

## **Donor 6926**

# **Genetic Testing Summary**

Fairfax Cryobank recommends reviewing this genetic testing summary with your healthcare provider to determine suitability.

Last Updated: 12/11/23

Donor Reported Ancestry: Irish, Slovak Jewish Ancestry: No

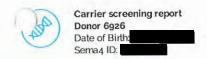
Genetic Test*	Result	Comments/Donor's Residual
		Risk**

Chromosome analysis (karyotype)	Normal male karyotype	No evidence of clinically significant chromosome abnormalities
Hemoglobin evaluation	Normal hemoglobin fractionation and MCV/MCH results	Reduced risk to be a carrier for sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, alpha thalassemia trait (aa/ and a-/a-) and other hemoglobinopathies
Expanded Genetic Disease Carrier Screening Panel attached- 502 diseases by gene sequencing.  Personalized residual risk by gene is in the attached report.	Carrier: Antley-Bixler Syndrome (POR)  Negative for other genes sequenced.	Partner testing recommended before using this donor.
Special testing		
Gene: COLQ	Negative by gene sequencing	

<sup>\*</sup>No single test can screen for all genetic disorders. A negative screening result significantly reduces, but cannot eliminate, the risk for these conditions in a pregnancy.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Donor residual risk is the chance the donor is still a carrier after testing negative.





## Patient Information

Name: Donor 6926

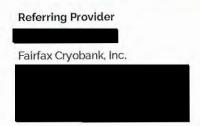
Date of Birth:

Sema4 ID: Client ID:

Indication: Carrier Screening

## Specimen Information

Specimen Type: Blood
Date Collected: 09/30/2022
Date Received: 10/01/2022
Final Report: 10/14/2022



# Expanded Carrier Screen (502 genes)

with Personalized Residual Risk

## SUMMARY OF RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

(1) Positive	○ Negative
Carrier of Antley-Bixler Syndrome ( <i>POR</i> -Related) (AR) Associated gene(s): <i>POR</i>	Negative for all other genes tested To view a full list of genes and diseases tested
Variant(s) Detected: c.859G>C, p.A287P, Pathogenic, Heterozygous (one copy)	please see Table 1 in this report

AR=Autosomal recessive; XL=X-linked

## Recommendations

- Testing the partner for the above positive disorder(s) and genetic counseling are recommended.
- · Please note that for female carriers of X-linked diseases, follow-up testing of a male partner is not indicated.
- CGG repeat analysis of FMR1 for fragile X syndrome is not performed on males as repeat expansion of premutation alleles is not expected
  in the male germline.
- Individuals of Asian, African, Hispanic and Mediterranean ancestry should also be screened for hemoglobinopathies by CBC and hemoglobin electrophoresis.
- Consideration of residual risk by ethnicity after a negative carrier screen is recommended for the other diseases on the panel, especially
  in the case of a positive family history for a specific disorder. Please note that residual risks for X-linked diseases (including full repeat
  expansions for Fragile X syndrome) may not be accurate for males and the actual residual risk is likely to be lower.
- As genetic technologies may improve and variant classifications may change over time, it is recommended to obtain a new carrier screening test or reanalysis when a new pregnancy is being considered.

# Interpretation of positive results

## Antley-Bixler Syndrome (POR-Related) (AR)

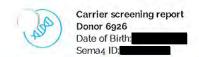
## Results and Interpretation

A heterozygous (one copy) pathogenic missense variant, c.859G>C, p.A287P, was detected in the *POR* gene (NM\_000941.2). When this variant is present in trans with a pathogenic variant, it is considered to be causative for Antley-Bixler syndrome (*POR*-related). Therefore, this individual is expected to be at least a carrier for Antley-Bixler syndrome (*POR*-related). Heterozygous carriers are not expected to exhibit symptoms of this disease.

