

## **Donor 6781**

## **Genetic Testing Summary**

Fairfax Cryobank recommends reviewing this genetic testing summary with your healthcare provider to determine suitability.

Last Updated: 02/13/23

Donor Reported Ancestry: Irish, English, Italian, French, German, Spanish, Portuguese Jewish Ancestry: No

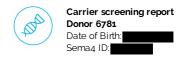
Genetic Test*	Result	Comments/Donor's Residual
		Risk**

Chromosome analysis (karyotype)	Normal male karyotype	No evidence of clinically significant chromosome abnormalities
Hemoglobin evaluation	Normal hemoglobin fractionation and MCV/MCH results	Reduced risk to be a carrier for sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, alpha thalassemia trait (aa/ and a-/a-) and other hemoglobinopathies
Expanded Genetic Disease Carrier Screening Panel attached- 502 diseases by gene sequencing.  Personalized residual risk by gene is on attached report.	Carrier: Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 3 (HOGA1)  Negative for other genes sequenced	Partner testing recommended before using this donor.
Special Testing		
Gene: CEP104	Negative by gene sequencing	

<sup>\*</sup>No single test can screen for all genetic disorders. A negative screening result significantly reduces, but cannot eliminate, the risk for these conditions in a pregnancy.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Donor residual risk is the chance the donor is still a carrier after testing negative.





#### **Patient Information**

Name: Donor 6781

Date of Birth:
Sema4 ID:
Client ID:

Indication: Carrier Screening

#### **Specimen Information**

Specimen Type: Blood
Date Collected: 04/01/2022
Date Received: 04/02/2022
Final Report: 04/13/2022



# Expanded Carrier Screen (502 genes)

with Personalized Residual Risk

#### SUMMARY OF RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

⊕ Positive	⊖ Negative
Carrier of Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 3 (AR) Associated gene(s): <i>HOGA1</i>	Negative for all other genes tested  To view a full list of genes and diseases tested
Variant(s) Detected: c.700+5G>T, Pathogenic, Heterozygous (one copy)	please see Table 1 in this report

AR=Autosomal recessive; XL=X-linked

#### Recommendations

- Testing the partner for the above positive disorder(s) and genetic counseling are recommended.
- Please note that for female carriers of X-linked diseases, follow-up testing of a male partner is not indicated.
- CGG repeat analysis of *FMR1* for fragile X syndrome is not performed on males as repeat expansion of premutation alleles is not expected in the male germline.
- Individuals of Asian, African, Hispanic and Mediterranean ancestry should also be screened for hemoglobinopathies by CBC and hemoglobin electrophoresis.
- Consideration of residual risk by ethnicity after a negative carrier screen is recommended for the other diseases on the panel, especially in the case of a positive family history for a specific disorder.

## Interpretation of positive results

## Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 3 (AR)

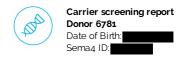
#### **Results and Interpretation**

A heterozygous (one copy) pathogenic intronic variant, c.700+5G>T, was detected in the *HOGA1* gene (NM\_138413.3). When this variant is present in trans with a pathogenic variant, it is considered to be causative for primary hyperoxaluria, type 3. Therefore, this individual is expected to be at least a carrier for primary hyperoxaluria, type 3. Heterozygous carriers are not expected to exhibit symptoms of this disease.

#### What is Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 3?

Primary hyperoxaluria, type 3 is an autosomal recessive disease caused by pathogenic variants in the *HOGA1* gene. While it has been diagnosed in patients of various ethnicities, it may be more prevalent in individuals of Ashkenazi Jewish descent due to the presence of a founder mutation. Age of onset is typically in childhood, and the disease is characterized by the accumulation of calcium oxalate in the kidney and urinary tract, leading to kidney stone formation. Some patients have a milder phenotype where they do not develop kidney stones. Life expectancy is not thought to be affected, and no genotype-phenotype correlation has been reported.





# Test description

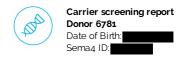
fansai

This patient was tested for a panel of diseases using a combination of sequencing, targeted genotyping and copy number analysis. Please note that negative results reduce but do not eliminate the possibility that this individual is a carrier for one or more of the disorders tested. Please see Table 1 for a list of genes and diseases tested with the patient's personalized residual risk. If personalized residual risk is not provided, please see the complete residual risk table at **go.sema4.com/residualrisk**. Only variants determined to be pathogenic or likely pathogenic are reported in this carrier screening test.

Yan Bai, Ph.D., FACMG, Associate Laboratory Director

Laboratory Medical Consultant: George A. Diaz, M.D., Ph.D





## Genes and diseases tested

The personalized residual risks listed below are specific to this individual. The complete residual risk table is available at **go.sema4.com/residualrisk** 

