test*	Result	Comments/Donor's Residual Risk**
Chromosome analysis (karyotype)	Normal male karyotype	No evidence of clinically significant chromosome abnormalities
Hemoglobin evaluation	Normal hemoglobin fractionation and MCV/MCH results	Reduced risk to be a carrier for sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, alpha thalassemia trait (aa/-- and a-/a-) and other hemoglobinopathies
Cystic Fibrosis (CF) carrier screening	Negative by genotyping of 149 mutations- in the CFTR gene	1/496
Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) carrier screening	Negative for deletions of exon 7 in the SMN1 gene	1/632
Standard testing attached- 22 diseases by genotyping	Negative for mutations tested	
Special testing		
Carpenter Syndrome	Negative by genotyping for 2 mutations in the RAB23 gene	unknown
Usher Syndrome Type 2 A	Negative by genotyping for 23 mutations in the USH2A gene	1/255

*No single test can screen for all genetic disorders. A negative screening result significantly reduces, but cannot eliminate, the risk for these conditions in a pregnancy.

**Donor residual risk is the chance the donor is still a carrier after testing negative.

Ordering Practice:

Practice Code: [REDACTED]
Fairfax Cryobank: [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
Physician: [REDACTED]
Report Generated: 2016-06-08

5141

DOB: [REDACTED]
Gender: Male
Ethnicity: European
Procedure ID: 55002
Kit Barcode: [REDACTED]
Specimen: Blood, #58037
Specimen Collection: 2016-05-27
Specimen Received: 2016-05-31
Specimen Analyzed: 2016-06-08

Partner Not Tested

TEST INFORMATION


Test: CarrierMap^{GEN} (Genotyping)
Panel: Fairfax Cryobank Panel V2
Diseases Tested: 22
Genes Tested: 22
Mutations Tested: 451

SUMMARY OF RESULTS: NO MUTATIONS IDENTIFIED

5141 was not identified to carry any of the mutation(s) tested.

No pathogenic mutations were identified in the genes tested, reducing but not eliminating the chance to be a carrier for the associated genetic diseases. CarrierMap assesses carrier status for genetic disease via molecular methods including targeted mutation analysis and/or next-generation sequencing; other methodologies such as CBC and hemoglobin electrophoresis for hemoglobinopathies and enzyme analysis for Tay-Sachs disease may further refine risks for these conditions. Results should be interpreted in the context of clinical findings, family history, and/or other testing. A list of all the diseases and mutations screened for is included at the end of the report. This test does not screen for every possible genetic disease.

For additional disease information, please visit recombine.com/diseases. To speak with a Genetic Counselor, call 855.OUR.GENES.

Assay performed by 
Reprogenetics

CLIA ID: 31D1054821
3 Regent Street, Livingston, NJ 07039
Lab Technician: Bo Chu

Recombine CLIA # 31D2100763
Reviewed by Pere Colls, PhD, HCLD, Lab Director

ADDITIONAL RESULTS: NO INCREASED REPRODUCTIVE RISK

The following results are not associated with an increased reproductive risk.

Disease (Gene)	5141	Partner Not Tested
Spinal Muscular Atrophy: SMN1 Linked (SMN1) *	SMN1 Copy Number: 2 or more copies Method: Genotyping & dPCR	

* SMA Risk Information for Individuals with No Family History of SMA

	Detection Rate	Pre-Test Carrier Risk	Post-Test Carrier Risk (2 SMN1 copies)	Post-Test Carrier Risk (3 SMN1 copies)
European	95%	1/35	1/632	1/3,500
Ashkenazi Jewish	90%	1/41	1/350	1/4,000
Asian	93%	1/53	1/628	1/5,000
African American	71%	1/66	1/121	1/3,000
Hispanic	91%	1/117	1/1,061	1/11,000

For other unspecified ethnicities, post-test carrier risk is assumed to be <1%. For individuals with multiple ethnicities, it is recommended to use the most conservative risk estimate.

Methods and Limitations

Genotyping: Genotyping is performed using the Illumina Infinium Custom HD Genotyping assay to identify mutations in the genes tested. The assay is not validated for homozygous mutations, and it is possible that individuals affected with disease may not be accurately genotyped.