## What is Antley-Bixler Syndrome (POR-Related)?

Pathogenic variants in the gene *POR* cause an autosomal recessive disorder called Antley-Bixler syndrome, which is a disorder of steroidogenesis. Antley-Bixler syndrome is associated with a broad spectrum of phenotypes, including primary hypogonadism, cortisol deficiency, abnormal genitalia and reproductive abnormalities (delayed puberty, polycystic ovarian syndrome, infertility, and primary





amenorrhea), as well as skeletal malformations (radiohumeral synotosis, craniosynostosis, joint contractures, and midface hypoplasia). Some phenotypes are present from the prenatal period. Pregnancies with severe skeletal malformations may result in stillbirth. Due to craniofacial abnormalities, there is a high incidence of airway compromise which is the primary cause of mortality in the neonatal period.

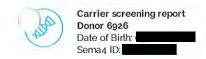
# Test description

This patient was tested for a panel of diseases using a combination of sequencing, targeted genotyping and copy number analysis. Please note that negative results reduce but do not eliminate the possibility that this individual is a carrier for one or more of the disorders tested. Please see Table 1 for a list of genes and diseases tested with the patient's personalized residual risk, If personalized residual risk is not provided, please see the complete residual risk table at **go.sema4.com/residualrisk**. Only variants determined to be pathogenic or likely pathogenic are reported in this carrier screening test.

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Meng Su, Ph.D., FACMG, Laboratory Director





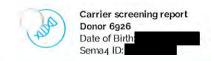
# Genes and diseases tested

The personalized residual risks listed below are specific to this individual. The complete residual risk table is available at go.sema4.com/residualrisk

Table 1: List of genes and diseases tested with detailed results

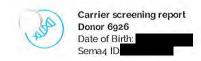
	Disease	Gene	Inheritance Pattern	Status	Detailed Summary
<u>()</u>	Positive				
	Antley-Bixler Syndrome (POR-Related)	POR	AR	Carrier	c.859G>C, p.A287P, Pathogenic, Heterozygous (one copy)
9	Negative				
	2-Methylbutyrylglycinuria	ACADSB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,800
	3-Beta-Hydroxysteroid Dehydrogenase Type II Deficiency	HSD3B2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,300
	3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA Carboxylase Deficiency (MCCC1-Related)	MCCC1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,400
	3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA Carboxylase Deficiency (MCCC2-Related)	MCCC2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
	3-Methylglutaconic Aciduria, Type III	OPA3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 50,000
	3-Phosphoglycerate Dehydrogenase Deficiency	PHGDH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 63,000
	6-Pyruvoyl-Tetrahydropterin Synthase Deficiency	PTS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
	CD59-Mediated Hemolytic Anemia	CD59	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 415,000
	Abetalipoproteinemia	MTTP	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
	Achalasia-Addisonianism-Alacrimia Syndrome	AAAS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4500
	Achromatopsia (CNGA3-Related)	CNGA3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 830
	Achromatopsia (CNGB3-related)	CNGB3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,600
	Acrodermatitis Enteropathica	SLC39A4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk; 1 in 12,000
	Acute Infantile Liver Failure	TRMU	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9.400
	Acyl-CoA Oxidase I Deficiency	ACOX1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 39,000
	Adams-Oliver Syndrome 4	EOGT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 44,000
Ī	Adenosine Deaminase Deficiency	ADA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100
	Adrenocorticotropic Hormone Deficiency	TBX19	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35,000
	Adrenoleukodystrophy, X-Linked	ABCD1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000
	Agammaglobulinemia	ВТК	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 250,000
	Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum	FRMD4A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,393,000
	Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (RNASEH2C- Related)	RNASEH2C	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
	Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (SAMHD1-Related)	SAMHD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
	Aicardi-Goutieres Syndrome (TREX1-Related)	TREX1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
Ī	Albinism, Oculocutaneous, Type III	TYRP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3.500
	Alkaptonuria	HGD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100
	Alpha-Mannosidosis	MAN2B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200
	Alpha-Thalassemia	HBA1/HBA2	AR	Reduced Risk	HBA1 Copy Number: 2 HBA2 Copy Number: 2 No pathogenic copy number variants detecte HBA1/ HBA2 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
	Alpha-Thalassemia Intellectual Disability Syndrome	ATRX	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 48,000
	Alport Syndrome (COL4A3-Related)	COL4A3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800