## Table 1: List of genes and diseases tested with detailed results

Negative  Negative  Negative  ACADSB  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 2,800  3-Beta-Hydroxysteroid Dehydrogenase Type II  Deficiency  MCCC2-  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 3,300  ARB Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 18,400  MCCC2-  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 18,400  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 18,400  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 18,000  3-Methyliglutaconic Aciduria, Type III  OPA3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 18,000  3-Phosphoglycerate Dehydrogenase Deficiency  MCCC2-  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 18,000  3-Phosphoglycerate Dehydrogenase Deficiency  PTS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 18,000  6-Pyruvoyl-Tetrahydropterin Synthase  Deficiency  PTS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 18,000  Abetalipoproteinemia  MTTP  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 18,000  Achalasia- Addisonalism-Alacrimia Syndrome  Achalasia- Addisonalism-Alacrimia Syndrome  Achalasia- Addisonalism-Alacrimia Syndrome  Achromatopsia (CNGB3-related)  CNGB3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 18,000  Achromatopsia (CNGB3-related)  CNGB3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 18,000  Acrodermatitis Enteropathica  SLC39A4  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 19,000  Acute Infantile Liver Failure  TRMU  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 19,000  Acute Infantile Liver Failure  TRMU  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 19,000  Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4  Acute Infantile Liver Residual Risk: in 19,000  Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4  Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency  ACOXI  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 19,000  Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4  Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency  ACOXI  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 19,000  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MANABI  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 19,000  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: in 19,000  Areduced Risk		Disease	Gene	Inheritance Pattern	Status	Detailed Summary
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MCCC2-Related)  MCCC2  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,300  3-Methylgutaconic Aciduria, Type III  JOPA3  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,000  6-Pyruvoyl-Tetrahydropterin Synthase  Deficiency  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,000  6-Pyruvoyl-Tetrahydropterin Synthase  Deficiency  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000  6-Pyruvoyl-Tetrahydropterin Synthase  Deficiency  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000  Abetalipoproteinemia  MTTP  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000  Abetalipoproteinemia  MTTP  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000  Achaisais-Addisonianism-Alacrimia Syndrome  AAAS  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000  Achromatopsia (CNGB3-related)  CNGB3  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000  Achromatopsia (CNGB3-related)  CNGB3  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000  Acrodermatitis Enteropathica  SLC39A4  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000  Acrodermatitis Enteropathica  SLC39A4  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000  Acrodermatitis Enteropathica  SLC39A4  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000  Acrodermatitis Enteropathica  ACOXI  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000  Acy-I-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency  ACOXI  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,000  Adanosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,000  Adanosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,000  Adanosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,000  Adanosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,000  Adanosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Adanosine Deaminase Deficiency  ABA  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Adanosine Deaminase D			HSD3B2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,300
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Achalasia-Addisonianism-Alacrimia Syndrome AAAS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4500 Achromatopsia (CNGA3-Related) CNGA3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 830 Achromatopsia (CNGB3-related) CNGB3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000 Acrodermatitis Enteropathica SLC39A4 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000 Acute Infantile Liver Failure TRMU AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,400 Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACOXI AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,400 Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4 EOGT AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,4000 Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4 EOGT AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,500 Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency ADA AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,500 Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency TBX19 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000 Agammaglobulinemia BTK XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000 Agammaglobulinemia BTK XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000 Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum FFMD4A AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1393000 Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C-Related) Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related) Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (FEXT-Related) Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (FEXT-Related) Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III TYRP: AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Alcardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREXI-Related) AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500 Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III TYRP: AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Alpha-Halassemia HBA1/HBA2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability Syndrome Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability ATRX XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,0000		CD59-Mediated Hemolytic Anemia	CD59	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 415,000
Achromatopsia (CNGA3-Related) CNGB3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 830 Achromatopsia (CNGB3-related) CNGB3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8.600 Acrodermatitis Enteropathica SLC39A4 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12.000 Acute Infantile Liver Faiture TRMU AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,400 Acyt-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency ACOX1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,400 Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4 EOGT AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 39,000 Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4 EOGT AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000 Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency ADA AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100 Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency TBX19 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency TBX19 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000 Agammaglobulinemia BTK XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000 Agammaglobulinemia BTK XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,393,000 Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum FRMD4 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,393,000 Alcardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C-RNASEH2C) Related) Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C-Related) Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (FREX1-Related) Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related) Alpa-Thalassemia Alpha-Thalassemia  HBA1/HBA2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Alpha-Mannosidosis ARN2B1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability ATRX XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability ATRX XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability ATRX XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000		Abetalipoproteinemia	MTTP	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
Achromatopsia (CNGB3-related)  CNGB3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12000  Acute Infantile Liver Failure  TRMU  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12000  Acute Infantile Liver Failure  TRMU  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,400  Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency  ACOX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 39,000  Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4  EOGT  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,4000  Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,5100  Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency  TBX1g  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,9000  Adrenoleuk odystrophy, X-Linked  ABCD1  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,9000  Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum  FRMD4A  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,9000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C- ROASEH2C  ROASEH2C  ROASEH2C  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,0000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (FREX1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (FREX2-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX2-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX2-Related)  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,0000  Alpha-Thalassemia  HEA1/HBA2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,0000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  ATRX  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,0000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  ATRX  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,0000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  ATRX  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,0000		Achalasia-Addisonianism-Alacrimia Syndrome	AAAS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,500
Acrodermatitis Enteropathica  SLC39A4  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12.000  Acute Infantile Liver Failure  TRMU  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,400  Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency  ACOX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 39,000  Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4  EOGT  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 44,000  Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5100  Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency  TBX19  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked  ABCD1  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agammaglobulinemia  BTK  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum  FRMD4A  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1393,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C-RNASEH2C-RNASEH2C)  RNASEH2C  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (FAMHD1-Related)  SAMHD1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  TREX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MANN2B1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Alpha-Thalassemia  HBA1/HBA2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome  ATRX  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,0000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome		Achromatopsia ( <i>CNGA3</i> -Related)	CNGA3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 830
Acute Infantile Liver Failure  TRMU  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,400  Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency  ACOX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 39,000  Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4  EOGT  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 44,000  Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5100  Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency  TBX19  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35,000  Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked  ABCD1  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agammaglobulinemia  BTK  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 250,000  Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum  FRMD4A  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,393,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C- Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alba-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Thalassemia  HBA1/HBA2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome  ATRX  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,0000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,0000		Achromatopsia ( <i>CNGB3</i> -related)	CNGB3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,600
Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency  ACOX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 39,000  Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4  EOGT  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 44000  Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5100  Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency  TBX19  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked  ABCD1  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agammaglobulinemia  BTK  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum  FRMD4A  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1393000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C- Related)  RNASEH2C  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  ABCHIDIA  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  TREX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3200  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1100  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1100  Alpha-Thalassemia  HBA1/HBA2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome  ATRX  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 100000		Acrodermatitis Enteropathica	SLC39A4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4  Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4  Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 44,000  Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100  Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency  TBX19  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked  ABCD1  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agammaglobulinemia  BTK  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum  FRMD4A  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,393,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C- Related)  RNASEH2C  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  SAMHD1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  TREX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA3 Copy		Acute Infantile Liver Failure	TRMU	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,400
Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency  ADA AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5100  Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency TBX19 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35000  Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked ABCD1 XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agammaglobulinemia BTK XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum FRMD4A AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 15,0000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C-Related) RINASEH2C Related) Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related) Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related) Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX2-Related) Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX2-Related) Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III TYRP1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Alkaptonuria HGD AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Alkaptonuria Alpha-Mannosidosis MAN2B1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  HBA1 Copy Number: 2 HBA2 Copy Number: 2 HBA2 Copy Number: 2 HBA2 Copy Number: 2 HBA2 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability Syndrome  ATRX XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000		Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency	ACOX1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 39,000
Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency  TBX19  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35,000  Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked  ABCD1  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agammaglobulinemia  BTK  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum  FRMD4A  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,393,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C- Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  TREX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  TREX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500  Alkaptonuria  HGD  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA3		Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4	EOGT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 44,000
Adrenoleukodystrophy,X-Linked  ABCD1  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agammaglobulinemia  BTK  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000  Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum  FRMD4A  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,393,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C- Related)  RNASEH2C  RNASEH2C  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  SAMHD1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  TREX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alkaptonuria  HGD  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA1/HBA2 Sequencing: Negative  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome  ATRX  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000		Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency	ADA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100
Agammaglobulinemia  BTK XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 250,000  Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum  FRMD4A AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,393,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  TREX1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500  Alkaptonuria  HGD AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  ATRX XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000		Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency	TBX19	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35,000
Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum  FRMD4A  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,393,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C- Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  TREX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Alcardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  TREX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500  Alkaptonuria  HGD  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA1 HBA2 Sequencing: Negative  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome  ATRX  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 48,000		Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked	ABCD1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000
Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  Alkaptonuria  HGD  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA1 HBA2 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome  ATRX  XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 48,000		Agammaglobulinemia	BTK	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 250,000
Related)  AIR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)  AIR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  TREX1  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500  Alkaptonuria  HGD  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA1/HBA2 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome  ATRX  XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 48,000		Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum	FRMD4A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,393,000
Alcardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)  TREX1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500  Alkaptonuria  HGD  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA1 HBA2 Copy Number: 2  No pathogenic copy number variants detect HBA1 HBA2 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome  ATRX  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 48,000			RNASEH2C	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III  TYRP1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500  Alkaptonuria  HGD  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  No pathogenic copy number variants detect HBA1/HBA2 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 48,000		Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)	SAMHD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Alkaptonuria  HGD  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100  Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200  HBA1 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  No pathogenic copy number variants detect  HBA1/HBA2 Sequencing: Negative  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability  Syndrome  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 48,000		Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)	TREX1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
Alpha-Mannosidosis  MAN2B1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200  HBA1 Copy Number: 2 HBA2 Copy Number: 2 HBA2 Copy Number: 2 No pathogenic copy number variants detect HBA1/HBA2 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability Syndrome  ARX XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 48,000		Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III	TYRP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500
Alpha-Thalassemia  HBA1/HBA2  AR  Reduced Risk  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  HBA2 Copy Number: 2  No pathogenic copy number variants detected to the partial state of the partial state o		Alkaptonuria	HGD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100
Alpha-Thalassemia  HBA1/HBA2  AR  Reduced Risk  No pathogenic copy number: 2  No pathogenic copy number variants detect HBA1/HBA2 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability Syndrome  ATRX  XL  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 48,000		Alpha-Mannosidosis	MAN2B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200
Syndrome XL Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 48,000		Alpha-Thalassemia	HBA1/HBA2	AR	Reduced Risk	HBA2 Copy Number: 2 No pathogenic copy number variants detected HBA1/ HBA2 Sequencing: Negative
Alport Syndrome (COL4A3-Related) COL4A3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800		· ·	ATRX	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 48,000
		Alport Syndrome (COL4A3-Related)	COL4A3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800





Alport Syndrome ( <i>COL4A4</i> -Related)	COL4A4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Alport Syndrome ( <i>COL4A5</i> -Related)	COL4A5	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 150,000
Alstrom Syndrome	ALMS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,800
Andermann Syndrome	SLC12A6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 151,000
Antley-Bixler Syndrome ( <i>POR</i> -Related)	POR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000
Argininemia	ARG1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,500
Argininosuccinic Aciduria	ASL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Aromatase Deficiency	CYP19A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,400
Arthrogryposis, Intellectual Disability, and Seizures	SLC35A3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 454,000
Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency	ASNS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 202,000
Aspartylglycosaminuria	AGA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Ataxia With Isolated Vitamin E Deficiency	TTPA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 61,000
Ataxia-Telangiectasia	ATM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,300
Ataxia-Telangiectasia-Like Disorder 1	MRE11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,500
Autosomal Recessive Spastic Ataxia of Charlevoix-Saguenay	SACS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,600
BH4-Deficient Hyperphenylalaninemia C	QDPR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,100
BH4-Deficient Hyperphenylalaninemia D	PCBD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,000
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (ARL6-Related)	ARL6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 29,000
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome ( <i>BBS10</i> -Related)	BBS10	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome ( <i>BBS12</i> -Related)	BBS12	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,900
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome ( <i>BBS1</i> -Related)	BBS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,400
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome ( <i>BBS2</i> -Related)	BBS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome ( <i>BBS4</i> -Related)	BBS4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 22,000
Bare Lymphocyte Syndrome, Type II	CIITA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35,000
Barth Syndrome	TAZ	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 183,000
Bartter Syndrome, Type 3	CLCNKB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 740
Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A	BSND	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 91,000
Bernard-Soulier Syndrome, Type A1	GP1BA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 42,000
Bernard-Soulier Syndrome, Type C	GP9	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,300
Beta-Globin-Related Hemoglobinopathies	HBB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk (Beta-Globin-Related Hemoglobinopathies): 1 in 2,000 Personalized Residual Risk (Beta-Globin-Related Hemoglobinopathies: HbS Variant): 790,000 Personalized Residual Risk (Beta-Globin-Related Hemoglobinopathies: HbC Variant): in 2,107,000
Beta-Ketothiolase Deficiency	ACAT1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,400
Beta-Mannosidosis	MANBA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,100
Bilateral Frontoparietal Polymicrogyria	GPR56	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 203,000
Biotinidase Deficiency	BTD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 500
Bloom Syndrome	BLM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,400
Canavan Disease	ASPA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000
Carbamoylphosphate Synthetase I Deficiency	CPS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100
Carnitine Acylcarnitine Translocase Deficiency	SLC25A20	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,100
Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase IA Deficiency	CPT1A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 24,000
Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase II Deficiency	CPT2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 670
Carpenter Syndrome	RAB23	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 21,000
Cartilage-Hair Hypoplasia	RMRP	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 960