Spinal Muscular Atrophy: Carrier status for SMA is assessed via copy number analysis by dPCR and via genotyping. Some individuals with a normal number of SMN1 copies (2 copies) may carry both copies of the gene on the same allele/chromosome; this analysis is not able to detect these individuals. Thus, a normal SMN1 result significantly reduces but does not eliminate the risk of being a carrier. Additionally, SMA may be caused by non-deletion mutations in the SMN1 gene; CarrierMap tests for some, but not all, of these mutations. Some SMA cases arise as the result of de novo mutation events which will not be detected by carrier testing.

Limitations: In some cases, genetic variations other than that which is being assayed may interfere with mutation detection, resulting in false-negative or false-positive results. Additional sources of error include, but are not limited to: sample contamination, sample mix-up, bone marrow transplantation, blood transfusions, and technical errors. The test does not test for all forms of genetic disease, birth defects, and intellectual disability. All results should be interpreted in the context of family history; additional evaluation may be indicated based on a history of these conditions. Additional testing may be necessary to determine mutation phase in individuals identified to carry more than one mutation in the same gene. All mutations included within the genes assayed may not be detected, and additional testing may be appropriate for some individuals.

This test was developed and its performance determined by Recombine, Inc., and it has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The FDA has determined that such clearance or approval is not necessary.

Diseases & Mutations Assayed

Alpha Thalassemia: Mutations (9): ♂ Genotyping | SEA deletion, c.207C>A (p.N69K), c.223G>C (p.D75G), c.2T>C (p.M1T), c.207C>G (p.N69K), c.340_351delCTCCCGCCGAG (p.L114_E117del), c.377T>C (p.L126P), c.427T>C (p.X143Qext32), c.*+94A>G

Beta Thalassemia: Mutations (82): ♂ Genotyping | c.124_127delTTCT (p.F42Lfs), c.17_18delCT, c.20delA (p.E7Gfs), c.217insA (p.S73Kfs), c.223+702_444+342del620insAAGTAGA, c.230delC, c.25_26delAA, c.315+1G>A, c.315+2T>C, c.316-197C>T, c.316-146T>G, c.315+745C>G, c.316-1G>A, c.316-1G>C, c.316-2A>G, c.316-3C>A, c.316-3C>G, c.4delG (p.V2Cfs), c.51delC (p.K18Rfs), c.93-21G>A, c.92+1G>A, c.92+5G>A, c.92+5G>C, c.92+5G>T, c.92+6T>C, c.93-1G>A, c.93-1G>T, c.-50A>C, c.-78a>g, c.-79a>g, c.-81a>g, c.52A>T (p.K18X), c.-137c>g, c.-138c>t, c.-151c>t, c.118C>T (p.Q40X), c.169G>C (p.G57R), c.295G>A (p.V99M), c.34G>A (p.V12I), c.415G>C (p.A139P), c.47G>A (p.W16X), c.48G>A (p.W16X), c.-80T>a, c.2T>C (p.M1T), c.75T>A (p.G25G), c.444+111A>G, c.-29g>a, c.68_74delAAGTTGG, c.92G>C (p.R31T), c.92+1G>T, c.93-15T>G, c.93-1G>C, c.112delT, c.113G>A (p.W38X), c.114G>A (p.W38X), c.126delC, c.444+113A>G, c.250delG, c.225delC, c.383_385delAGG (p.Q128_A129delQAinsP), c.321_322insG (p.N109fs), c.316-1G>T, c.316-2A>C, c.287_288insA (p.197fs), c.271G>T (p.E91X), c.203_204delTG (p.V68Afs), c.154delC (p.P52fs), c.135delC (p.F46fs), c.92+2T>A, c.92+2T>C, c.90C>T (p.G30G), c.84_85insC (p.L29fs), c.59A>G (p.N20S), c.46delT (p.W16Gfs), c.45_46insG (p.L16fs), c.36delT (p.T13fs), c.2T>G (p.M1R), c.1A>G (p.M1V), c.-137c>t, c.-136c>g, c.-142c>t, c.-140c>t

Bloom Syndrome: Mutations (25): ♂ Genotyping | c.2207_2212delATCTGAinsTAGATTC (p.Y736Lfs), c.2407insT, c.557_559delCAA (p.S186X), c.1284G>A (p.W428X), c.1701G>A (p.W567X), c.1933C>T (p.Q645X), c.2528C>T (p.T843I), c.2695C>T (p.R899X), c.3107G>T (p.C1036F), c.2923delC (p.Q975K), c.3558+1G>T, c.3875-2A>G, c.2074+2T>A, c.2343_2344dupGA (p.781EfsX), c.318_319insT (p.L107fs), c.380delC (p.127Tfs), c.3564delC (p.1188Dfs), c.4008delG (p.1336Rfs), c.947C>G (p.S316X), c.2193+1_2193+9del9, c.1642C>T (p.Q548X), c.3143delA (p.1048NfsX), c.356_357delTA (p.C120Hfs), c.4076+1delG, c.3281C>A (p.S1094X)