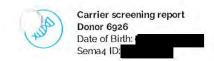
Alport Syndrome (COL4A4-Related)	COL4A4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Alport Syndrome (COL4A5-Related)	COL4A5	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 150,000
Alstrom Syndrome	ALMS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,800
Andermann Syndrome	SLC12A6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 151,000
Argininemia	ARG1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,500
Argininosuccinic Aciduria	ASL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Aromatase Deficiency	CYP19A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,400
Arthrogryposis, Intellectual Disability, and Seizures	SLC35A3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 454,000
Asparagine Synthetase Deficiency	ASNS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 202,000
Aspartylglycosaminuria	AGA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Ataxia With Isolated Vitamin E Deficiency	TTPA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 61,000
Ataxia-Telangiectasia	ATM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,300
Ataxia-Telangiectasia-Like Disorder 1	MRE11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5.500
Autosomal Recessive Spastic Ataxia of Charlevoix-Saguenay	SACS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,600
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (ARL6-Related)	ARL6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 29,000
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS10-Related)	BBS10	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS12-Related)	BBS12	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,900
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS1-Related)	BBS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,400
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2-Related)	BBS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS4-Related)	BBS4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 22,000
Bare Lymphocyte Syndrome, Type II	CIITA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35,000
Barth Syndrome	TAZ	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 183,000
Bartter Syndrome, Type 3	CLCNKB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 740
Bartter Syndrome, Type 4A	BSND	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 91,000
Bernard-Soulier Syndrome, Type A1	GP1BA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 42,000
Bernard-Soulier Syndrome, Type C	GP9	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3.300
Beta-Globin-Related Hemoglobinopathies	HBB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk (Beta-Globin- Related Hemoglobinopathies): 1 in 2,000 Personalized Residual Risk (Beta-Globin- Related Hemoglobinopathies: HbS Variant): 1 790,000 Personalized Residual Risk (Beta-Globin- Related Hemoglobinopathies: HbC Variant): 1 in 2,107,000
Beta-Ketothiolase Deficiency	ACAT1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,400
Beta-Mannosidosis	MANBA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,100
BH4-Deficient Hyperphenylalaninemia C	QDPR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,100
BH4-Deficient Hyperphenylalaninemia D	PCBD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,000
Bilateral Frontoparietal Polymicrogyria	GPR56	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 203,000
Ditaterat i Tontopanetat Potymicrogyna	BTD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 500
Biotinidase Deficiency	DID		The tax to division to	
	BLM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,400
Biotinidase Deficiency		AR AR	Reduced Risk Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,400 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000
Biotinidase Deficiency Bloom Syndrome	BLM			
Biotinidase Deficiency Bloom Syndrome Canavan Disease	BLM ASPA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000
Biotinidase Deficiency Bloom Syndrome Canavan Disease Carbamoylphosphate Synthetase I Deficiency	BLM ASPA CPS1	AR AR	Reduced Risk Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100
Biotinidase Deficiency Bloom Syndrome Canavan Disease Carbamoylphosphate Synthetase I Deficiency Carnitine Acylcarnitine Translocase Deficiency	BLM ASPA CPS1 SLC25A20	AR AR AR	Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,100
Biotinidase Deficiency Bloom Syndrome Canavan Disease Carbamoylphosphate Synthetase I Deficiency Carnitine Acylcarnitine Translocase Deficiency Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase IA Deficiency Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase II Deficiency	BLM ASPA CPS1 SLC25A20 CPT3A	AR AR AR	Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,100 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 24,000
Biotinidase Deficiency Bloom Syndrome Canavan Disease Carbamoylphosphate Synthetase I Deficiency Carnitine Acylcarnitine Translocase Deficiency Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase IA Deficiency Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase II Deficiency Carpenter Syndrome	BLM ASPA CPS1 SLC25A20 CPT1A CPT2	AR AR AR AR	Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,100 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 24,000 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 670
Biotinidase Deficiency Bloom Syndrome Canavan Disease Carbamoylphosphate Synthetase I Deficiency Carnitine Acylcarnitine Translocase Deficiency Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase IA Deficiency Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase II Deficiency	BLM ASPA CPS1 SLC25A20 CPT2A CPT2 RAB23	AR AR AR AR AR AR	Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,100 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 24,000 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 670 Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 21,000