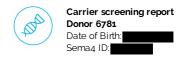
Central Hypothyroidism and Testicular Enlargement	IGSF1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 781,000
Cerebral Creatine Deficiency Syndrome 1	SLC6A8	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 208,000
Cerebral Creatine Deficiency Syndrome 2	GAMT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100
Cerebral Creatine Deficiency Syndrome 3	GATM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,900
Cerebral Dysgenesis, Neuropathy, Ichthyosis, and Palmoplantar Keratoderma Syndrome	SNAP29	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,730,000
Cerebrotendinous Xanthomatosis	CYP27A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,900
Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type 4D	NDRG1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 730,000
Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type 5 / Arts Syndrome	PRPS1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 114,000
Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, X-Linked	GJB1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
Chediak-Higashi Syndrome	LYST	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,100
Chondrodysplasia Punctata	ARSE	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 862,000
Choreoacanthocytosis	VPS13A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Choroideremia	CHM	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 125,000
Chronic Granulomatous Disease ( <i>CYBA</i> -Related)	CYBA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,000
Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CYBB-Related)	CYBB	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 294,000
Citrin Deficiency	SLC25A13	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Citrullinemia, Type 1	ASS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,500
Cockayne Syndrome, Type A	ERCC8	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,900
Cockayne Syndrome, Type B and other <i>ERCC6</i> - Related Disorders	ERCC6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,100
Cohen Syndrome	VPS13B	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,400
Combined Factor V and VIII Deficiency	LMAN1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 102,000
Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria	ACSF3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,400
Combined Oxidative Phosphorylation Deficiency 1	GFM1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Combined Oxidative Phosphorylation Deficiency 3	TSFM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 27,000
Combined Pituitary Hormone Deficiency 1	POU1F1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,900
Combined Pituitary Hormone Deficiency 2	PROP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,800
Combined Pituitary Hormone Deficiency 3	LHX3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 140,000
Combined SAP Deficiency	PSAP	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 44,000
Cone-Rod Dystrophy 6 / Leber Congenital Amaurosis 1	GUCY2D	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 11-Beta- Hydroxylase Deficiency	CYP11B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 520
Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 17- Alpha-Hydroxylase Deficiency	CYP17A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 21- Hydroxylase Deficiency	CYP21A2	AR	Reduced Risk	CYP21A2 copy number: 2 CYP21A2 sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk (Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 21-Hydroxyla Deficiency (Non-Classic)): 1 in 200 Personalized Residual Risk (Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 21-Hydroxyla Deficiency (Classic)): 1 in 1,300
Congenital Adrenal Hypoplasia (NRoB1-Related)	NRoB1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 353,000
Congenital Adrenal Insufficiency ( <i>CYP11A1</i> - Related)	CYP11A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,100
Congenital Amegakaryocytic Thrombocytopenia	MPL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,100
Congenital Bile Acid Synthesis Defect ( <i>AKR1D1</i> - Related)	AKR1D1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,900
Congenital Bile Acid Synthesis Defect ( <i>HSD3B7</i> -	HSD3B7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,900
Congenital Bile Acid Synthesis Defect ( <i>HSD3B7</i> -Related)  Congenital Disorder of Deglycosylation	HSD3B7 NGLY1	AR AR	Reduced Risk Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,900  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 14,000





Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ib	MPI	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,600
Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic	ALG6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4:100
Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Im	DOLK	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 134,000
Congenital Dyserythropoietic Anemia Type 2	SEC23B	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1.000
Congenital Dyserythropoietic Anemia, Type Ia	CDAN1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 470
Congenital Ichthyosis 4A and 4B	ABCA12	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100
	NTRK1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,700
Congenital Insensitivity to Pain with Anhidrosis  Congenital Muscular Dystrophy (LAMA2-				
Related)	LAMA2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 640
Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome ( <i>CHAT</i> -Related)	CHAT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,100
Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome ( <i>CHRNE</i> -Related)	CHRNE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,100
Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome ( <i>DOK7</i> -Related)	DOK7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome ( <i>RAPSN</i> -Related)	RAPSN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,900
Congenital Neutropenia ( <i>HAX1</i> -Related)	HAX1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 82,000
Congenital Neutropenia (VPS45-Related)	VPS45	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 163,000
Congenital Nongoitrous Hypothyroidism 1	TSHR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000
Congenital Nongoitrous Hypothyroidism 4	TSHB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 118,000
Congenital Secretory Chloride Diarrhea 1	SLC26A3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,400
Corneal Dystrophy and Perceptive Deafness	SLC4A11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,600
Corticosterone Methyloxidase Deficiency	CYP11B2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500
Cystic Fibrosis	CFTR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 440
Cystinosis	CTNS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,700
Cystinuria ( <i>SLC3A1</i> -Related)	SLC3A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 590
Cytochrome C Oxidase Deficiency / Leigh Syndrome (COX15-Related)	COX15	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,300
D-Bifunctional Protein Deficiency	HSD17B4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,000
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 3	MYO15A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 240
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 59	PJVK	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 57,000
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 7	TMC1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 76	SYNE4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 43,000
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 77	LOXHD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,700
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 8/10	TMPRSS3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 510
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 9	OTOF	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Desbuquois Dysplasia 1	CANT1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 24,000
Desmosterolosis	DHCR24	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 27,000
Diaphanospondylodysostosis	BMPER	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 18,000
Distal Renal Tubular Acidosis and other <i>SLC4A1</i> -related Disorders	SLC4A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000
Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy / Becker Muscular Dystrophy	DMD	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Dyskeratosis Congenita ( <i>DKC1</i> -related)	DKC1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,259,000
Dyskeratosis Congenita ( <i>RTEL1</i> -Related)	RTEL1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,800
Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa	COL7A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 900
Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VI	PLOD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000
Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VIIC	ADAMTS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 243,000
Ellis-Van Creveld Syndrome (EVC2-Related)	EVC2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,300
Ellis-van Creveld Syndrome (EVC-Related)	EVC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,200
Emery-Dreifuss Myopathy 1	EMD	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 833,000
Enhanced S-Cone Syndrome	NR2E3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600
		AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,400





Fabry Disease	GLA	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,700
Factor IX Deficiency	F9	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100
Factor VII Deficiency	F7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 450
Factor XI Deficiency	F11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500
Familial Autosomal Recessive Hypercholesterolemia	LDLRAP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 136,000
Familial Dysautonomia	IKBKAP	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 51,000
Familial Hypercholesterolemia	LDLR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 280
Familial Hyperinsulinemic Hypoglycemia 4 / 3- Hydroxyacyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	HADH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
Familial Hyperinsulinism (ABCC8-Related)	ABCC8	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 450
Familial Hyperinsulinism (KCNJ11-Related)	KCNJ11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,300
Familial Hyperphosphatemic Tumoral Calcinosis	GALNT3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,800
Familial Mediterranean Fever	MEFV	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Fanconi Anemia, Group A	FANCA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100
Fanconi Anemia, Group C	FANCC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Fanconi Anemia, Group G	FANCG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 28,000
Fanconi-Bickel Syndrome	SLC2A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000
Fragile X Syndrome	FMR1	XL	Reduced Risk	FMR1 CGG repeat sizes: Not Performed FMR1 Sequencing: Negative Fragile X CGG triplet repeat expansion testin was not performed at this time, as the patien has either been previously tested or is a mal Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000
Fructose-1,6-Bisphosphatase Deficiency	FBP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,600
Fucosidosis	FUCA1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
Fumarase Deficiency	FH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,500
Fundus Albipunctatus	RDH5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
GRACILE Syndrome and Other <i>BCS1L</i> -Related Disorders	BCS1L	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,900
Galactokinase Deficiency	GALK1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
Galactose Epimerase Deficiency	GALE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,600
Galactosemia	GALT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
Galactosialidosis	CTSA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,900
Gaucher Disease	GBA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,300
Generalized Thyrotropin-Releasing Hormone Resistance	TRHR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 104,000
Geroderma Osteodysplasticum	GORAB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 70,000
Gitelman Syndrome	SLC12A3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 290
Glanzmann Thrombasthenia ( <i>ITGA2B</i> -Related)	ITGA2B	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Glanzmann Thrombasthenia ( <i>ITGB3</i> -Related)	ITGB3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600
Glutaric Acidemia, Type I	GCDH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
Glutaric Acidemia, Type IIa	ETFA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,700
Glutaric Acidemia, Type IIb	ETFB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,900
Glutaric Acidemia, Type IIc	ETFDH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700
Glutathione Synthetase Deficiency	GSS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3.500
Glycine Encephalopathy ( <i>AMT</i> -Related)	AMT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,700
Glycine Encephalopathy ( <i>GLDC</i> -Related)	GLDC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 760
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type 0	GYS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type II	GAA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 520
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III	AGL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,600
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type IV / Adult Polyglucosan Body Disease	GBE1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,400
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type IXb	PHKB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,600