Canavan Disease: Mutations (8): ♂ Genotyping | c.433-2A>G, c.854A>C (p.E285A), c.693C>A (p.Y231X), c.914C>A (p.A305E), c.71A>G (p.E24G), c.654C>A (p.C218X), c.2T>C (p.M1T), c.79G>A (p.G27R)

Cystic Fibrosis: Mutations (149): ♂ Genotyping | c.1029delC, 1153_1154insAT, c.1477delCA, c.1519_1521delATC (p.507del), c.1521_1523delCTT (p.508delF), c.1545_1546delTA (p.Y515Xfs), c.1585-1G>A, c.164+12T>C, c.1680-886A>G, c.1680-1G>A, c.1766+1G>A, c.1766+1G>T, c.1766+5G>T, c.1818del84, c.1911delG, c.1923delCTCAAAATinsA, c.1973delGAAATCAATCTinsAGAAA, c.2052delA (p.K684fs), c.2052insA (p.Q685fs), c.2051_2052delAAinsG (p.K684SfsX38), c.2174insA, c.261delIT, c.2657+5G>A, c.273+1G>A, c.273+3A>C, c.274-1G>A, c.2988+1G>A, c.3039delC, c.3140-26A>G, c.325delTATinsG, c.3527delC, c.3535delACCA, c.3691delT, c.3717+12191C>T, c.3744delA, c.3773_3774insT (p.L1258fs), c.442delA, c.489+1G>T, c.531delT, c.579+1G>T, c.579+5G>A (IVS4+5G>A), c.803delA (p.N268fs), c.805_806delAT (p.I269fs), c.933_935delCTT (p.311delF), c.946delT, c.1645A>C (p.S549R), c.2128A>T (p.K710X), c.1000C>T (p.R334W), c.1013C>T (p.T338I), c.1364C>A (p.A455E), c.1477C>T (p.Q493X), c.1572C>A (p.C524X), c.1654C>T (p.Q552X), c.1657C>T (p.R553X), c.1721C>A (p.P574H), c.2125C>T (p.R709X), c.223C>T (p.R75X), c.2668C>T (p.Q890X), c.3196C>T (p.R1066C), c.3276C>G (p.Y1092X), c.3472C>T (p.R1158X), c.3484C>T (p.R1162X), c.349C>T (p.R117C), c.3587C>G (p.S1196X), c.3712C>T (p.Q1238X), c.3764C>A (p.S1255X), c.3909C>G (p.N1303K), c.1040G>A (p.R347H), c.1040G>C (p.R347P), c.1438G>T (p.G480C), c.1558G>T (p.V520F), c.1624G>T (p.G542X), c.1646G>A (p.S549N), c.1646G>T (p.S549I), c.1652G>A (p.G551D), c.1675G>A (p.A559T), c.1679G>C (p.R560T), c.178G>T (p.E60X), c.1865G>A (p.G622D), c.254G>A (p.G85E), c.271G>A (p.G91R), c.274G>T (p.E92X), c.3209G>A (p.R1070Q), c.3266G>A (p.W1089X), c.3454G>C (p.D1152H), c.350G>A (p.R117H), c.3611G>A (p.W1204X), c.3752G>A (p.S1251N), c.3846G>A (p.W1282X), c.3848G>T (p.R1283M), c.532G>A (p.G178R), c.988G>T (p.G330X), c.1090T>C (p.S364P), c.3302T>A (p.M1101K), c.617T>G (p.L206W), c.14C>T (p.P51), c.19G>T (p.E7X), c.171G>A (p.W57X), c.313delA (p.I105fs), c.328G>C (p.D110H), c.580-1G>T, c.1055G>A (p.R352Q), c.1075C>A (p.Q359K), c.1079C>A (p.T360K), c.1647T>G (p.S549R), c.1976delA (p.N659fs), c.2290C>T (p.R764X), c.2737_2738insG (p.Y913X), c.3067_3072delATAGTG (p.I1023_V1024delIT), c.3536_3539delCCAA (p.T1179fs), c.3659delC (p.T1220fs), c.54-5940_273+10250del21080bp (p.S18fs), c.4056G>C (p.Q1352H), c.4364C>G (p.S1455X), c.4003C>T (p.L1335F), c.2538G>A (p.W846X), c.200C>T (p.P67L), c.4426C>T (p.Q1476X), c.1116+1G>A, c.1986_1989delAACT (p.T663R), c.2089_2090insA (p.R697Kfs), c.2215delG (p.V739Y), c.263T>G (p.L196X), c.3022delG (p.V1008S), c.3908dupA (p.N1303Kfs), c.658C>T (p.Q220X), c.868C>T (p.Q290X), c.1526delG (p.G509fs), c.2908+1085-3367+260del7201, c.11C>A (p.S4X), c.3700A>G (p.I1234V), c.416A>T (p.H139L), c.366T>A (p.Y122X), c.3767_3768insC (p.A1256fs), c.613C>T (p.P205S), c.293A>G (p.Q98R), c.3731G>A (p.G1244E), c.535C>A (p.Q179K), c.3368-2A>G, c.455T>G (p.M152R), c.1610_1611delAC (p.D537fs), c.3254A>G (p.H1085R), c.496A>G (p.K166E), c.1408_1417delGTGATTATGG (p.V470fs), c.1585-8G>A, c.2909G>A (p.G970D), c.653T>A (p.L218X), c.1175T>G (p.V392G), c.3139_3139+1delGG