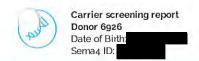
Cerebral Creatine Deficiency Syndrome 1	SLC6A8	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 208,000
Cerebral Creatine Deficiency Syndrome 2	GAMT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100
Cerebral Creatine Deficiency Syndrome 3	GATM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,900
Cerebral Dysgenesis, Neuropathy, Ichthyosis, and Palmoplantar Keratoderma Syndrome	SNAP29	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,730,000
Cerebrotendinous Xanthomatosis	CYP27A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,900
Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type 4D	NDRG1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 730,000
Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type 5 / Arts Syndrome	PRPS1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 114,000
Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, X-Linked	GJB1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
Chediak-Higashi Syndrome	LYST	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,100
Chondrodysplasia Punctata	ARSE	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 862,000
Choreoacanthocytosis	VPS13A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Choroideremia	CHM	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 125,000
Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CYBA-Related)	CYBA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,000
Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CYBB-Related)	CYBB	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk; 1 in 294,000
Citrin Deficiency	SLC25A13	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Citrullinemia, Type 1	ASS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,500
Cockayne Syndrome, Type A	ERCC8	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,900
Cockayne Syndrome, Type B and other <i>ERCC6</i> - Related Disorders	ERCC6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,100
Cohen Syndrome	VPS13B	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,400
Combined Factor V and VIII Deficiency	LMAN1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 102,000
Combined Malonic and Methylmalonic Aciduria	ACSF3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,400
Combined Oxidative Phosphorylation Deficiency 1	GFM1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Combined Oxidative Phosphorylation Deficiency 3	TSFM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 27,000
Combined Pituitary Hormone Deficiency 1	POU1F1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,900
Combined Pituitary Hormone Deficiency 2	PROP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,800
Combined Pituitary Hormone Deficiency 3	LHX3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 140,000
Combined SAP Deficiency	PSAP	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 44,000
Cone-Rod Dystrophy 6 / Leber Congenital Amaurosis 1	GUCY2D	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 11-Beta- Hydroxylase Deficiency	CYP11B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 520
Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 17- Alpha-Hydroxylase Deficiency	CYP17A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 21- Hydroxylase Deficiency	CYP21A2	AR	Reduced Risk	CYP21A2 copy number: 2 CYP21A2 sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk (Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 21-Hydroxylase Deficiency (Non-Classic)): 1 in 200 Personalized Residual Risk (Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia due to 21-Hydroxylase Deficiency (Classic)): 1 in 1,300
Congenital Adrenal Hypoplasia (NRoB1-Related)	NR0B1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 353,000
Congenital Adrenal Insufficiency ( <i>CYP11A1</i> -Related)	CYP11A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,100
Congenital Amegakaryocytic Thrombocytopenia	MPL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3.100
Congenital Bile Acid Synthesis Defect (AKR1D1- Related)	AKR1D1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,900
Congenital Bile Acid Synthesis Defect ( <i>HSD3B7</i> -Related)	HSD3B7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,900
Congenital Disorder of Deglycosylation	NGLY1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 14,000
Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ia	PMM2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 540
Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ib	MPI	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5.600





