

Donor 5537

Genetic Testing Summary

Fairfax Cryobank recommends reviewing this genetic testing summary with your healthcare provider to determine suitability.

Last Updated: 04/03/19

Donor Reported Ancestry: Russian, Czech, Filipino, Chinese Jewish Ancestry: No

Genetic Test*	Result	Comments/Donor's Residual Risk**
---------------	--------	----------------------------------

Chromosome analysis (karyotype)	Normal male karyotype	No evidence of clinically significant chromosome abnormalities
Hemoglobin evaluation	Normal hemoglobin fractionation and MCV/MCH results	Reduced risk to be a carrier for sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, alpha thalassemia trait (aa/ and a-/a-) and other hemoglobinopathies
Cystic Fibrosis (CF) carrier screening	Negative by gene sequencing in the CFTR gene	1/440
Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) carrier screening	Negative for deletions of exon 7 in the SMN1 gene	1/637
Expanded Genetic Disease Carrier Screening Panel attached- 283 diseases by gene sequencing	Carrier: Non-Syndromic Hearing Loss (GJB2-Related) Negative for other genes sequenced.	Partner testing is recommended before using this donor.

^{*}No single test can screen for all genetic disorders. A negative screening result significantly reduces, but cannot eliminate, the risk for these conditions in a pregnancy.

^{**}Donor residual risk is the chance the donor is still a carrier after testing negative.





Patient Name: Donor 5537
Date of Birth:
Reference #: P0666080
Indication: Carrier Testing
Test Type: Expanded Carrier Screen (283)
Minus TSE

Referring Doctor

Specimen Type: Blood
Lab #:
Date Collected: 7/30/2018
Date Received: 7/31/2018
Final Report: 8/14/2018

Referring Doctor

Specimen Type: Blood
Lab #:
Date Collected: 7/30/2018
Final Report: 8/14/2018

RESULT SUMMARY

THIS PATIENT WAS TESTED FOR 283 DISEASES.

Please see Table 1 for list of diseases tested.

POSITIVE for non-syndromic hearing loss (GJB2-related)

A heterozygous (one copy) pathogenic variant, c.109G>A, p.V37I, was detected in the GJB2 gene

NEGATIVE for the remaining diseases

Recommendations

Testing the partner for the above positive disorder(s) and genetic counseling are recommended.

Please note that for female carriers of X-linked diseases, follow-up testing of a male partner is not indicated. In addition, CGG repeat analysis of *FMR1* for fragile X syndrome is not performed on males as repeat expansion of premutation alleles is not expected in the male germline.

Individuals of Asian, African, Hispanic and Mediterranean ancestry should also be screened for hemoglobinopathies by CBC and hemoglobin electrophoresis.

Consideration of residual risk by ethnicity after a negative carrier screen is recommended for the other diseases on the panel, especially in the case of a positive family history for a specific disorder.

Interpretation for non-syndromic hearing loss (GJB2-related)

A heterozygous (one copy) pathogenic missense variant, c.109G>A, p.V37I, was detected in the *GJB2* gene (NM_004004.5). Please note that this variant has been reported to have a variable penetrance, and some individuals with a pathogenic variant on the opposite allele may not have hearing loss. When this variant is present in trans with a pathogenic variant, it is considered to be causative for non-syndromic hearing loss (*GJB2*-related). Therefore, this individual is expected to be at least a carrier for non-syndromic hearing loss (*GJB2*-related). Heterozygous carriers are not expected to exhibit symptoms of this disease.



DOB:

Lab #:

What is non-syndromic hearing loss (GJB2-related)?

Non-syndromic hearing loss (*GJB2*-related) is an autosomal recessive disorder that is caused by pathogenic variants in the gene *GJB2*. It is found in individuals of many different ethnicities, but it more prevalent in individuals of Ashkenazi Jewish descent, as well as Caucasians and Asians. Patients with this form of hearing loss do not experience any other disease manifestations. Hearing loss is usually present from birth and does not progress in severity over time. The level of hearing loss can vary between patients from mild to profound. Patients with two inactivating variants are more likely to have profound hearing loss, whereas patients with two non-inactivating variants are more likely to have mild hearing loss. However, the variability that exists between patients means that it may not be possible to predict the severity of an individual's hearing loss based on their genotype. Life expectancy is not reduced.

This patient was tested for a panel of diseases using a combination of sequencing, targeted genotyping and copy number analysis. Please note that negative results reduce but do not eliminate the possibility that this individual is a carrier for one or more of the disorders tested. Please see Table 1 for a list of genes and diseases tested, and http://go.sema4.com/residualrisk for specific detection rates and residual risk by ethnicity. With individuals of mixed ethnicity, it is recommended to use the highest residual risk estimate. Only variants determined to be pathogenic or likely pathogenic are reported in this carrier screening test.

TEST SPECIFIC RESULTS

Alpha-thalassemia

NEGATIVE for alpha-thalassemia

HBA1 copy number: 2 HBA2 copy number: 2

No pathogenic copy number variants detected

HBA1 and HBA2 sequence analysis: No pathogenic or likely pathogenic variants identified

Reduced risk of being an alpha-thalassemia carrier (aa/aa)

Genes analyzed: *HBA1* (NM_000558.4) and *HBA2* (NM_000517.4)

Inheritance: Autosomal Recessive

Recommendations

Individuals of Asian, African, Hispanic and Mediterranean ancestry should also be screened for hemoglobinopathies by CBC and hemoglobin electrophoresis.