Familial Dysautonomia: Mutations (4): ♂ Genotyping | c.2204+6T>C, c.2741C>T (p.P914L), c.2087G>C (p.R696P), c.2128C>T (p.Q710X)

Familial Hyperinsulinism: Type 1: ABCC8 Related: Mutations (10): ♂ Genotyping | c.3989-9G>A, c.4159_4161delITC (p.1387delF), c.4258C>T (p.R1420C), c.4477C>T (p.R1493W), c.2147G>T (p.G716V), c.4055G>C (p.R1352P), c.560T>A (p.V187D), c.4516G>A (p.E1506K), c.2506C>T (p.Q836X), c.579+2T>A

Fanconi Anemia: Type C: Mutations (8): ♂ Genotyping | c.456+4A>T, c.67delG, c.37C>T (p.Q13X), c.553C>T (p.R185X), c.1661T>C (p.L554P), c.1642C>T (p.R548X), c.66G>A (p.W22X), c.65G>A (p.W22X)

Gaucher Disease: Mutations (6): ♂ Genotyping | c.84_85insG, c.1226A>G (p.N409S), c.1343A>T (p.D448V), c.1504C>T (p.R502C), c.1297G>T (p.V433L), c.1604G>A (p.R535H)

Glycogen Storage Disease: Type IA: Mutations (13): ♂ Genotyping | c.376_377insTA, c.79delC, c.979_981delTTC (p.327delF), c.1039C>T (p.Q347X), c.247C>T (p.R83C), c.724C>T (p.Q242X), c.248G>A (p.R83H), c.562G>C (p.G188R), c.648G>T, c.809G>T (p.G270V), c.113A>T (p.D38V), c.975delG (p.L326fs), c.724delC

Joubert Syndrome: Mutations (2): ♂ Genotyping | c.218G>T (p.R73L), c.218G>A (p.R73H)

Maple Syrup Urine Disease: Type 1B: Mutations (6): ♂ Genotyping | c.1114G>T (p.E372X), c.548G>C (p.R183P), c.832G>A (p.G278S), c.970C>T (p.R324X), c.487G>T (p.E163X), c.853C>T (p.R285X)

Maple Syrup Urine Disease: Type 3: Mutations (8): ♂ Genotyping | c.104_105insA, c.685G>T (p.G229C), c.214A>G (p.K72E), c.1081A>G (p.M361V), c.1123G>A (p.E375K), c.1178T>C (p.I393T), c.1463C>T (p.P488L), c.1483A>G (p.R495G)

Mucopolidosis: Type IV: Mutations (5): ♂ Genotyping | c.-1015_788del6433, c.406-2A>G, c.1084G>T (p.D362Y), c.304C>T (p.R102X), c.244delC (p.L82fsX)

Nemaline Myopathy: NEB Related: Mutations (1): ♂ Genotyping | c.7434_7536del2502bp