Glycogen Storage Disease, Type Ia	G6PC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,300
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type Ib	SLC37A4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,300
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type V	PYGM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type VI	PYGL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type VII	PFKM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,300
Gray Platelet Syndrome	NBEAL2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,800
Growth Hormone Deficiency, Type IB	GHRHR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,900
HMG-CoA Lyase Deficiency	HMGCL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
Hemochromatosis, Type 2A	HFE2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Hemochromatosis, Type 3	TFR2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
Hereditary Fructose Intolerance	ALDOB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,900
Hereditary Spastic Paraparesis 49	TECPR2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 116,000
Hermansky-Pudlak Syndrome, Type 1	HPS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500
Hermansky-Pudlak Syndrome, Type 3	HPS3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 49,000
Hermansky-Pudlak Syndrome, Type 4	HPS4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35,000
Hermansky-Pudlak Syndrome, Type 6	HPS6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 87,000
Hmg-CoA Synthase 2 Deficiency	HMGCS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
Holocarboxylase Synthetase Deficiency	HLCS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,500
Homocystinuria ( <i>CBS</i> -Related)	CBS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Homocystinuria due to MTHFR Deficiency	MTHFR	AR	Reduced Risk	
Homocystinuria, cblE Type	MTRR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,600
Homocystinuria-Megaloblastic Anemia, Cobalamin G Type	MTR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100
Hydrocephalus	L1CAM	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 40,000
Hydrolethalus Syndrome	HYLS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 52,000
Hyper-Igm Syndrome	CD40LG	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,167,000
Hyperornithinemia-Hyperammonemia- Homocitrullinuria Syndrome	SLC25A15	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,700
Hyperuricemia, Pulmonary Hypertension, Renal Failure, and Alkalosis	SARS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 23,000
Hypohidrotic Ectodermal Dysplasia 1	EDA	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 22,000
Hypomagnesemia 1	TRPM6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
Hypomyelinating Leukodystrophy 3	AIMP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 341,000
Hypomyelinating Leukodystrophy 12	VPS11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 72,000
Hypoparathyroidism-Retardation-Dysmorphic Syndrome	TBCE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 21,000
Hypophosphatasia	ALPL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 790
Hypophosphatemic Rickets with Hypercalciuria	SLC34A3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Hypotrichosis 8 / Autosomal Recessive Woolly Hair 1	LPAR6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 27,000
Immunodeficiency 18	CD3E	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 73,000
Immunodeficiency 19	CD3D	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000
Inclusion Body Myopathy 2	GNE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
Infantile Cerebral and Cerebellar Atrophy	MED17	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 129,000
Infantile Neuroaxonal Dystrophy 1 and other PLA2G6-Related Disorders	PLA2G6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 690
Intellectual Disability, Autosomal Recessive 3	CC2D1A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 220,000
Intrahepatic Cholestasis	ATP8B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Isovaleric Acidemia	IVD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
Joubert Syndrome 2	TMEM216	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 152,000
Joubert Syndrome 4 / Senior-Loken Syndrome 1 / Juvenile Nephronophthisis 1	NPHP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 21,000





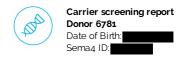
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>COL17A1-</i> Related)	COL17A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 25,000
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>ITGA6</i> - Related)	ITGA6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 125,000
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>ITGB4-</i> Related)	ITGB4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,400
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>LAMA3-</i> Related)	LAMA3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 21,000
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>LAMB3</i> - Related)	LAMB3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,900
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>LAMC2</i> - Related)	LAMC2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 77,000
Kohlschutter-Tonz Syndrome	ROGDI	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,300
Krabbe Disease	GALC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 860
Lamellar Ichthyosis, Type 1	TGM1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500
Laron Dwarfism	GHR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,700
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	CEP290	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 13	RDH12	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,500
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 15 / Retinitis Pigmentosa 14	TULP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,800
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 2 / Retinitis Pigmentosa 20	RPE65	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,500
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 4	AIPL1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 5	LCA5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 14,000
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 8 / Retinitis Pigmentosa 12 / Pigmented Paravenous Chorioretinal Atrophy	CRB1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 990
Leigh Syndrome ( <i>NDUFS7</i> -Related)	NDUFS7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 26,000
Leigh Syndrome ( <i>SURF1</i> -Related)	SURF1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,400
Leigh Syndrome, French-Canadian Type	LRPPRC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 32,000
Lethal Congenital Contracture Syndrome 1 / Lethal Arthrogryposis with Anterior Horn Cell Disease	GLE1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Lethal Congenital Contracture Syndrome 2	ERBB3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 96,000
Lethal Congenital Contracture Syndrome 3	PIP5K1C	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 318,000
Leukoencephalopathy with Vanishing White Matter	EIF2B5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,300
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A	CAPN3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 960
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2B	DYSF	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2C	SGCG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,900
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2D	SGCA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2E	SGCB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 31,000
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2F	SGCD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 52,000
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2H	TRIM32	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2I	FKRP	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2L	AN05	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 660
Lipoamide Dehydrogenase Deficiency	DLD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 14,000
Lipoid Adrenal Hyperplasia	STAR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,600
Lipoprotein Lipase Deficiency	LPL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,400
Long-Chain 3-Hydroxyacyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	HADHA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,900
Lowe Syndrome	OCRL	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,375,000
Lysinuric Protein Intolerance	SLC7A7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,000
MEDNIK Syndrome	AP1S1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 211,000
Malonyl-CoA Decarboxylase Deficiency	MLYCD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,800
Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a	BCKDHA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100





Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1b	BCKDHB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100
Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 2	DBT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,600
Meckel Syndrome 1 / Bardet-Biedl Syndrome 13	MKS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700
Medium Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	ACADM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Megalencephalic Leukoencephalopathy with Subcortical Cysts	MLC1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,300
Megaloblastic Anemia 1	AMN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,300
Menkes Disease	ATP7A	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 172,000
Metachromatic Leukodystrophy	ARSA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000
Methionine Adenosyltransferase I/III Deficiency	MAT1A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,900
Methylmalonic Acidemia ( <i>MMAA</i> -Related)	MMAA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 15,000
Methylmalonic Acidemia ( <i>MMAB</i> -Related)	MMAB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Methylmalonic Acidemia ( <i>MUT</i> -Related)	MUT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,300
Methylmalonic Aciduria and Homocystinuria, Cobalamin C Type	ММАСНС	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,800
Methylmalonic Aciduria and Homocystinuria, Cobalamin D Type	MMADHC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 219,000
Methylmalonic Aciduria and Homocystinuria, Cobalamin F Type	LMBRD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,600
Methylmalonyl-CoA Epimerase Deficiency	MCEE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 98,000
Microphthalmia / Anophthalmia	VSX2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 40,000
Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency ( <i>ACADg</i> -Related)	ACAD9	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (NDUFA11- Related)	NDUFA11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 414,000
Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (NDUFAF5- Related)	NDUFAF5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 98,000
Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (NDUFS6-Related)	NDUFS6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 353,000
Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (NDUFV1-Related)	NDUFV1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 870
Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency / Leigh Syndrome (FOXRED1-Related)	FOXRED1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency / Leigh Syndrome ( <i>NDUFAF2</i> -Related)	NDUFAF2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 168,000
Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency / Leigh Syndrome ( <i>NDUFS4</i> -Related)	NDUFS4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 41,000
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency ( <i>COX20</i> -related)	COX20	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 42,000
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency (COX6B1-related)	COX6B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,116,000
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency (APOPT1-Related)	APOPT1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency (PET100-Related)	PET100	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 469,000
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency (SCO1-related)	SCO1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency / Leigh Syndrome ( <i>COX10</i> -Related)	COX10	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
Mitochondrial DNA Depletion Syndrome 2	TK2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,900
Mitochondrial DNA Depletion Syndrome 3	DGUOK	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,200
Mitochondrial DNA Depletion Syndrome 4A and 4B and other <i>POLG</i> -Related Disorders	POLG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 320
Mitochondrial DNA Depletion Syndrome 5	SUCLA2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 78,000
Mitochondrial DNA Depletion Syndrome 6 / Navajo Neurohepatopathy	MPV17	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,400
Mitochondrial Myopathy and Sideroblastic Anemia 1	PUS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 449,000
Mitochondrial Trifunctional Protein Deficiency	HADHB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,000





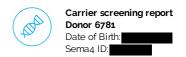
GNPTAB GNPTG MCOLN1 IDUA IDS SGSH NAGLU HGSNAT	AR AR AR AR AR AR XL AR	Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 68,000 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,400
MCOLN1  IDUA  IDS  SGSH  NAGLU	AR AR XL	Reduced Risk	
IDUA IDS SGSH NAGLU	AR XL		Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,400
IDS SGSH NAGLU	XL	Reduced Risk	
SGSH NAGLU			Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,300
NAGLU	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 76,000
		Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
LICCNIAT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 950
TUSINA I	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
GNS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 137,000
GALNS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 690
GLB1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700
GUSB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600
HYAL1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 149,000
ARSB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,300
TRIM37	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 31,000
PIGN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,800
CHRNG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,900
SUMF1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 69,000
POMGNT1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,200
TYMP	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100
MTM1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 192,000
NAGS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
NEB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,400
AQP2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,400
AVPR2	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 471,000
INVS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 56,000
NPHS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 920
NPHS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 780
FOLR1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,300
PLAA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 229,000
CLN3		Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
CLN5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,300
CLN6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,600
CLN8	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,100
MFSD8	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200
PPT1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,500
TPP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,300
SMPD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
NPC1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 690
NPC2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,600
NBN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 14,000
GJB2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 600
	GLB1  GUSB  HYAL1  ARSB  TRIM37  PIGN  CHRNG  SUMF1  POMGNT1  TYMP  MTM1  NAGS  NEB  AOP2  AVPR2  INVS  NPHS1  NPHS2  FOLR1  PLAA  CLN3  CLN3  CLN5  CLN6  CLN6  CLN8  MFSD8  PPT1  TPP1  SMPD1  NPC1  NPC2  NBN	GLB1         AR           GUSB         AR           HYAL1         AR           ARSB         AR           TRIM37         AR           PIGN         AR           CHRNG         AR           SUMF1         AR           POMGNT1         AR           TYMP         AR           MTM1         XL           NAGS         AR           NEB         AR           AQP2         AR           AVPR2         XL           INVS         AR           NPHS1         AR           NPHS2         AR           FOLR1         AR           PLAA         AR           CLN3         AR           CLN4         AR           CLN5         AR           CLN6         AR           MFSD8         AR           PPT1         AR           SMPD1         AR           NPC2         AR           NBN         AR           GJB2         AR	GLB1       AR       Reduced Risk         GUSB       AR       Reduced Risk         HYAL1       AR       Reduced Risk         ARSB       AR       Reduced Risk         TRIM37       AR       Reduced Risk         PIGN       AR       Reduced Risk         CHRNG       AR       Reduced Risk         SUMF1       AR       Reduced Risk         POMGNT1       AR       Reduced Risk         MTM1       XL       Reduced Risk         MTM1       XL       Reduced Risk         NEB       AR       Reduced Risk         NEB       AR       Reduced Risk         AOP2       AR       Reduced Risk         INVS       AR       Reduced Risk         NPHS1       AR       Reduced Risk         NPHS2       AR       Reduced Risk         PLAA       AR       Reduced Risk         CLN3       AR       Reduced Risk         CLN5       AR       Reduced Risk         CLN6       AR       Reduced Risk         CLN6       AR       Reduced Risk         PPT1       AR       Reduced Risk         NPC1       AR       Reduced Risk </td