DOB:

Lab #:

Interpretation

No pathogenic or likely pathogenic copy number variants or sequence variants were detected in this patient, suggesting that four copies of the alpha-globin gene are present (aa/aa). Typically, individuals have four functional alpha-globin genes: 2 copies of HBA1 and 2 copies of HBA2, whose expression is regulated by a cisacting regulatory element HS-40. Alpha-thalassemia carriers have three (silent carrier) or two (carrier of the alpha-thalassemia trait) functional alpha-globin genes with or without a mild phenotype. Individuals with only one functional alpha-globin gene have HbH disease with microcytic, hypochromic hemolytic anemia and hepatosplenomegaly. Loss of all four alpha-globin genes results in Hb Barts syndrome with the accumulation of Hb Barts in red blood cells and hydrops fetalis, which is fatal in utero or shortly after birth.

This individual was negative for all HBA deletions, duplications and variants that were tested. These negative results reduce but do not eliminate the possibility that this individual is a carrier. See Table of Residual Risks Based on Ethnicity. With individuals of mixed ethnicity, it is recommended to use the highest residual risk estimate.

Table of Residual Risks Based on Ethnicity

Ethnicity	Carrier Frequency	Detection Rate	Residual Risk
Caucasian	1 in 500	95%	1 in 10,000
African American	1 in 30	95%	1 in 580
Asian	1 in 20	95%	1 in 380
Worldwide	1 in 25	95%	1 in 480

Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia (21-Hydroxylase Deficiency)

NEGATIVE for congenital adrenal hyperplasia (due to 21-hydroxylase deficiency)

CYP21A2 copy number: 2

No pathogenic copy number variants detected

No pathogenic sequence variants detected in CYP21A2

Reduced risk of being a congenital adrenal hyperplasia carrier

Genes analyzed: CYP21A2 (NM_000500.6)

Inheritance: Autosomal Recessive

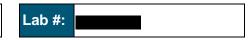
Recommendations

Consideration of residual risk by ethnicity (see below) after a negative carrier screen is recommended, especially in the case of a positive family history of congenital adrenal hyperplasia.



Patient:	Donor 5537





Interpretation

This individual was negative for all pathogenic *CYP21A2* copy number variants that were tested, and no pathogenic or likely pathogenic variants were identified by sequence analysis. These negative results reduce but do not eliminate the possibility that this individual is a carrier. See *Table of Residual Risks Based on Ethnicity*. With individuals of mixed ethnicity, it is recommended to use the highest residual risk estimate.

Table of Residual Risk Based On Ethnicity - Classic Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia Due to 21-Hydroxylase Deficiency

Ethnicity	Carrier Frequency	Detection Rate	Residual Risk
Ashkenazi Jewish	1 in 40	>95%	1 in 780
Caucasian	1 in 67	>95%	1 in 1300
Worldwide	1 in 60	>95%	1 in 1200

Table of Residual Risk Based On Ethnicity - Non-Classic Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia Due to 21-Hydroxylase Deficiency

Ethnicity	Carrier Frequency	Detection Rate	Residual Risk
Ashkenazi Jewish	1 in 7	>95%	1 in 120
Caucasian	1 in 11	>95%	1 in 200
Worldwide	1 in 16	>95%	1 in 300

Fragile X syndrome

Fragile X CGG triplet repeat expansion testing was not performed at this time, as the patient has either been previously tested or is a male. Sequencing of the *FMR1* gene by next generation sequencing did not identify any clinically significant variants.

Spinal Muscular Atrophy

NEGATIVE for spinal muscular atrophy

SMN1 Copy Number: 2 SMN2 Copy Number: 2 c.*3+80T>G: Negative

Negative copy number result

Decreased risk of being an SMN1 silent (2+0) carrier (see SMA Table)



DOB:

Lab #:

Genes analyzed: *SMN1* (NM_000344.3) and *SMN2* (NM_017411.3)

Inheritance: Autosomal Recessive

Recommendations

Consideration of residual risk by ethnicity after a negative carrier screen is recommended, especially in the case of a positive family history for spinal muscular atrophy.

Interpretation

This patient is negative for loss of *SMN1* copy number. Complete loss of *SMN1* is causative in spinal muscular atrophy (SMA). Two copies of *SMN1* were detected in this individual, which significantly reduces the risk of being an SMA carrier. Parallel testing to assess the presence of an *SMN1* duplication allele was also performed to detect a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP), c.*3+80T>G, in intron 7 of the *SMN1* gene. This individual was found to be negative for this change and is therefore, at a decreased risk of being a silent (2+0) carrier, see *SMA Table* for residual risk estimates based on ethnicity.

SMA Table: Carrier detection and residual risk estimates before and after testing for c.*3+80T>G

Ethnicity	Carrier Frequency	Detection rate	Residual risk after negative result*	Detection rate with <i>SMN1</i> c.*3+80T>G	Residual risk c.*3+80T>G negative	Residual risk c.*3+80T>G positive
African American	1 in 85	71%	1 in 160	91%	1 in 455	1 in 49
Ashkenazi Jewish	1 in 76	90%	1 in 672	93%	1 in 978	1 in 10
East Asian	1 in 53	94%	1 in 864	95%	1 in 901	1 in 12
Caucasian	1 in 48	95%	1 in 803	95%	1 in 894	1 in 23
Latino	1 in 63	91%	1 in 609	94%	1 in 930	1 in 47
South Asian	1 in 103	87%	1 in 637	87%	1 in 637	1 in 608
Sephardic Jewish	1 in 34	96%	1 in 696	97%	1 in 884	1 in 12

^{*}Residual risk with two copies *SMN1* detected using dosage sensitive methods. The presence of three or more copies of *SMN1* reduces the risk of being an *SMN1* carrier between 5 - 10 fold, depending on ethnicity. FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH MIXED ETHNICITY, USE HIGHEST RESIDUAL RISK ESTIMATE

This case has been reviewed and electronically signed by Ruth Kornreich, Ph.D., FACMG, Laboratory Director Laboratory Medical Consultant: George A. Diaz, M.D., Ph.D.