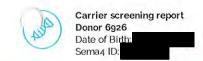
Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Ic	ALG6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,100
Congenital Disorder of Glycosylation, Type Im	DOLK	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 134,000
Congenital Dyserythropoletic Anemia Type 2	SEC23B	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000
Congenital Dyserythropoietic Anemia, Type Ia	CDAN1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 470
Congenital Ichthyosis 4A and 4B	ABCA12	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100
Congenital Insensitivity to Pain with Anhidrosis	NTRK1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,700
Congenital Muscular Dystrophy ( <i>LAMA2-</i> Related)	LAMA2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 640
Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome ( <i>CHAT-</i> Related)	CHAT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,100
Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome ( <i>CHRNE-</i> Related)	CHRNE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,100
Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome ( <i>DOK7</i> - Related)	DOK7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome ( <i>RAPSN</i> - Related)	RAPSN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,900
Congenital Neutropenia ( <i>HAX1</i> -Related)	HAX1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 82,000
Congenital Neutropenia (VPS45-Related)	VPS45	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 163,000
Congenital Nongoitrous Hypothyroidism 1	TSHR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000
Congenital Nongoitrous Hypothyroidism 4	TSHB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 118,000
Congenital Secretory Chloride Diarrhea 1	SLC26A3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,400
Corneal Dystrophy and Perceptive Deafness	SLC4A11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,600
Corticosterone Methyloxidase Deficiency	CYP11B2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500
Cystic Fibrosis	CFTR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 440
Cystinosis	CTNS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,700
Cystinuria ( <i>SLC3A1</i> -Related)	SLC3A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 590
Cytochrome C Oxidase Deficiency / Leigh Syndrome ( <i>COX15</i> -Related)	COX15	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,300
D-Bifunctional Protein Deficiency	HSD17B4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,000
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 3	MYO15A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 240
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 59	PJVK	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 57,000
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 7	TMC1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 76	SYNE4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 43,000
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 77	LOXHD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,700
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 8/10	TMPRSS3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 510
Deafness, Autosomal Recessive 9	OTOF	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Desbuquois Dysplasia 1	CANT1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 24,000
Desmosterolosis	DHCR24	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 27,000
Diaphanospondylodysostosis	BMPER	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 18,000
Distal Renal Tubular Acidosis and other <i>SLC4A1</i> -related Disorders	SLC4A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000
Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy / Becker Muscular Dystrophy	DMD	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Dyskeratosis Congenita (DKC1-related)	DKC1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,259,000
Dyskeratosis Congenita ( <i>RTEL1</i> -Related)	RTEL1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,800
Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa	COL7A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 900
Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VI	PLOD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000
Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome, Type VIIC	ADAMTS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 243,000
Ellis-Van Creveld Syndrome (EVC2-Related)	EVC2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,300
Ellis-van Creveld Syndrome (EVC-Related)	EVC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4200
Emery-Dreifuss Myopathy 1	EMD	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 833,000
Enhanced S-Cone Syndrome	NR2E3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600
Ethylmalonic Encephalopathy	ETHE1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3.400
Fabry Disease	GLA	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,700





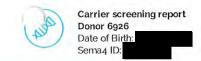
Factor IX Deficiency	F9	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100
Factor VII Deficiency	F7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 450
Factor XI Deficiency	F11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500
Familial Autosomal Recessive Hypercholesterolemia	LDLRAP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 136,000
Familial Dysautonomia	IKBKAP	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 51,000
Familial Hypercholesterolemia	LDLR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 280
Familial Hyperinsulinemic Hypoglycemia 4 / 3- Hydroxyacyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	HADH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
Familial Hyperinsulinism (ABCC8-Related)	ABCC8	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 450
Familial Hyperinsulinism (KCNJ11-Related)	KCNJ11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5.300
Familial Hyperphosphatemic Tumoral Calcinosis	GALNT3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,800
Familial Mediterranean Fever	MEFV	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Fanconi Anemia, Group A	FANCA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1.100
Fanconi Anemia, Group C	FANCC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Fanconi Anemia, Group G	FANCG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 28,000
Fanconi-Bickel Syndrome	SLC2A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,000
Fragile X Syndrome	FMR1	XL	Reduced Risk	FMR1 CGG repeat sizes: Not Performed FMR1 Sequencing: Negative Fragile X CGG triplet repeat expansion testing was not performed at this time, as the patient has either been previously tested or is a male Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 19,000
Fructose-1,6-Bisphosphatase Deficiency	FBP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,600
Fucosidosis	FUCA1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
Fumarase Deficiency	FH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,500
Fundus Albipunctatus	RDH5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
Galactokinase Deficiency	GALK1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
Galactose Epimerase Deficiency	GALE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,600
Galactosemia	GALT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
Galactosialidosis	CTSA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,900
Gaucher Disease	GBA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,300
Generalized Thyrotropin-Releasing Hormone Resistance	TRHR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 104,000
Geroderma Osteodysplasticum	GORAB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 70,000
Gitelman Syndrome	SLC12A3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 290
Glanzmann Thrombasthenia (ITGA2B-Related)	ITGA2B	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Glanzmann Thrombasthenia (ITGB3-Related)	ITGB3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600
Glutaric Acidemia, Type I	GCDH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
Glutaric Acidemia, Type IIa	ETFA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,700
Glutaric Acidemia, Type IIb	ETFB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5.900
Glutaric Acidemia, Type IIc	ETFDH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700
Glutathione Synthetase Deficiency	GSS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3.500
Glycine Encephalopathy (AMT-Related)	AMT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,700
Glycine Encephalopathy (GLDC-Related)	GLDC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 760
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type o	GYS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type la	G6PC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,300
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type Ib	SLC37A4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,300
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type II	GAA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 520
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type III	AGL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,600
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type IV / Adult Polyglucosan Body Disease	GBE1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk; 1 in 2,400
	20001			Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,600