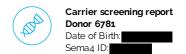
Oculocutaneous Albinism, Type IV	SLC45A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 830
Odonto-Onycho-Dermal Dysplasia / Schopf- ichulz-Passarge Syndrome	WNT10A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,900
omenn Syndrome ( <i>RAG2</i> -Related)	RAG2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 17,000
Omenn Syndrome / Severe Combined mmunodeficiency, Athabaskan-Type	DCLRE1C	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,500
Omenn Syndrome and other <i>RAG1</i> -Related Disorders	RAG1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 850
Prnithine Aminotransferase Deficiency	OAT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,400
Prnithine Transcarbamylase Deficiency	OTC	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 103,000
Osteogenesis Imperfecta, Type XI	FKBP10	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,500
Osteopetrosis 1	TCIRG1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,700
Osteopetrosis 8	SNX10	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 16,000
Otospondylomegaepiphyseal Dysplasia / Deafness / Fibrochondrogenesis 2	COL11A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
apillon-Lefevre Syndrome	CTSC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,000
endred Syndrome	SLC26A4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 390
eroxisome Biogenesis Disorder 3A and 3B	PEX12	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 30,000
eroxisome Biogenesis Disorder 7A and 7B	PEX26	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 70,000
henylalanine Hydroxylase Deficiency	PAH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 340
olycystic Kidney Disease, Autosomal decessive	PKHD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 450
olyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1	AIRE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,300
ontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 1A	VRK1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 25,000
ontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 1B	EXOSC3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
ontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 2A and Type 4	TSEN54	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,700
ontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 2E	VPS53	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 139,000
ontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 6	RARS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,600
rimary Carnitine Deficiency	SLC22A5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500
rimary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>CCDC103</i> -Related)	CCDC103	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 27,000
rimary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>CCDC151</i> -Related)	CCDC151	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 59,000
rimary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>CCDC39</i> -Related)	CCDC39	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
rimary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>DNAH5</i> -Related)	DNAH5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500
rimary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>DNAI1</i> -Related)	DNAl1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,000
rimary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>DNAI2</i> -Related)	DNAl2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 76,000
rimary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>RSPHg</i> -Related)	RSPH9	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 253,000
rimary Coenzyme Q10 Deficiency 7	COQ4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
rimary Congenital Glaucoma 3A	CYP1B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 880
rimary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1	AGXT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,900
rimary Hyperoxaluria, Type 2	GRHPR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
rogressive Cerebello-Cerebral Atrophy	SEPSECS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,400
rogressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis, iype 2	ABCB11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 950
rogressive Myoclonic Epilepsy, Type 1B	PRICKLE1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 98,000
rogressive Pseudorheumatoid Dysplasia	WISP3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,600
rolidase Deficiency	PEPD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 30,000
ropionic Acidemia ( <i>PCCA</i> -Related)	PCCA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,600
ropionic Acidemia ( <i>PCCB</i> -Related)	PCCB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
ulmonary Surfactant Dysfunction	ABCA3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
ycnodysostosis	CTSK	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100
yridoxamine 5'-Phosphate Oxidase Deficiency	PNPO	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
yridoxamine 5'-Phosphate Oxidase Deficiency	PNPO	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk:





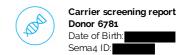
Pyruvate Carboxylase Deficiency	PC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,000
Pyruvate Dehydrogenase E1-Alpha Deficiency	PDHA1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 139,000
Pyruvate Dehydrogenase E1-Beta Deficiency	PDHB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 15,000
Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness	ATP6V1B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,600
Retinitis Pigmentosa 25	EYS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Retinitis Pigmentosa 26	CERKL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Retinitis Pigmentosa 28	FAM161A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 34,000
Retinitis Pigmentosa 36	PRCD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 304,000
Retinitis Pigmentosa 59	DHDDS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 601,000
Retinitis Pigmentosa 64 / Bardet-Biedl Syndrome 21 / Cone-Rod Dystrophy 16	C8ORF37	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 168,000
Rh Deficiency Syndrome	RHAG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000
Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 1	PEX7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3	AGPS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 620,000
Roberts Syndrome	ESCO2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 139,000
Salla Disease	SLC17A5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,400
Salt and Pepper Developmental Regression Syndrome	ST3GAL5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 25,000
Sandhoff Disease	HEXB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Schimke Immunoosseous Dysplasia	SMARCAL1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,800
Seckel Syndrome 5 / Microcephaly 9	CEP152	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700
Segawa Syndrome	TH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,100
Sepiapterin Reductase Deficiency	SPR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35,000
Severe Combined Immunodeficiency ( <i>IL7R</i> -Related)	IL7R	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000
Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (JAK3- Related)	JAK3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100
Severe Combined Immunodeficiency ( <i>PTPRC</i> -Related)	PTPRC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,500
Severe Congenital Neutropenia 4	G6PC3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism	CASR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
Short Stature, Onychodysplasia, Facial Dysmorphism, and Hypotrichosis Short Chain Acyl CoA Dobydrogonaso	POC1A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000
Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	ACADS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 660
Shwachman-Diamond Syndrome	SBDS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700
Sialidosis, Type I and Type II	NEU1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome	ALDH3A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,500
Smith-Lemli-Opitz Syndrome	DHCR7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 750
Spastic Paraplegia 15	ZFYVE26	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000
Spastic Tetraplegia, Thin Corpus Callosum, and Progressive Microcephaly	SLC1A4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 855,000
Spherocytosis, Type 5	EPB42	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
Spinal Muscular Atrophy	SMN1	AR	Reduced Risk	SMN1 copy number: 2 SMN2 copy number: 2 c.*3+80T>G: Negative SMN1 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,107
Spinal Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type 2S	IGHMBP2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy 3	COA7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1	DLL3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200
Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia ( <i>DDR2-</i> Related)	DDR2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 236,000
Spondylothoracic Dysostosis	MESP2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 382,000





Steel Syndrome	COL27A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 93,000
Stuve-Wiedemann Syndrome	LIFR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,000
Sulfate Transporter-Related Osteochondrodysplasia	SLC26A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Tay-Sachs Disease	HEXA		Reduced Risk	Tay-Sachs disease enzyme: Non-carrier
		AR		White blood cells: Non-carrier
				<ul> <li>Hex A%: 70.4% (Non-carrier: 55.0 - 72.0% Carrier: &lt;50%)</li> <li>Total hexosaminidase activity: 1719 nmol/hr/mg</li> </ul>
				Plasma: Non-carrier
				<ul> <li>Hex A%: 72.8 (Non-carrier: 58.0 - 72.0%; Carrier: &lt;54%)</li> <li>Total hexosaminidase activity: 589 nmol/hr/ml</li> </ul>
				HEXA Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Thiamine-Responsive Megaloblastic Anemia Syndrome	SLC19A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 1	SLC5A5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 2A	TPO	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 910
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 3	TG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 850
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 4	IYD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 5	DUOXA2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 29,000
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 6	DUOX2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 190
Trichohepatoenteric Syndrome 1	TTC37	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 14,000
Tyrosinemia, Type I	FAH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,900
Tyrosinemia, Type II	TAT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,800
Tyrosinemia, Type III	HPD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 266,000
Usher Syndrome, Type IB	MYO7A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000
Usher Syndrome, Type IC	USH1C	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600
Usher Syndrome, Type ID	CDH23	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Usher Syndrome, Type IF	PCDH15	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,800
Usher Syndrome, Type IIA	USH2A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 290
Usher Syndrome, Type III	CLRN1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,300
Very Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	ACADVL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 920
Vitamin D-Dependent Rickets, Type I	CYP27B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,900
Vitamin D-Resistant Rickets, Type IIA	VDR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 17,000
Walker-Warburg Syndrome and Other <i>FKTN</i> -Related Dystrophies	FKTN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,200
Werner Syndrome	WRN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
Wilson Disease	ATP7B	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 350
Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome ( <i>WAS</i> -Related)	WAS	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,203,000
Wolcott-Rallison Syndrome	EIF2AK3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 22,000
Wolman Disease / Cholesteryl Ester Storage Disease	LIPA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
Woodhouse-Sakati Syndrome	DCAF17	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 81,000
X-Linked Juvenile Retinoschisis	RS1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 40,000
X-Linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency	IL2RG	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 250,000
Xeroderma Pigmentosum ( <i>POLH</i> -Related)	POLH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,900
Xeroderma Pigmentosum, Group A	XPA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
Xeroderma Pigmentosum, Group C	XPC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000





Xeroderma Pigmentosum, Group G	ERCC5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,000
Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum (PEX10-Related)	PEX10	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,300
Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum ( <i>PEX1</i> -Related)	PEX1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum ( <i>PEX2</i> -Related)	PEX2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 77,000
Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum ( <i>PEX6</i> -Related)	PEX6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600

AR=Autosomal recessive: XL=X-linked

## Test methods and comments

Genomic DNA isolated from this patient was analyzed by one or more of the following methodologies, as applicable:

#### Fragile X CGG Repeat Analysis (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

PCR amplification using Asuragen, Inc. AmplideX<sup>®</sup> FMR1 PCR reagents followed by capillary electrophoresis for allele sizing was performed. Samples positive for FMR1 CGG repeats in the premutation and full mutation size range were further analyzed by Southern blot analysis to assess the size and methylation status of the FMR1 CGG repeat.