[^] Parental follow-up will be requested for confirmation



Patient:	Donor 5537	DOB:		Lab #:
----------	------------	------	--	--------

Test Methods and Comments

Genomic DNA isolated from this patient was analyzed by one or more of the following methodologies, as applicable:

Fragile X CGG Repeat Analysis (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

PCR amplification using Asuragen, Inc. AmplideX® FMR1 PCR reagents followed by capillary electrophoresis for allele sizing was performed. Samples positive for FMR1 CGG repeats in the premutation and full mutation size range were further analyzed by Southern blot analysis to assess the size and methylation status of the FMR1 CGG repeat.

Genotyping (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

Multiplex PCR amplification and allele specific primer extension analyses using the MassARRAY® System were used to identify variants that are complex in nature or are present in low copy repeats. Rare sequence variants may interfere with assay performance.

Multiplex Ligation-Dependent Probe Amplification (MLPA) (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

MLPA® probe sets and reagents from MRC-Holland were used for copy number analysis of specific targets versus known control samples. False positive or negative results may occur due to rare sequence variants in target regions detected by MLPA probes. Analytical sensitivity and specificity of the MLPA method are both 99%.

For alpha thalassemia, the copy numbers of the HBA1 and HBA2 genes were analyzed. Alpha-globin gene deletions, triplications, and the Constant Spring (CS) mutation are assessed. This test is expected to detect approximately 90% of all alpha-thalassemia mutations, varying by ethnicity. Carriers of alpha-thalassemia with three or more HBA copies on one chromosome, and one or no copies on the other chromosome, may not be detected. With the exception of triplications, other benign alpha-globin gene polymorphisms will not be reported. Analyses of HBA1 and HBA2 are performed in association with long-range PCR of the coding regions followed by short-read sequencing.

For Duchenne muscular dystrophy, the copy numbers of all DMD exons were analyzed. Potentially pathogenic single exon deletions and duplications are confirmed by a second method. Analysis of DMD is performed in association with sequencing of the coding regions.

For congenital adrenal hyperplasia, the copy number of the CYP21A2 gene was analyzed. This analysis can detect large deletions due to unequal meiotic crossing-over between CYP21A2 and the pseudogene CYP21A1P. These 30-kb deletions make up approximately 20% of CYP21A2 pathogenic alleles. This test may also identify certain point mutations in CYP21A2 caused by gene conversion events between CYP21A1P. Some carriers may not be identified by dosage sensitive methods as this testing cannot detect individuals with two copies (duplication) of the CYP21A2 gene on one chromosome and loss of CYP21A2 (deletion) on the other chromosome. Analysis of CYP21A2 is performed in association with long-range PCR of the coding regions followed by short-read sequencing.

For spinal muscular atrophy (SMA), the copy numbers of the SMN1 and SMN2 genes were analyzed. The individual dosage of exons 7 and 8 as well as the combined dosage of exons 1, 4, 6 and 8 of SMN1 and SMN2 were assessed. Copy number gains and losses can be detected with this assay. Depending on ethnicity, 6 - 29 % of carriers will not be identified by dosage sensitive methods as this testing cannot detect individuals with two copies (duplication) of the SMN1 gene on one chromosome and loss of SMN1 (deletion) on the other chromosome (silent 2+0 carrier) or individuals that carry an intragenic mutation in SMN1. Please also note that 2% of individuals with SMA have an SMN1 mutation that occurred de novo. Typically in these cases, only one parent is an SMA carrier.

The presence of the c.*3+80T>G (chr5:70,247,901T>G) variant allele in an individual with Ashkenazi Jewish or Asian ancestry is typically indicative of a duplication of SMN1. When present in an Ashkenazi Jewish or Asian individual with two copies of SMN1, c.*3+80T>G is likely indicative of a silent (2+0) carrier. In individuals with two copies of SMN1 with African American, Hispanic or Caucasian ancestry, the presence or absence of c.*3+80T>G significantly increases or decreases, respectively, the likelihood of being a silent 2+0 silent carrier.

Pathogenic or likely pathogenic sequence variants in exon 7 may be detected during testing for the c.*3+80T>G variant allele; these will be reported if confirmed to be located in SMN1 using locus-specific Sanger primers

Pathogenic or likely pathogenic sequence variants in exon 7 may be detected during testing for the c.*3+80T>G variant allele; these will be reported if confirmed to be located in SMN1 using locus-specific Sanger primers.

MLPA for Gaucher disease (GBA), cystic fibrosis (CFTR), and non-syndromic hearing loss (GJB2/GJB6) will only be performed if indicated for confirmation of detected CNVs. If GBA analysis was performed, the copy numbers of exons 1, 3, 4, and 6 - 10 of the GBA gene (of 11 exons total) were analyzed. If CFTR analysis was performed, the copy numbers of all 27 CFTR exons were analyzed. If GJB2/GJB6 analysis was



DOB:

Lab #:

performed, the copy number of the two *GJB2* exons were analyzed, as well as the presence or absence of the two upstream deletions of the *GJB2* regulatory region, del(*GJB6*-D13S1830) and del(*GJB6*-D13S1854).

Next Generation Sequencing (NGS) (Analytical Detection Rate >95%)

NGS was performed on a panel of genes for the purpose of identifying pathogenic or likely pathogenic variants.