Niemann-Pick Disease: Type A: Mutations (6): ♂ Genotyping | c.996delC, c.1493G>T (p.R498L), c.911T>C (p.L304P), c.1267C>T (p.H423Y), c.1734G>C (p.K578N), c.1493G>A (p.R498H)

Sickle-Cell Anemia: Mutations (1): ♂ Genotyping | c.20A>T (p.E7V)

Spinal Muscular Atrophy: SMN1 Linked: Mutations (19): ♂ Genotyping | DELEXON 7, c.22_23insA, c.43C>T (p.Q15X), c.91_92insT, c.305G>A (p.W102X), c.400G>A (p.E134K), c.439_443delGAAGT, c.558delA, c.585_586insT, c.683T>A (p.L228X), c.734C>T (p.P245L), c.768_778dupTGCTGATGCTT, c.815A>G (p.Y272C), c.821C>T (p.T274I), c.823G>A (p.G275S), c.834+2T>G, c.835-18_835-12delCCTTTAT, c.835G>T, c.836G>T dPCR | DELEXON 7

Tay-Sachs Disease: Mutations (76): ♂ Genotyping | c.1073+1G>A, c.1277_1278insTATC, c.1421+1G>C, c.805+1G>A, c.532C>T (p.R178C), c.533G>A (p.R178H), c.805G>A (p.G269S), c.1510C>T (p.R504C), c.1496G>A (p.R499H), c.509G>A (p.R170Q), c.1003A>T (p.I335F), c.910_912delITC (p.305delF), c.749G>A (p.G250D), c.632T>C (p.F211S), c.629C>T (p.S210F), c.613delC, c.611A>G (p.H204R), c.598G>A (p.V200M), c.590A>C (p.K197T), c.571-1G>T, c.540C>G (p.Y180X), c.538T>C (p.Y180H), c.533G>T (p.R178L), c.508C>T (p.R170W), c.409C>T (p.R137X), c.380T>G (p.L127R), c.346+1G>C, c.116T>G (p.L39R), c.78G>A (p.W26X), c.1A>G (p.M1V), c.1495C>T (p.R499C), c.459+5G>A (IVS4+5G>A), c.1422-2A>G, c.535C>T (p.H179Y), c.1141delG (p.V381fs), c.796T>G (p.W266G), c.155C>A (p.S52X), c.426delIT (p.F142fs), c.413-2A>G, c.570+3A>G, c.536A>G (p.H179R), c.1146+1G>A, c.736G>A (p.A246T), c.1302C>G (p.F434L), c.778C>T (p.P260S), c.1008G>T (p.Q336H), c.1385A>T (p.E462V), c.964G>A (p.D322N), c.340G>A (p.E114K), c.1432G>A (p.G478R), c.1178G>C (p.R393P), c.805+1G>C, c.1426A>T (p.R476X), c.623A>T (p.D208V), c.1537C>T (p.Q513X), c.1511G>T (p.S104L), c.1307_1308delTA (p.L436fs), c.571-8A>G, c.624_627delITCCT (p.D208fs), c.1211_1212delTG (p.L404fs), c.621T>G (p.D207E), c.1511G>A (p.R504H), c.1177C>T (p.R393X), c.2T>C (p.M1T), c.1292G>A (p.W431X), c.947_948insA (p.Y316fs), c.607T>G (p.W203G), c.1061_1063delTCT (p.F354_Y355delinsX), c.615delG (p.L205fs), c.805+2T>C, c.1123delG (p.E375fs), c.1121A>G (p.Q374R), c.1043_1046delTCAA (p.F348fs), c.1510delC (p.R504fs), c.1451T>C (p.L484P), c.964G>T (p.D322Y)

Usher Syndrome: Type 1F: Mutations (7): ♂ Genotyping | c.733C>T (p.R245X), c.2067C>A (p.Y684X), c.7C>T (p.R3X), c.1942C>T (p.R648X), c.1101delT (p.A367fsX), c.2800C>T (p.R934X), c.4272delA (p.L1425fs)

Usher Syndrome: Type 3: Mutations (5): ♂ Genotyping | c.144T>G (p.N48K), c.131T>A (p.M120K), c.300T>G (p.Y176X), c.634C>T (p.Q212X), c.221T>C (p.L74P)

Walker-Warburg Syndrome: Mutations (1): ♂ Genotyping | c.1167insA (p.F390fs)

Residual Risk Information

Detection rates are calculated from the primary literature and may not be available for all ethnic populations. The values listed below are for genotyping. Sequencing provides higher detection rates and lower residual risks for each disease. More precise values for sequencing may become available in the future.