#### Genotyping (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

Multiplex PCR amplification and allele specific primer extension analyses using the MassARRAY<sup>®</sup> System were used to identify certain recurrent variants that are complex in nature or are present in low copy repeats. Rare sequence variants may interfere with assay performance.

#### Multiplex Ligation-Dependent Probe Amplification (MLPA) (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

 $MLPA^{\otimes}$  probe sets and reagents from MRC-Holland were used for copy number analysis of specific targets versus known control samples. False positive or negative results may occur due to rare sequence variants in target regions detected by MLPA probes. Analytical sensitivity and specificity of the MLPA method are both 99%.

For alpha thalassemia, the copy numbers of the *HBA1* and *HBA2* genes were analyzed. Alpha-globin gene deletions, triplications, and the Constant Spring (CS) mutation are assessed. This test is expected to detect approximately 90% of all alpha-thalassemia mutations, varying by ethnicity. carriers of alpha-thalassemia with three or more *HBA* copies on one chromosome, and one or no copies on the other chromosome, may not be detected. With the exception of triplications, other benign alpha-globin gene polymorphisms will not be reported. Analyses of *HBA1* and *HBA2* are performed in association with long-range PCR of the coding regions followed by short-read sequencing.

For Duchenne muscular dystrophy, the copy numbers of all *DMD* exons were analyzed. Potentially pathogenic single exon deletions and duplications are confirmed by a second method. Analysis of *DMD* is performed in association with sequencing of the coding regions.

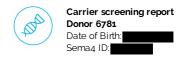
For congenital adrenal hyperplasia, the copy number of the *CYP21A2* gene was analyzed. This analysis can detect large deletions typically due to unequal meiotic crossing-over between *CYP21A2* and the pseudogene *CYP21A1P*. Classic 30-kb deletions make up approximately 20% of *CYP21A2* pathogenic alleles. This test may also identify certain point mutations in *CYP21A2* caused by gene conversion events between *CYP21A2* and *CYP21A1P*. Some carriers may not be identified by dosage sensitive methods as this testing cannot detect individuals with two copies (duplication) of the *CYP21A2* gene on one chromosome and loss of *CYP21A2* (deletion) on the other chromosome. Analysis of *CYP21A2* is performed in association with long-range PCR of the coding regions followed by short-read sequencing.

For spinal muscular atrophy (SMA), the copy numbers of the *SMN1* and *SMN2* genes were analyzed. The individual dosage of exons 7 and 8 as well as the combined dosage of exons 1, 4, 6 and 8 of *SMN1* and *SMN2* were assessed. Copy number gains and losses can be detected with this assay. Depending on ethnicity, 6 - 29 % of carriers will not be identified by dosage sensitive methods as this testing cannot detect individuals with two copies (duplication) of the *SMN1* gene on one chromosome and loss of *SMN1* (deletion) on the other chromosome (silent 2+0 carrier) or individuals that carry an intragenic mutation in *SMN1*. Please also note that 2% of individuals diagnosed with SMA have a causative *SMN1* variant that occurred *de novo*, and therefore cannot be picked up by carrier screening in the parents. Analysis of *SMN1* is performed in association with short-read sequencing of exons 2a-7, followed by confirmation using long-range PCR (described below).

The presence of the c.\*3+80T>G (chr5:70,247,901T>G) variant allele in an individual with Ashkenazi Jewish or Asian ancestry is typically indicative of a duplication of *SMN1*. When present in an Ashkenazi Jewish or Asian individual with two copies of *SMN1*, c.\*3+80T>G is likely indicative of a silent (2+0) carrier. In individuals with two copies of *SMN1* with African American, Hispanic or Caucasian ancestry, the presence or absence of c.\*3+80T>G significantly increases or decreases, respectively, the likelihood of being a silent 2+0 silent carrier.

MLPA for Gaucher disease (*GBA*), cystic fibrosis (*CFTR*), and non-syndromic hearing loss (*GJB2/GJB6*) will only be performed if indicated for confirmation of detected CNVs. If *GBA* analysis was performed, the copy numbers of exons 1, 3, 4, and 6 - 10 of the *GBA* gene (of 11 exons total) were analyzed. If *CFTR* analysis was performed, the copy numbers of all 27 *CFTR* exons were analyzed. If *GJB2/GJB6* analysis was performed,





the copy number of the two GJB2 exons were analyzed, as well as the presence or absence of the two upstream deletions of the GJB2 regulatory region, del(GJB6-D13S1830) and del(GJB6-D13S1854).

#### Next Generation Sequencing (NGS) (Analytical Detection Rate >95%)

NGS was performed on a panel of genes for the purpose of identifying pathogenic or likely pathogenic variants.

Agilent SureSelect<sup>TM</sup>XT Low Input technology was used with a custom capture library to target the exonic regions and intron/exon splice junctions of the relevant genes, as well as a number of UTR, intronic or promoter regions that contain previously reported mutations. Libraries were pooled and sequenced on the Illumina NovaSeq 9000 platform, using paired-end 100 bp reads. The sequencing data was analyzed using a custom bioinformatics algorithm designed and validated in house.

The coding exons and splice junctions of the known protein-coding RefSeq genes were assessed for the average depth of coverage (minimum of 20X) and data quality threshold values. Most exons not meeting a minimum of >20X read depth across the exon are further analyzed by Sanger sequencing. Please note that several genomic regions present difficulties in mapping or obtaining read depth >20X. These regions, which are described below, will not be reflexed to Sanger sequencing if the mapping quality or coverage is poor. Any variants identified during testing in these regions are confirmed by a second method and reported if determined to be pathogenic or likely pathogenic. However, as there is a possibility of false negative results within these regions, detection rates and residual risks for these genes have been calculated with the presumption that variants in these exons will not be detected, unless included in the MassARRAY<sup>®</sup> genotyping platform.