Agilent SureSelectTMQXT technology was used with a custom capture library to target the exonic regions and intron/exon splice junctions of the relevant genes, as well as a number of UTR, intronic or promoter regions that contain previously reported mutations. Samples were pooled and sequenced on the Illumina HiSeq 2500 platform in the Rapid Run mode or the Illumina NovaSeq platform in the Xp workflow, using 100 bp paired-end reads. The sequencing data was analyzed using a custom bioinformatics algorithm designed and validated in house.

The coding exons and splice junctions of the known protein-coding RefSeq genes were assessed for the average depth of coverage (minimum of 20X) and data quality threshold values. Most exons not meeting a minimum of >20X read depth across the exon are further analyzed by Sanger sequencing. Please note that several genomic regions present difficulties in mapping or obtaining read depth >20X. The exons contained within these regions are noted within Table 1 (as "Exceptions") and will not be reflexed to Sanger sequencing if the mapping quality or coverage is poor. Any variants identified during testing in these regions are confirmed by a second method and reported if determined to be pathogenic or likely pathogenic. However, as there is a possibility of false negative results within these regions, detection rates and residual risks for these genes have been calculated with the presumption that variants in these exons will not be detected, unless included in the MassARRAY® genotyping platform.

This test will detect variants within the exons and the intron-exon boundaries of the target regions. Variants outside these regions may not be detected, including, but not limited to, UTRs, promoters, and deep intronic areas, or regions that fall into the Exceptions mentioned above. This technology may not detect all small insertion/deletions and is not diagnostic for repeat expansions and structural genomic variation. In addition, a mutation(s) in a gene not included on the panel could be present in this patient.

Variant interpretation and classification was performed based on the American College of Medical Genetics Standards and Guidelines for the Interpretation of Sequence Variants (Richards et al, 2015). All potentially pathogenic variants may be confirmed by either a specific genotyping assay or Sanger sequencing, if indicated. Any benign variants, likely benign variants or variants of uncertain significance identified during this analysis will not be reported.

Copy Number Variant Analysis (Analytical Detection Rate >95%)

Large duplications and deletions were called from the relative read depths on an exon-by-exon basis using a custom exome hidden Markov model (XHMM) algorithm. Deletions or duplications determined to be pathogenic or likely pathogenic were confirmed by either a custom arrayCGH platform, quantitative PCR, or MLPA (depending on CNV size and gene content). While this algorithm is designed to pick up deletions and duplications of 2 or more exons in length, potentially pathogenic single-exon CNVs will be confirmed and reported, if detected.

Exon Array (Confirmation method) (Accuracy >99%)

The customized oligonucleotide microarray (Oxford Gene Technology) is a highly-targeted exon-focused array capable of detecting medically relevant microdeletions and microduplications at a much higher resolution than traditional aCGH methods. Each array matrix has approximately 180,000 60-mer oligonucleotide probes that cover the entire genome. This platform is designed based on human genome NCBI Build 37 (hg19) and the CGH probes are enriched to target the exonic regions of the genes in this panel.

Quantitative PCR (Confirmation method) (Accuracy >99%)

The relative quantification PCR is utilized on a Roche Universal Library Probe (UPL) system, which relates the PCR signal of the target region in one group to another. To test for genomic imbalances, both sample DNA and reference DNA is amplified with primer/probe sets that specific to the target region and a control region with known genomic copy number. Relative genomic copy numbers are calculated based on the standard $\Delta\Delta$ Ct formula.

Long-Range PCR (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

Long-range PCR was performed to generate locus-specific amplicons for *CYP21A2*, *HBA1* and *HBA2* and *GBA*. The PCR products were then prepared for short-read NGS sequencing and sequenced. Sequenced reads were mapped back to the original genomic locus and run through the bioinformatics pipeline. If indicated, copy number from MLPA was correlated with the sequencing output to analyze the results. For *CYP21A2*, a certain percentage of healthy individuals carry a duplication of the *CYP21A2* gene, which has no clinical consequences. In cases where two copies of a gene are located on the same chromosome in tandem, only the second copy will be amplified and assessed for potentially pathogenic





Lab #:

variants, due to size limitations of the PCR reaction. However, because these alleles contain at least two copies of the *CYP21A2* gene in tandem, it is expected that this patient has at least one functional gene in the tandem allele and this patient is therefore less likely to be a carrier. When an individual carries both a duplication allele and a pathogenic variant, or multiple pathogenic variants, the current analysis may not be able to determine the phase (cis/trans configuration) of the *CYP21A2* alleles identified. Family studies may be required in certain scenarios where phasing is required to determine the carrier status.

Residual Risk Calculations

Carrier frequencies and detection rates for each ethnicity were calculated through the combination of internal curations of >28,000 variants and genomic frequency data from >138,000 individuals across seven ethnic groups in the gnomAD database. Additional variants in HGMD and novel deleterious variants were also incorporated into the calculation. Residual risk values are calculated using a Bayesian analysis combining the *a priori* risk of being a pathogenic mutation carrier (carrier frequency) and the detection rate. They are provided only as a guide for assessing approximate risk given a negative result, and values will vary based on the exact ethnic background of an individual. This report does not represent medical advice but should be interpreted by a genetic counselor, medical geneticist or physician skilled in genetic result interpretation and the relevant medical literature.

Sanger Sequencing (Confirmation method) (Accuracy >99%)

Sanger sequencing, as indicated, was performed using BigDye Terminator chemistry with the ABI 3730 DNA analyzer with target specific amplicons. It also may be used to supplement specific guaranteed target regions that fail NGS sequencing due to poor quality or low depth of coverage (<20 reads) or as a confirmatory method for NGS positive results. False negative results may occur if rare variants interfere with amplification or annealing.