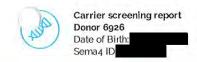
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type V	PYGM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk; 1 in 1,200
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type VI	PYGL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type VII	PFKM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,300
GRACILE Syndrome and Other <i>BCS1L</i> -Related Disorders	BCS1L	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3.900
Gray Platelet Syndrome	NBEAL2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,800
Growth Hormone Deficiency, Type IB	GHRHR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,900
Hemochromatosis, Type 2A	HFE2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
lemochromatosis, Type 3	TFR2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
lereditary Fructose Intolerance	ALDOB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,900
lereditary Spastic Paraparesis 49	TECPR2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 116,000
Hermansky-Pudlak Syndrome, Type 1	HPS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3.500
Hermansky-Pudlak Syndrome, Type 3	HPS3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 49,000
Hermansky-Pudlak Syndrome, Type 4	HPS4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35,000
lermansky-Pudlak Syndrome, Type 6	HPS6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 87,000
HMG-CoA Lyase Deficiency	HMGCL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
Hmg-CoA Synthase 2 Deficiency	HMGCS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
Holocarboxylase Synthetase Deficiency	HLCS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5.500
Homocystinuria ( <i>CBS</i> -Related)	CBS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Homocystinuria due to MTHFR Deficiency	MTHFR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,300
Homocystinuria, cblE Type	MTRR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,600
Homocystinuria-Megaloblastic Anemia, Cobalamin G Type	MTR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100
Hydrocephalus	L1CAM	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 40,000
Hydrolethalus Syndrome	HYLS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 52,000
-lyper-lgm Syndrome	CD40LG	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,167,000
Hyperornithinemia-Hyperammonemia- Homocitrullinuria Syndrome	SLC25A15	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5.700
Hyperuricemia, Pulmonary Hypertension, Renal Failure, and Alkalosis	SARS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 23,000
Hypohidrotic Ectodermal Dysplasia 1	EDA	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 22,000
Hypomagnesemia 1	TRPM6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
Hypomyelinating Leukodystrophy 3	AIMP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 341,000
-lypomyelinating Leukodystrophy 12	VPS11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 72,000
Hypoparathyroidism-Retardation-Dysmorphic Syndrome	TBCE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 21,000
Hypophosphatasia	ALPL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 790
Hypophosphatemic Rickets with Hypercalciuria	SLC34A3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Hypotrichosis 8 / Autosomal Recessive Woolly Hair 1	LPAR6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 27,000
mmunodeficiency 18	CD3E	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 73,000
mmunodeficiency 19	CD3D	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000
nclusion Body Myopathy 2	GNE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
nfantile Cerebral and Cerebellar Atrophy	MED17	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 129,000
nfantile Neuroaxonal Dystrophy 1 and other PLA2G6-Related Disorders	PLA2G6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 690
Intellectual Disability, Autosomal Recessive 3	CC2D1A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 220,000
Intrahepatic Cholestasis	ATP8B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Isovaleric Acidemia	IVD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
Joubert Syndrome 2	TMEM216	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 152,000
Joubert Syndrome 4 / Senior-Loken Syndrome 1 / Juvenile Nephronophthisis 1	NPHP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 21,000
Joubert Syndrome 7 / Meckel Syndrome 5 /	RPGRIP1L	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 32,000