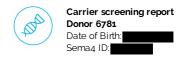
Exceptions: ABCD1 (NM\_000033,3) exons 8 and 9; ACADSB (NM\_001609,3) chr10:124,810,695-124,810,707 (partial exon 9); ADA (NM\_000022.2) exon 1; ADAMTS2 (NM\_014244.4) exon 1; AGPS (NM\_003659.3) chrz:178,257,512-178,257,649 (partial exon 1); ALDH7A1 (NM\_001182.4) chr5:125,911,150-125,911,163 (partial exon 7) and chr5:125,896,807-125,896,821 (partial exon 10); ALMS1 (NM\_015120.4) chr2:73,612,990-73,613,041 (partial exon 1); APOPT1 (NM\_ 032374.4) chr14:104,040,437-104,040,455 (partial exon 3); CDAN1 (NM\_138477.2) exon 2; CEP152 (NM\_014985.3) chr15;49,061,146-49,061,165 (partial exon 14) and exon 22; CEP2go (NM\_025114.3) exon 5, exon 7, chr12:88,519,017-88,519,039 (partial exon 13), chr12:88,514,049-88,514,058 (partial exon 15), chr12:88,502,837-88,502,841 (partial exon 23), chr12:88,481,551-88,481,589 (partial exon 32), chr12:88,471,605-88,471,700 (partial exon 40); CFTR (NM\_000492.3) exon 10; COL4A4 (NM\_000092.4) chr2:227,942,604-227,942,619 (partial exon 25); COX10 (NM\_001303.3) exon 6; CYP11B1 (NM\_000497.3) exons 3-7; CYP11B2 (NM\_000498.3) exons 3-7; DNAI2 (NM\_023036.4) chr17:72,308,136-72,308,147 (partial exon 12); DOK7 (NM\_173660.4) chr4:3,465,131-3,465,161 (partial exon 1) and exon 2; DUOX2 (NM\_014080.4) exons 6-8; EIF2AK3 (NM\_004836.5 exon 8; EVC (NM\_153717.2) exon 1; FH (NM\_000143.3) exon 1; GAMT (NM\_000156.5 exon 1; GLDC (NM\_000170.2) exon 1; GNPTAB (NM\_024312.4) chr17:4,837,000-4,837,400 (partial exon 2); GNPTG (NM\_032520.4) exon 1; GHR (NM\_000163.4) exon 3; GYS2 (NM\_0219573) chr12:21,699,370-21,699,409 (partial exon 12); HGSNAT (NM\_152419.2) exon 1; IDS (NM\_000202.6 exon 3; ITGB4 (NM\_000213.4) chr17:73,749,976-73,750,060 (partial exon 33); JAK3 (NM\_000215.3) chr19:17,950,462-17,950,483 (partial exon 10); LIFR (NM\_002310.5 exon 19; LMBRD1 (NM\_018368.3) chr6:70,459,226-70,459,257 (partial exon 5), chr6:70,447,828-70,447,836 (partial exon 7) and exon 12; LYST (NM\_000081.3) chr1:235,944,158-235,944,176 (partial exon 16) and chr1:235,875,350-235,875,362 (partial exon 43); MLYCD (NM\_012213.2) chr16:83,933,242-83,933,282 (partial exon 1); MTR (NM\_000254.2) chr1 237,024,418-237,024,439 (partial exon 20) and chr1:237,038,019-237,038,029 (partial exon 24); NBEAL2 (NM\_015175.2) chr3 47,021,385-47,021,407 (partial exon 1); NEB (NM\_001271208.1 exons 82-105; NPC1 (NM\_000271.4) chr18:21,123,519-21,123,538 (partial exon 14); NPHP1 (NM\_000272.3) chr2:110,937,251-110,937,263 (partial exon 3); OCRL (NM\_000276.3) chrX:128,674,450-128,674,460 (partial exon 1); PHKB (NM\_000293.2) exon 1 and chr16:47,732,498-47,732,504 (partial exon 30); PIGN (NM\_176787.4) chr18:59,815,547-59,815,576 (partial exon 8); PIP5K1C (NM\_012398.2) exon 1 and chr19:3637602-3637616 (partial exon 17); POU1F1 (NM\_000306.3) exon 5; PTPRC (NM\_002838.4) exons 11 and 23; PUS1 (NM\_025215.5 chr12:132,414,446-132,414,532 (partial exon 2); RPGRIP1L (NM\_015272.2) exon 23; SGSH (NM\_000199.3) chr17;78,194,022-78,194,072 (partial exon 1); SLC6A8 (NM\_005629.3) exons 3 and 4; ST3GAL5 (NM\_003896.3) exon 1; SURF1 (NM\_003172.3) chrg:136,223,269-136,223,307 (partial exon 1); TRPM6 (NM\_017662.4) chrg:77,362,800-77,362,811 (partial exon 31); TSEN54 (NM\_207346.2) exon 1; TYR (NM\_000372.4) exon 5; VWF (NM\_000552.3) exons 24-26, chr12:6,125,675-6,125,684 (partial exon 30), chr12:6,121,244-6,121,265 (partial exon 33), and exon 34.

This test will detect variants within the exons and the intron-exon boundaries of the target regions. Variants outside these regions may not be detected, including, but not limited to, UTRs, promoters, and deep intronic areas, or regions that fall into the Exceptions mentioned above. This technology may not detect all small insertion/deletions and is not diagnostic for repeat expansions and structural genomic variation. In addition, a mutation(s) in a gene not included on the panel could be present in this patient.

Variant interpretation and classification was performed based on the American College of Medical Genetics Standards and Guidelines for the Interpretation of Sequence Variants (Richards et al. 2015). All potentially pathogenic variants may be confirmed by either a specific genotyping assay or Sanger sequencing, if indicated. Any benign variants, likely benign variants or variants of uncertain significance identified during this analysis will not be reported.

Next Generation Sequencing for SMN1





Exonic regions and intron/exon splice junctions of *SMN1* and *SMN2* were captured, sequenced, and analyzed as described above. Any variants located within exons 2a-7 and classified as pathogenic or likely pathogenic were confirmed to be in either *SMN1* or *SMN2* using gene-specific long-range PCR analysis followed by Sanger sequencing. Variants located in exon 1 cannot be accurately assigned to either *SMN1* or *SMN2* using our current methodology, and so these variants are considered to be of uncertain significance and are not reported.

#### Copy Number Variant Analysis (Analytical Detection Rate >95%)

Large duplications and deletions were called from the relative read depths on an exon-by-exon basis using a custom exome hidden Markov model (XHMM) algorithm. Deletions or duplications determined to be pathogenic or likely pathogenic were confirmed by either a custom arrayCGH platform, quantitative PCR, or MLPA (depending on CNV size and gene content). While this algorithm is designed to pick up deletions and duplications of 2 or more exons in length, potentially pathogenic single-exon CNVs will be confirmed and reported, if detected.

#### Exon Array (Confirmation method) (Accuracy >99%)

The customized oligonucleotide microarray (Oxford Gene Technology) is a highly-targeted exon-focused array capable of detecting medically relevant microdeletions and microduplications at a much higher resolution than traditional aCGH methods. Each array matrix has approximately 180,000 60-mer oligonucleotide probes that cover the entire genome. This platform is designed based on human genome NCBI Build 37 (hg19) and the CGH probes are enriched to target the exonic regions of the genes in this panel.

### Quantitative PCR (Confirmation method) (Accuracy >99%)

Th relative quantification PCR is utilized on a Roche Universal Library Probe (UPL) system, which relates the PCR signal of the target region in one group to another. To test for genomic imbalances, both sample DNA and reference DNA is amplified with primer/probe sets that specific to the target region and a control region with known genomic copy number. Relative genomic copy numbers are calculated based on the standard  $\Delta\Delta$ Ct formula.

### Long-Range PCR (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

Long-range PCR was performed to generate locus-specific amplicons for *CYP21A2*, *HBA1* and *HBA2* and *GBA*. The PCR products were then prepared for short-read NGS sequencing and sequenced. Sequenced reads were mapped back to the original genomic locus and run through the bioinformatics pipeline. If indicated, copy number from MLPA was correlated with the sequencing output to analyze the results. For *CYP21A2*, a certain percentage of healthy individuals carry a duplication of the *CYP21A2* gene, which has no clinical consequences. In cases where two copies of a gene are located on the same chromosome in tandem, only the second copy will be amplified and assessed for potentially pathogenic variants, due to size limitations of the PCR reaction. However, because these alleles contain at least two copies of the *CYP21A2* gene in tandem, it is expected that this patient has at least one functional gene in the tandem allele and this patient is therefore less likely to be a carrier. When an individual carries both a duplication allele and a pathogenic variant, or multiple pathogenic variants, the current analysis may not be able to determine the phase (cis/trans configuration) of the *CYP21A2* alleles identified. Family studies may be required in certain scenarios where phasing is required to determine the carrier status.

## Residual Risk Calculations

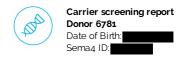
Carrier frequencies and detection rates for each ethnicity were calculated through the combination of internal curations of >30,000 variants and genomic frequency data from >138,000 individuals across seven ethnic groups in the gnomAD database. Additional variants in HGMD and novel deleterious variants were also incorporated into the calculation. Residual risk values are calculated using a Bayesian analysis combining the *a priori* risk of being a pathogenic mutation carrier (carrier frequency) and the detection rate. They are provided only as a guide for assessing approximate risk given a negative result, and values will vary based on the exact ethnic background of an individual. This report does not represent medical advice but should be interpreted by a genetic counselor, medical geneticist or physician skilled in genetic result interpretation and the relevant medical literature.

#### Personalized Residual Risk Calculations

Agilent SureSelect<sup>TM</sup>XT Low-Input technology was utilized in order to create whole-genome libraries for each patient sample. Libraries were then pooled and sequenced on the Illumina NovaSeq platform. Each sequencing lane was multiplexed to achieve 0.4-2x genome coverage, using paired-end 100 bp reads. The sequencing data underwent ancestral analysis using a customized, licensed bioinformatics algorithm that was validated in house. Identified sub-ethnic groupings were binned into one of 7 continental-level groups (African, East Asian, South Asian, Non-Finnish European, Finnish, Native American, and Ashkenazi Jewish) or, for those ethnicities that matched poorly to the continental-level groups, an 8<sup>th</sup> "unassigned" group, which were then used to select residual risk values for each gene. For individuals belonging to multiple high-level ethnic groupings, a weighting strategy was used to select the most appropriate residual risk. For genes that had insufficient data to calculate ethnic-specific residual risk values, or for sub-ethnic groupings that fell into the "unassigned" group, a "worldwide" residual risk was used. This "worldwide" residual risk was calculated using data from all available continental-level groups.

Sanger Sequencing (Confirmation method) (Accuracy >99%)





Sanger sequencing, as indicated, was performed using BigDye Terminator chemistry with the ABI 3730 DNA analyzer with target specific amplicons. It also may be used to supplement specific guaranteed target regions that fail NGS sequencing due to poor quality or low depth of coverage (<20 reads) or as a confirmatory method for NGS positive results. False negative results may occur if rare variants interfere with amplification or annealing.

#### Tay-Sachs Disease (TSD) Enzyme Analysis (Analytical Detection Rate ≥98%)

Hexosaminidase activity and Hex A% activity were measured by a standard heat-inactivation, fluorometric method using artificial 4-MU-β-N-acetyl glucosaminide (4-MUG) substrate. This assay is highly sensitive and accurate in detecting Tay-Sachs carriers and individuals affected with TSD. Normal ranges of Hex A% activity are 55.0-72.0 for white blood cells and 58.0-72.0 for plasma. It is estimated that less than 0.5% of Tay-Sachs carriers have non-carrier levels of percent Hex A activity, and therefore may not be identified by this assay. In addition, this assay may detect individuals that are carriers of or are affected with Sandhoff disease. False positive results may occur if benign variants, such as pseudodeficiency alleles, interfere with the enzymatic assay. False negative results may occur if both *HEXA* and *HEXB* pathogenic or pseudodeficiency variants are present in the same individual.