Please note these tests were developed and their performance characteristics were determined by Mount Sinai Genomics, Inc. They have not been cleared or approved by the FDA. These analyses generally provide highly accurate information regarding the patient's carrier or affected status. Despite this high level of accuracy, it should be kept in mind that there are many potential sources of diagnostic error, including misidentification of samples, polymorphisms, or other rare genetic variants that interfere with analysis. Families should understand that rare diagnostic errors may occur for these reasons.

SELECTED REFERENCES

Carrier Screening

Grody W et al. ACMG position statement on prenatal/preconception expanded carrier screening. Genet Med. 2013 15:482-3.

Fragile X syndrome:

Chen L et al. An information-rich CGG repeat primed PCR that detects the full range of Fragile X expanded alleles and minimizes the need for Southern blot analysis. *J Mol Diag* 2010 12:589-600.

Spinal Muscular Atrophy:

Luo M et al. An Ashkenazi Jewish SMN1 haplotype specific to duplication alleles improves pan-ethnic carrier screening for spinal muscular atrophy. *Genet Med.* 2014 16:149-56.

Ashkenazi Jewish Disorders:

Scott SA et al. Experience with carrier screening and prenatal diagnosis for sixteen Ashkenazi Jewish Genetic Diseases. *Hum. Mutat.* 2010 31:1-11.

Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy:

Flanigan KM et al. Mutational spectrum of DMD mutations in dystrophinopathy patients: application of modern diagnostic techniques to a large cohort. *Hum Mutat.* 2009 30:1657-66.

Variant Classification:

Richards S et al. Standards and guidelines for the interpretation of sequence variants: a joint consensus recommendation of the American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics and the Association for Molecular Pathology. *Genet Med.* 2015 May;17(5):405-24

Additional disease-specific references available upon request.

Table 1. List of genes and diseases tested.

Please see http://go.sema4.com/residualrisk for specific detection rates and residual risk by ethnicity.



DOB:

Lab #:

ACADM Medium Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency ABCB11 Progressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis, Type 2 ABCC6 Familial Hyperinsulinism (ABCC8-Related) ABCD1 Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked ACAD9 Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (ACAD9-Related) ACADVL Very Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency ACAT1 Beta-Ketothiolase Deficiency ACOX1 Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACOX1 Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency ACAT1 Experiment Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency ACAT2 Primary Hyperoxaluria, AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDDB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALGG Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Atxia-Telangiectasia ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B W	0.000	Discour
ABCB11 Progressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis, Type 2 ABCC8 Familial Hyperinsulinism (ABCC8-Related) ABCD1 Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked ACAD9 Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (ACAD9-Related) ACAD1 Very Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency ACAT1 Beta-Ketothiolase Deficiency ACOX1 Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency ADAMTS2 Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VIIC AGA Aspartylglycosaminuria AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDD8 Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AAP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP7A Menkes Disease BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS3 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS4 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS5 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS6 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS6 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome, Type 4A BBD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdel Muscular Dystrophy, Typ	Gene	Disease Medium Chain April Co A Debudro renega Deficiency
ABCC8 Familial Hyperinsulinism (ABCC8-Related) ABCD1 Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked ACAD9 Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (ACAD9-Related) ACADVL Very Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency ACAT1 Beta-Ketothiolase Deficiency ACAT2 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency ADAMTS2 Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VIIC AGA Aspartlylgycosaminuria AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sijogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALLOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALLOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALLOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALLOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALLMS1 Alistrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Gilycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS11-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS11-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS11-Related) BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS11-Related) BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS11-Related) BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS11-Related) B		
ABCD1 Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked ACAD9 Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (ACAD9-Related) ACADVL Very Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency ACAT1 Beta-Ketothiolase Deficiency ACOX1 Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Dearminase Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Dearminase Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Dearminase Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Dearminase Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Dearminase Deficiency ACSF3 Complex Syndrome, Type VIIC ACAC Aspartylglycosaminuria AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III ACPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 ACXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 ALPA ACXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 ALIDASA Sigoren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALGG Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATPOTA Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease BS11 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS13 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS14 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS15 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS16 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS17 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCKDH Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCKDH Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCK		
ACAD9 Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (ACAD9-Related) ACADVL Very Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency ACAT1 Beta-Ketothiolase Deficiency ACOX1 Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency ADAMTS2 Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VIIC AGA Aspartylglycosaminuria AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 ACXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AOP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATPOVIB1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Walson Disease ATP7B Walson Disease ATP7B Walson Disease BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS1 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies		
ACADVL Very Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency ACAT1 Beta-Retothiolase Deficiency ACOX1 Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACOX1 Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency ADAMTS2 Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VIIC ACA Aspartylglycosaminuria AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III ACPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALGG Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AOP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Arginiosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS13 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS14 GRACILE Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS15 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS16 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS17 GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BID Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CIliopathies		
ACAT1 ACJ-CoA Oxidase Deficiency ACOST Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency ABAMTS2 Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VIIC AGA Aspartylglycosaminuria AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Fructose Intolerance ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AOP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATPOVIB1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7A Menkes Disease ATRY Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS13 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS14 BASCH-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS15 BASCH-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS15 BASCH-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS1 BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB BIOM Syndrome BS		
ACOX1 Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Dearminase Deficiency ADAMTS2 Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VIIC AGA Aspartylglycosaminuria AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AGP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRYA Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS13 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS14 GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Barter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CEP290 CEP290 CEP290-Related		
ACSF3 Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria ADA Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency ADAMTS2 Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VIIC AGA Aspartylglycosaminuria AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7A Menkes Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS13 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS14 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS15 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS16 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS17 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS18 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS3 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCKDHB Bottinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related		,
ADA Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency ADAMTS2 Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VIIC AGA Aspartylglycosaminuria AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS20 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS21 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS22 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS23 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCKDHA Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CEP290 CEP290 CEP290 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CIII CILIPATE CEP290 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CEB CIII CAPACA CIII DATECTOR TOTAL TAREATA TOTAL TAREATA TOTAL TAREATA TARE		
ADAMTS2 Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VIIC AGA Aspartylglycosaminuria AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATPOTA Menkes Disease ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CEP290 CEP290 CEP290		
AGA Aspartylglycosaminuria AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBP290 CEP290 CEP290 CeP290-Related		·
AGL Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related		
AGPS Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS13 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS14 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS15 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS16 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS17 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS18 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS19 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS11 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS13 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS14 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS15 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS16 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS17 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS18 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS19 Barter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related		
AGXT Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1 AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS13 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS14 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine D		
AIRE Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1 ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKCHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CEP290 CEP290 Celebated Ciliopathies		
ALDH3A2 Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CBP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies		
ALDOB Hereditary Fructose Intolerance ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies		
ALG6 Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKCHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies		
ALMS1 Alstrom Syndrome ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKCHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ALDOB	Hereditary Fructose Intolerance
ALPL Hypophosphatasia AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ALG6	Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic
AMT Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related) AQP2 Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ALMS1	Alstrom Syndrome
ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ALPL	Hypophosphatasia
ARSA Metachromatic Leukodystrophy ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	AMT	Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related)
ARSB Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI ASL Argininosuccinic Aciduria ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	AQP2	Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II
ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ARSA	Metachromatic Leukodystrophy
ASNS Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ARSB	Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI
ASPA Canavan Disease ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ASL	Argininosuccinic Aciduria
ASS1 Citrullinemia, Type 1 ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ASNS	Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency
ATM Ataxia-Telangiectasia ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ASPA	Canavan Disease
ATP6V1B1 Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CCP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ASS1	Citrullinemia, Type 1
ATP7A Menkes Disease ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ATM	Ataxia-Telangiectasia
ATP7B Wilson Disease ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ATP6V1B1	Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness
ATRX Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ATP7A	Menkes Disease
BBS1 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related) BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ATP7B	Wilson Disease
BBS10 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related) BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	ATRX	Alpha-Thalassemia Mental Retardation Syndrome
BBS12 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related) BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	BBS1	Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related)
BBS2 Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related) BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	BBS10	Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related)
BCKDHA Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	BBS12	Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related)
BCKDHB Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	BBS2	Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related)
BCS1L GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	BCKDHA	Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a
BLM Bloom Syndrome BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	BCKDHB	
BSND Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	BCS1L	GRACILE Syndrome and Other BCS1L-Related Disorders
BTD Biotinidase Deficiency CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	BLM	Bloom Syndrome
CAPN3 Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	BSND	Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A
CBS Homocystinuria (CBS-Related) CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	BTD	Biotinidase Deficiency
CDH23 Usher Syndrome, Type ID CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	CAPN3	Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A
CEP290 Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	CBS	Homocystinuria (CBS-Related)
Ciliopathies Ciliopathies	CDH23	
CERKL Retinitis Pigmentosa 26	CEP290	
	CERKL	Retinitis Pigmentosa 26