Disease	Carrier Rate	Detection Rate	Residual Risk
Alpha Thalassemia	♂ General: 1/48	50.67%	1/97
Beta Thalassemia	♂ African American: 1/75	84.21%	1/475
	♂ Indian: 1/24	74.12%	1/93
	♂ Sardinians: 1/23	97.14%	1/804
	♂ Spaniard: 1/51	93.10%	1/739
Bloom Syndrome	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/134	96.67%	1/4,020
	♂ European: Unknown	66.22%	Unknown
	♂ Japanese: Unknown	50.00%	Unknown
Canavan Disease	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/55	98.86%	1/4,840
	♂ European: Unknown	53.23%	Unknown
Cystic Fibrosis	♂ African American: 1/62	69.99%	1/207
	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/23	96.81%	1/721
	♂ Asian: 1/94	66.40%	1/280
	♂ European: 1/25	94.96%	1/496
	♂ Hispanic American: 1/48	77.32%	1/212
	♂ Native American: 1/53	84.34%	1/338
Familial Dysautonomia	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/31	>99%	<1/3,100
Familial Hyperinsulinism: Type 1: ABCC8 Related	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/52	98.75%	1/4,160
	♂ Finnish: 1/101	45.16%	1/184
Fanconi Anemia: Type C	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/101	>99%	<1/10,100
	♂ General: Unknown	30.00%	Unknown
Gaucher Disease	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/15	87.16%	1/117
	♂ General: 1/112	31.60%	1/164
	♂ Spaniard: Unknown	44.29%	Unknown
	♂ Turkish: 1/236	59.38%	1/581
Glycogen Storage Disease: Type IA	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/71	>99%	<1/7,100
	♂ Chinese: 1/159	80.00%	1/795
	♂ European: 1/177	76.88%	1/765
	♂ Hispanic American: 1/177	27.78%	1/245
	♂ Japanese: 1/177	89.22%	1/1,641
Joubert Syndrome	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/92	>99%	<1/9,200
Maple Syrup Urine Disease: Type 1B	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/97	>99%	<1/9,700
Maple Syrup Urine Disease: Type 3	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/94	>99%	<1/9,400
	♂ General: Unknown	68.75%	Unknown
Mucopolipidosis: Type IV	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/97	96.15%	1/2,522
Nemaline Myopathy: NEB Related	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/108	>99%	<1/10,800

Disease	Carrier Rate	Detection Rate	Residual Risk
Niemann-Pick Disease: Type A	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/101	95.00%	1/2,020
Sickle-Cell Anemia	♂ African American: 1/10	>99%	<1/1,000
	♂ Hispanic American: 1/95	>99%	<1/9,500
Tay-Sachs Disease	♂ Argentinian: 1/280	82.35%	1/1,587
	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/29	99.53%	1/6,177
	♂ Cajun: 1/30	>99%	<1/3,000
	♂ European: 1/280	25.35%	1/375
	♂ General: 1/280	32.09%	1/412
	♂ Indian: Unknown	85.71%	Unknown
	♂ Iraqi Jewish: 1/140	56.25%	1/320
	♂ Japanese: 1/127	82.81%	1/739
	♂ Moroccan Jewish: 1/110	22.22%	1/141
	♂ Portuguese: 1/280	92.31%	1/3,640
	♂ Spaniard: 1/280	67.65%	1/865
	♂ United Kingdom: 1/161	71.43%	1/564
Usher Syndrome: Type 1F	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/126	93.75%	1/2,016
Usher Syndrome: Type 3	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/120	>99%	<1/12,000
	♂ Finnish: 1/134	>99%	<1/13,400
Walker-Warburg Syndrome	♂ Ashkenazi Jewish: 1/150	>99%	<1/15,000

Ordering Practice:

Practice Code: [REDACTED]

Fairfax Cryobank

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Physician: [REDACTED]

Report Generated: 2017-02-17

Donor 5141

DOB: [REDACTED]

Gender: Male

Ethnicity: European

Procedure ID: 83224

Kit Barcode: [REDACTED]

Specimen: Sperm, #84192

Specimen Collection: 2017-02-10

Specimen Received: 2017-02-13

Specimen Analyzed: 2017-02-17

Partner Not Tested

TEST INFORMATIONTest: CarrierMap^{GEN} (Genotyping)

Panel: Custom Panel

Diseases Tested: 2

Genes Tested: 2


Mutations Tested: 25

SUMMARY OF RESULTS: NO MUTATIONS IDENTIFIED

Donor 5141 was not identified to carry any of the mutation(s) tested.