Please note these tests were developed and their performance characteristics were determined by Sema4 Opco, Inc. They have not been cleared or approved by the FDA. These analyses generally provide highly accurate information regarding the patient's carrier or affected status. Despite this high level of accuracy, it should be kept in mind that there are many potential sources of diagnostic error, including misidentification of samples, polymorphisms, or other rare genetic variants that interfere with analysis. Families should understand that rare diagnostic errors may occur for these reasons.

#### **SELECTED REFERENCES**

#### **Carrier Screening**

Grody W et al. ACMG position statement on prenatal/preconception expanded carrier screening. Genet Med. 2013 15:482-3.

#### Fragile X syndrome:

Chen L et al. An information-rich CGG repeat primed PCR that detects the full range of Fragile X expanded alleles and minimizes the need for Southern blot analysis. *J Mol Diag* 2010 12:589-600.

#### Spinal Muscular Atrophy:

Luo M et al. An Ashkenazi Jewish SMN1 haplotype specific to duplication alleles improves pan-ethnic carrier screening for spinal muscular atrophy. *Genet Med.* 2014 16:149-56.

## Ashkenazi Jewish Disorders:

Scott SA et al. Experience with carrier screening and prenatal diagnosis for sixteen Ashkenazi Jewish Genetic Diseases. *Hum. Mutat.* 2010 31:1-11.

## Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy:

Flanigan KM et al. Mutational spectrum of DMD mutations in dystrophinopathy patients: application of modern diagnostic techniques to a large cohort. *Hum Mutat*: 2009 30:1657-66.

#### Variant Classification:

Richards S et al. Standards and guidelines for the interpretation of sequence variants: a joint consensus recommendation of the American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics and the Association for Molecular Pathology. *Genet Med.* 2015 May;17(5):405-24 Additional disease-specific references available upon request.

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Patient Information:
6781, Donor
DOB:
Sex: M
MR#: 6781
Patient#:

Accession:

Test#:
Order#
Ext Test#:
Ext Order#:
Specimen Type: DNA
Collected: Not provided
Received Date: Jan 19,2023

Authorized Date: Jan 24,2023

Physician:
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ATTN: Seitz, Suzanne
Fairfax Cryobank
3015 Williams Drive
Fairfax, VA 22031
Phone:
Fax:

Laboratory:
Fulgent Genetics
CAP#: 8042697
CLIA#: 05D2043189
Laboratory Director:
Dr. Hanlin (Harry) Gao
Report Date: Feb 10,2023

Final Report

#### **TEST PERFORMED**

### **CEP104 Single Gene**

(1 Gene Panel: CEP104; gene sequencing with deletion and duplication analysis)

#### **RESULTS:**

No clinically significant sequence or copy-number variants were identified in the submitted specimen.

A negative result does not rule out the possibility of a genetic predisposition nor does it rule out any pathogenic mutations of the sort not queried by this test or in areas not reliably assessed by this test.

#### INTERPRETATION:

#### **Notes and Recommendations:**

- As requested, this report only includes variants classified as Pathogenic, Likely Pathogenic, or Risk Allele at the time of analysis. If detected, this report does not include variants classified as of uncertain significance.
- · Gene specific notes and limitations may be present. See below.
- These results should be interpreted in the context of this individual's clinical findings, biochemical profile, and family history.
- Genetic counseling is recommended. Available genetic counselors and additional resources can be found at the National Society of Genetic Counselors (NSGC; <a href="https://www.nsgc.org">https://www.nsgc.org</a>)
- Guide to Interpreting Genomic Reports: A Genomics Toolkit (CSER Consortium; February 2017)
   (<a href="https://www.genome.gov/For-Health-Professionals/Provider-Genomics-Education-Resources#hep">https://www.genome.gov/For-Health-Professionals/Provider-Genomics-Education-Resources#hep</a>)

#### **GENES TESTED:**

#### **CEP104 Single Gene**

1 genes tested (100.00% at >20x).

CEP104

#### **Gene Specific Notes and Limitations**

No gene specific limitations apply to the genes on the tested panel.

#### **METHODS:**

Patient: 6781, Donor; Sex: M; DOB: MR#: 6781 Accession#:
DocID: ; PAGE 1 of 3

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Genomic DNA was isolated from the submitted specimen indicated above (if cellular material was submitted). DNA was barcoded, and enriched for the coding exons of targeted genes using hybrid capture technology. Prepared DNA libraries were then sequenced using a Next Generation Sequencing technology. Following alignment to the human genome reference sequence (assembly GRCh37), variants were detected in regions of at least 10x coverage. For this specimen, 100.00% and 100.00% of coding regions and splicing junctions of genes listed had been sequenced with coverage of at least 10x and 20x, respectively, by NGS or by Sanger sequencing. The remaining regions did not have 10x coverage, and were not evaluated. Variants were interpreted manually using locus specific databases, literature searches, and other molecular biological principles. To minimize false positive results, any variants that do not meet internal quality standards are confirmed by Sanger sequencing. Variants classified as pathogenic, likely pathogenic, or risk allele which are located in the coding regions and nearby intronic regions (+/- 20bp) of the genes listed above are reported. Variants outside these intervals may be reported but are typically not guaranteed. When a single pathogenic or likely pathogenic variant is identified in a clinically relevant gene with autosomal recessive inheritance, the laboratory will attempt to ensure 100% coverage of coding sequences either through NGS or Sanger sequencing technologies ("fill-in"). All genes listed were evaluated for large deletions and/or duplications. However, single exon deletions or duplications will not be detected in this assay, nor will copy number alterations in regions of genes with significant pseudogenes. Putative deletions or duplications identified by NGS are confirmed by an orthogonal method (qPCR or MLPA), unless exceeding an internally specified and validated quality score, beyond which deletions and duplications are considered real without further confirmation. New York patients: diagnostic findings are confirmed by Sanger, MLPA, or qPCR; exception SNV variants in genes for which confirmation of NGS results has been performed >=10 times may not be confirmed if identified with high quality by NGS. Bioinformatics: The Fulgent Germline v2019.2 pipeline was used to analyze this specimen.

#### LIMITATIONS:

These test results and variant interpretation are based on the proper identification of the submitted specimen, accuracy of any stated familial relationships, and use of the correct human reference sequences at the queried loci. In very rare instances, errors may result due to mix-up or co-mingling of specimens. Positive results do not imply that there are no other contributors, genetic or otherwise, to this individual's phenotype, and negative results do not rule out a genetic cause for the indication for testing. Official gene names change over time. Fulgent uses the most up to date gene names based on HUGO Gene Nomenclature Committee (https://www.genenames.org) recommendations. If the gene name on report does not match that of ordered gene, please contact the laboratory and details can be provided. Result interpretation is based on the available clinical and family history information for this individual, collected published information, and Alamut annotation available at the time of reporting. This assay is designed and validated for detection of germline variants only. It is not designed or validated for the detection of low-level mosaicism or somatic mutations. This assay will not detect certain types of genomic aberrations such as translocations, inversions, or repeat expansions (eg. trinucleotide or hexanucleotide repeat expansion). DNA alterations in regulatory regions or deep intronic regions (greater than 20bp from an exon) may not be detected by this test. Unless otherwise indicated, no additional assays have been performed to evaluate genetic changes in this specimen. There are technical limitations on the ability of DNA sequencing to detect small insertions and deletions. Our laboratory uses a sensitive detection algorithm, however these types of alterations are not detected as reliably as single nucleotide variants. Rarely, due to systematic chemical, computational, or human error, DNA variants may be missed. Although next generation sequencing technologies and our bioinformatics analysis significantly reduce the confounding contribution of pseudogene sequences or other highly-homologous sequences, sometimes these may still interfere with the technical ability of the assay to identify pathogenic alterations in both sequencing and deletion/duplication analyses. Deletion/duplication analysis can identify alterations of genomic regions which are two or more contiguous exons in size: single exon deletions or duplications may occasionally be identified, but are not routinely detected by this test. When novel DNA duplications are identified, it is not possible to discern the genomic location or orientation of the duplicated segment, hence the effect of the duplication cannot be predicted. Where deletions are detected, it is not always possible to determine whether the predicted product will remain in-frame or not. Unless otherwise indicated, deletion/duplication analysis has not been performed in regions that have been sequenced by Sanger.

## SIGNATURE:

Zhenbin Chen, Ph.D., CGMBS, FACMG on 2/10/2023 11:18 PM PST

Electronically signed

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## **DISCLAIMER:**

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Fulgent Genetics. It has not been cleared or approved by the FDA. The laboratory is regulated under CLIA as qualified to perform high-complexity testing. This test is used for clinical purposes. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. Since genetic variation, as well as systematic and technical factors, can affect the accuracy of testing, the results of testing should always be interpreted in the context of clinical and familial data. For assistance with interpretation of these results, healthcare professionals may contact us directly at (626) 350-0537 or info@fulgentgenetics.com. It is recommended that patients receive appropriate genetic counseling to explain the implications of the test result, including its residual risks, uncertainties and reproductive or medical options.

Patient: 6781, Donor; Sex: M;

DOB: MR#: 6781

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