Gene	Disease
CFTR	Cystic Fibrosis
CHM	Choroideremia
CHRNE	
CHKNE	Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome (CHRNE-Related)
	Bare Lymphocyte Syndrome, Type II
CLN3	Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (CLN3-Related)
CLN5	Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (CLN5-Related)
CLN6	Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (CLN6-Related)
CLN8	Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (CLN8-Related)
CLRN1 CNGB3	Usher Syndrome, Type III
	Achromatopsia
COL27A1	Steel Syndrome
COL4A3	Alport Syndrome (COL4A3-Related)
COL4A4	Alport Syndrome (COL4A4-Related)
COL4A5	Alport Syndrome (COL4A5-Related)
COL7A1	Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa
CPS1	Carbamoylphosphate Synthetase I Deficiency
CPT1A	Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase IA Deficiency
CPT2	Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase II Deficiency
CRB1	Leber Congenital Amaurosis 8 / Retinitis Pigmentosa 12 / Pigmented Paravenous Chorioretinal Atrophy
CTNS	Cystinosis
CTSK	Pycnodysostosis
CYBA	Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CYBA-related)
CYBB	Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CYBB-related)
CYP11B2	Corticosterone Methyloxidase Deficiency
CYP17A1	Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 17-Alpha-Hydroxylase Deficiency
CYP21A2	Classic Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 21- Hydroxylase Deficiency
CYP19A1	Aromatase Deficiency
CYP27A1	Cerebrotendinous Xanthomatosis
DCLRE1C	Omenn Syndrome / Severe Combined Immunodeficiency, Athabaskan-Type
DHCR7	Smith-Lemli-Opitz Syndrome
DHDDS	Retinitis Pigmentosa 59
DLD	Lipoamide Dehydrogenase Deficiency
DMD	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy / Becker Muscular Dystrophy
DNAH5	Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia (DNAH5-Related)
DNAI1	Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia (DNAI1-Related)
DNAI2	Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia (DNAI2-related)
DYSF	Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2B
EDA	Hypohidrotic Ectodermal Dysplasia 1
EIF2B5	Leukoencephalopathy with Vanishing White Matter
EMD	Emery-Dreifuss Myopathy 1
ESCO2	Roberts Syndrome
ETFA	Glutaric Acidemia, Type IIa
ETFDH	Glutaric Acidemia, Type IIc
ETHE1	Ethylmalonic Encephalopathy
EVC	Ellis-van Creveld Syndrome (EVC-Related)
EYS	Retinitis Pigmentosa 25
F11	Factor XI Deficiency
F9	Factor IX Deficiency
FAH	Tyrosinemia, Type I