No pathogenic mutations were identified in the genes tested, reducing but not eliminating the chance to be a carrier for the associated genetic diseases. CarrierMap assesses carrier status for genetic disease via molecular methods including targeted mutation analysis and/or next-generation sequencing; other methodologies such as CBC and hemoglobin electrophoresis for hemoglobinopathies and enzyme analysis for Tay-Sachs disease may further refine risks for these conditions. Results should be interpreted in the context of clinical findings, family history, and/or other testing. A list of all the diseases and mutations screened for is included at the end of the report. This test does not screen for every possible genetic disease.

For additional disease information, please visit recombine.com/diseases. To speak with a Genetic Counselor, call 855.OUR.GENES.

Assay performed by 
Reprogenetics

CLIA ID: 31D1054821

3 Regent Street, Livingston, NJ 07039

Lab Technician: Bo Chu

Recombine CLIA # 31D2100763

Reviewed by Pere Colls, PhD, HCLD, Lab Director

Methods and Limitations

Genotyping: Genotyping is performed using the Illumina Infinium Custom HD Genotyping assay to identify mutations in the genes tested. The assay is not validated for homozygous mutations, and it is possible that individuals affected with disease may not be accurately genotyped.

Limitations: In some cases, genetic variations other than that which is being assayed may interfere with mutation detection, resulting in false-negative or false-positive results. Additional sources of error include, but are not limited to: sample contamination, sample mix-up, bone marrow transplantation, blood transfusions, and technical errors. The test does not test for all forms of genetic disease, birth defects, and intellectual disability. All results should be interpreted in the context of family history; additional evaluation may be indicated based on a history of these conditions. Additional testing may be necessary to determine mutation phase in individuals identified to carry more than one mutation in the same gene. All mutations included within the genes assayed may not be detected, and additional testing may be appropriate for some individuals.

This test was developed and its performance determined by Recombine, Inc., and it has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The FDA has determined that such clearance or approval is not necessary.

Diseases & Mutations Assayed

Carpenter Syndrome (RAB23): Mutations (2): ♂ Genotyping | c.434T>A (p.L145X), c.408_409insT (p.136fsX)

Usher Syndrome: Type 2A (USH2A): Mutations (23): ♂ Genotyping | c.14020A>G (p.R4674G), c.12067-2A>G, c.4338_4339delCT (p.C1447fs), c.2299delG (p.E767SfsX21), c.2209C>T (p.R737X), c.1256G>T (p.C419F), c.1000C>T (p.R334W), c.923_924insGCCA (p.H308fs), c.240_241insGATC (p.T81fs), c.12708T>A (p.C4236X), c.13576C>T (p.R4526X), c.1840+1G>A, c.11328T>G (p.Y3776X), c.5329C>T (p.R1777W), c.9165_9168delCTAT (p.I3055MfsX2), c.9469C>T (p.Q3157X), c.1876C>T (p.R626X), c.7123delG (p.G2375fs), c.9492_9498delTGATGAG (p.D3165fs), c.6235A>T (p.K2079X), c.14403C>G (p.Y4801X), c.3788G>A (p.W1263X), c.11328T>A (p.Y3776X)

Residual Risk Information

Detection rates are calculated from the primary literature and may not be available for all ethnic populations. The values listed below are for genotyping. Sequencing provides higher detection rates and lower residual risks for each disease. More precise values for sequencing may become available in the future.

Disease	Carrier Rate	Detection Rate	Residual Risk
Carpenter Syndrome	♂ Brazilian: Unknown	40.00%	Unknown
	♂ Northern European: Unknown	85.00%	Unknown
Usher Syndrome: Type 2A	♂ Chinese: Unknown	83.33%	Unknown
	♂ European: 1/136	46.67%	1/255
	♂ French Canadian: Unknown	66.67%	Unknown
	♂ General: 1/136	46.92%	1/256
	♂ Japanese: Unknown	55.56%	Unknown
	♂ Non-Ashkenazi Jewish: Unknown	94.44%	Unknown
	♂ Scandinavian: 1/125	39.22%	1/206
	♂ Spaniard: 1/133	39.02%	1/218