Gene Disease

Gene Disease

Mail: One Gustave L. Levy Place, Box 1497 Specimens: 1428 Madison Ave, Atran Bldg, Rm 2-25 New York, NY 10029 CLIA #: 33D2097541 T: 800-298-6470 F: 212-241-0139 www.sema4genomics.com



DOB:

Lab #:

FAM161A	Potinitis Diamontosa 29
FANCA	Retinitis Pigmentosa 28 Fanconi Anemia, Group A
FANCC	Fanconi Anemia, Group C
FANCG	
FH	Fanconi Anemia, Group G
	Fumarase Deficiency
FKRP	Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2I
FKTN	Walker-Warburg Syndrome and Other FKTN-Related Dystrophies
FMR1	Fragile X Syndrome
G6PC	Glycogen Storage Disease, Type la
GAA	Glycogen Storage Disease, Type II
GALC	Krabbe Disease
GALK1	Galactokinase Deficiency
GALT	Galactosemia
GAMT	Cerebral Creatine Deficiency Syndrome 2
GBA	Gaucher Disease
GBE1	Glycogen Storage Disease, Type IV / Adult Polyglucosan Body Disease
GCDH	Glutaric Acidemia, Type I
GFM1	Combined Oxidative Phosphorylation Deficiency 1
GJB1	Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, X-Linked
GJB2†	Non-Syndromic Hearing Loss (GJB2-Related)
GLA	Fabry Disease
GLB1	Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IVb / GM1 Gangliosidosis
GLDC	Glycine Encephalopathy (GLDC-Related)
GLE1	Lethal Congenital Contracture Syndrome 1 / Lethal Arthrogryposis with Anterior Horn Cell Disease
GNE	Inclusion Body Myopathy 2
GNPTAB	Mucolipidosis II / IIIA
GNPTG	Mucolipidosis III Gamma
GNS	Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIID
GP1BA	Bernard-Soulier Syndrome, Type A1
GP9	Bernard-Soulier Syndrome, Type C
GPR56	Bilateral Frontoparietal Polymicrogyria
GRHPR	Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 2
HADHA	Long-Chain 3-Hydroxyacyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency
HAX1	Congenital Neutropenia (HAX1-Related)
HBA1/HBA2	Alpha-Thalassemia
HBB	Beta-Globin-Related Hemoglobinopathies
HEXA	Tay-Sachs Disease
HEXB	Sandhoff Disease
HFE2	Hemochromatosis, Type 2A
HGSNAT	Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIC
HLCS	Holocarboxylase Synthetase Deficiency
HMGCL	HMG-CoA Lyase Deficiency
HOGA1	Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 3
HPS1	Hermansky-Pudlak Syndrome, Type 1
HPS3	Hermansky-Pudlak Syndrome, Type 3
HSD17B4	D-Bifunctional Protein Deficiency
HSD3B2	3-Beta-Hydroxysteroid Dehydrogenase Type II Deficiency
HYAL1	Mucopolysaccharidosis type IX
HYLS1	Hydrolethalus Syndrome
IDS	Mucopolysaccharidosis Type II
,50	www.youconanuosis rype ii

IDUA	Mucopolysaccharidosis Type I
IKBKAP	Familial Dysautonomia
IL2RG	X-Linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency
IVD	Isovaleric Acidemia
KCNJ11	Familial Hyperinsulinism (KCNJ11-Related)
LAMA3	Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa (LAMA3-Related)
LAMB3	Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa (LAMB3-Related)
LAMC2	Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa (LAMC2-Related)
LCA5	Leber Congenital Amaurosis 5
LDLR	Familial Hypercholesterolemia
LDLRAP1	Familial Autosomal Recessive Hypercholesterolemia
LHX3	Combined Pituitary Hormone Deficiency 3
LIFR	Stuve-Wiedemann Syndrome
LIPA	Wolman Disease / Cholesteryl Ester Storage Disease
LOXHD1	Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 77
LPL	Lipoprotein Lipase Deficiency
LRPPRC	Leigh Syndrome, French-Canadian Type
MAN2B1	Alpha-Mannosidosis
MCCC1	3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA Carboxylase Deficiency (MCCC1-Related)
MCCC2	3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA Carboxylase Deficiency (MCCC2-Related)
MCOLN1	Mucolipidosis IV
MED17	Infantile Cerebral and Cerebellar Atrophy
MEFV	Familial Mediterranean Fever
MESP2	Spondylothoracic Dysostosis
MFSD8	Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (MFSD8-Related)
MKS1	Meckel syndrome 1 / Bardet-Biedl Syndrome 13
MLC1	Megalencephalic Leukoencephalopathy with Subcortical Cysts
MMAA	Methylmalonic Acidemia (MMAA-Related)
MMAB	Methylmalonic Acidemia (MMAB-Related)
ММАСНС	Methylmalonic Aciduria and Homocystinuria, Cobalamin C Type
MMADHC	Methylmalonic Aciduria and Homocystinuria, Cobalamin D Type
MPI	Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ib
MPL	Congenital Amegakaryocytic Thrombocytopenia
MPV17	Mitochondrial DNA Depletion Syndrome 6 / Navajo Neurohepatopathy
MTHFR	Homocystinuria due to MTHFR Deficiency
MTM1	Myotubular Myopathy 1
MTRR	Homocystinuria, cblE Type
MTTP	Abetalipoproteinemia
MUT	Methylmalonic Acidemia (MUT-Related)
МҮО7А	Usher Syndrome, Type IB
NAGLU	Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIB
NAGS	N-Acetylglutamate Synthase Deficiency
NBN	Nijmegen Breakage Syndrome
NDRG1	Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type 4D
NDUFAF5	Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (NDUFAF5-Related)
NDUFS6	Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (NDUFS6-Related)
NEB	Nemaline Myopathy 2
NPC1	Niemann-Pick Disease, Type C (NPC1-Related)
NPC2	Niemann-Pick Disease, Type C (NPC2-Related)
NPHS1	Nephrotic Syndrome (NPHS1-Related) / Congenital Finnish Nephrosis



DOB:

Lab #:

Gene	Disease
NPHS2	Nephrotic Syndrome (NPHS2-Related) / Steroid-Resistant Nephrotic Syndrome
NR2E3	Enhanced S-Cone Syndrome
NTRK1	Congenital Insensitivity to Pain with Anhidrosis
OAT	Ornithine Aminotransferase Deficiency
OPA3	3-Methylglutaconic Aciduria, Type III
отс	Ornithine Transcarbomylase Deficiency
PAH	Phenylalanine Hydroxylase Deficiency
PCCA	Propionic Acidemia (PCCA-Related)
PCCB	Propionic Acidemia (PCCB-Related)
PCDH15	Usher Syndrome, Type IF
PDHA1	Pyruvate Dehydrogenase E1-Alpha Deficiency
PDHB	Pyruvate Dehydrogenase E1-Beta Deficiency
PEX1	Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum (PEX1-Related)
PEX10	Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum (PEX10-Related)
PEX2	Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum (PEX2-Related)
PEX6	Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum (PEX6-Related)
PEX7	Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 1
PFKM	Glycogen Storage Disease, Type VII
PHGDH	3-Phosphoglycerate Dehydrogenase Deficiency
PKHD1	Polycystic Kidney Disease, Autosomal Recessive
РММ2	Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type la
POMGNT1	Muscle-Eye-Brain Disease and Other POMGNT1-Related Congenital Muscular Dystrophy-Dystroglycanopathies
PPT1	Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (PPT1-Related)
PROP1	Combined Pituitary Hormone Deficiency 2
PRPS1	Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type 5 / Arts syndrome
PSAP	Combined SAP Deficiency
PTS	6-Pyruvoyl-Tetrahydropterin Synthase Deficiency
PUS1	Mitochondrial Myopathy and Sideroblastic Anemia 1
PYGM	Glycogen Storage Disease, Type V
RAB23	Carpenter Syndrome
RAG2	Omenn Syndrome (RAG2-Related)
RAPSN	Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome (RAPSN-Related)
RARS2	Pontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 6
RDH12	Leber Congenital Amaurosis 13
RMRP	Cartilage-Hair Hypoplasia
RPE65	Leber Congenital Amaurosis 2 / Retinitis pigmentosa 20
RPGRIP1L	Joubert Syndrome 7 / Meckel Syndrome 5 / COACH Syndrome
RS1	X-Linked Juvenile Retinoschisis
RTEL1	Dyskeratosis Congenita (RTEL1-Related)
SACS	Autosomal Recessive Spastic Ataxia of Charlevoix-Saguenay
SAMHD1	Aicardi-Goutières Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)
SEPSECS	Progressive Cerebello-Cerebral Atrophy

Gene	Disease
SGCA	Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2D
SGCB	Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2E
SGCG	Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2C
SGSH	
SLC12A3	Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIA
SLC12A3 SLC12A6	Gitelman Syndrome Andermann Syndrome
SLC1ZA0	Salla Disease
SLC22A5	Primary Carnitine Deficiency
SLC25A13	Citrin Deficiency
SLC25A15	Hyperornithinemia-Hyperammonemia-Homocitrullinuria Syndrome
SLC26A2	Sulfate Transporter-Related Osteochondrodysplasia
SLC26A4	Pendred Syndrome
SLC35A3	Arthrogryposis, Mental Retardation, and Seizures
SLC37A4	Glycogen Storage Disease, Type Ib
SLC39A4	Acrodermatitis Enteropathica
SLC4A11	Corneal Dystrophy and Perceptive Deafness
SLC6A8	Cerebral Creatine Deficiency Syndrome 1
SLC7A7	Lysinuric Protein Intolerance
SMARCAL1	Schimke Immunoosseous Dysplasia
SMN1	Spinal Muscular Atrophy
SMPD1	Niemann-Pick Disease (SMPD1-Related)
STAR	Lipoid Adrenal Hyperplasia
SUMF1	Multiple Sulfatase Deficiency
TCIRG1	Osteopetrosis 1
TECPR2	Hereditary Spastic Paraparesis 49
TFR2	Hemochromatosis, Type 3
TGM1	Lamellar Ichthyosis, Type 1
TH	Segawa Syndrome
TMEM216	Joubert Syndrome 2
TPP1	Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (TPP1-Related)
TRMU	Acute Infantile Liver Failure
TSFM	Combined Oxidative Phosphorylation Deficiency 3
TTPA	Ataxia With Isolated Vitamin E Deficiency
TYMP	Myoneurogastrointestinal Encephalopathy
USH1C	Usher Syndrome, Type IC
USH2A	Usher Syndrome, Type IIA
VPS13A	Choreoacanthocytosis
VPS13B	Cohen Syndrome
VPS45	Congenital Neutropenia (VPS45-Related)
VRK1	Pontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 1A
VSX2	Microphthalmia / Anophthalmia
WNT10A	Odonto-Onycho-Dermal Dysplasia / Schopf-Schulz-Passarge Syndrome

† Please note that GJB2 testing includes testing for the two upstream deletions, del(GJB6-D13S1830) and del(GJB6-D13S1854) (PMID: 11807148 and 15994881)