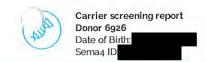
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>COL17A1</i> - Related)	COL17A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 25,000
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>ITGA6</i> - Related)	ITGA6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 125.000
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>ITGB4-</i> Related)	ITGB4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk; 1 in 2,400
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>LAMA3</i> - Related)	LAMA3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 21,000
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>LAMB3</i> - Related)	LAMB3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,900
Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa ( <i>LAMC2</i> -Related)	LAMC2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 77,000
Kohlschutter-Tonz Syndrome	ROGDI	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,300
Krabbe Disease	GALC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 860
Lamellar Ichthyosis, Type 1	TGM1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500
Laron Dwarfism	GHR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,700
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 10 and Other CEP290-Related Ciliopathies	CEP290	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 13	RDH12	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5.500
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 15 / Retinitis Pigmentosa 14	TULP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,800
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 2 / Retinitis Pigmentosa 20	RPE65	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,500
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 4	AIPL1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 5	LCA5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 14,000
Leber Congenital Amaurosis 8 / Retinitis Pigmentosa 12 / Pigmented Paravenous Chorioretinal Atrophy	CRB1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 990
Leigh Syndrome (NDUFS7-Related)	NDUFS7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 26,000
Leigh Syndrome (SURF1-Related)	SURF1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,400
Leigh Syndrome, French-Canadian Type	LRPPRC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 32,000
Lethal Congenital Contracture Syndrome 1 / Lethal Arthrogryposis with Anterior Horn Cell Disease	GLE1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Lethal Congenital Contracture Syndrome 2	ERBB3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 96,000
Lethal Congenital Contracture Syndrome 3	PIP5K1C	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 318,000
Leukoencephalopathy with Vanishing White Matter	EIF2B5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,300
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2A	CAPN3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 960
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2B	DYSF	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2C	SGCG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,900
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2D	SGCA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2E	SGCB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 31,000
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2F	SGCD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 52,000
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2H	TRIM32	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 21	FKRP	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy, Type 2L	ANO5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 660
Lipoamide Dehydrogenase Deficiency	DLD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 14,000
Lipoid Adrenal Hyperplasia	STAR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,600
Lipoprotein Lipase Deficiency	LPL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,400
Long-Chain 3-Hydroxyacyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	HADHA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,900
Lowe Syndrome	OCRL	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,375,000
Lysinuric Protein Intolerance	SLC7A7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,000
Malonyl-CoA Decarboxylase Deficiency	MLYCD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,800
Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 1a	BCKDHA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100





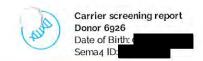
Maple Syrup Urine Disease, Type 2	DBT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,600
Meckel Syndrome 1 / Bardet-Biedl Syndrome 13	MKS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700
Medium Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	ACADM	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
MEDNIK Syndrome	AP1S1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 211,000
Megalencephalic Leukoencephalopathy with Subcortical Cysts	MLC1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,300
Megaloblastic Anemia 1	AMN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,300
Menkes Disease	ATP7A	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 172,000
Metachromatic Leukodystrophy	ARSA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000
Methionine Adenosyltransferase I/III Deficiency	MAT1A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk; 1 in 1,900
Methylmalonic Acidemia (MMAA-Related)	MMAA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 15,000
Methylmalonic Acidemia ( <i>MMAB</i> -Related)	MMAB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Methylmalonic Acidemia ( <i>MUT</i> -Related)	MUT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk; 1 in 1,300
Methylmalonic Aciduria and Homocystinuria, Cobalamin C Type	ММАСНС	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,800
Methylmalonic Aciduria and Homocystinuria, Cobalamin D Type	MMADHC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 219,000
Methylmalonic Aciduria and Homocystinuria, Cobalamin F Type	LMBRD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,600
Methylmalonyl-CoA Epimerase Deficiency	MCEE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 98,000
Microphthalmia / Anophthalmia	VSX2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 40,000
Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency (ACAD9- Related)	ACAD9	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Mitochondrial Complex   Deficiency ( <i>NDUFA11</i> - Related)	NDUFA11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 414,000
Mitochondrial Complex   Deficiency ( <i>NDUFAF5</i> - Related)	NDUFAF5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 98,000
Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency ( <i>NDUFS6</i> - Related)	NDUFS6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 353,000
Mitochondrial Complex I Deficiency ( <i>NDUFV1</i> - Related)	NDUFV1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 870
Mitochondrial Complex   Deficiency / Leigh Syndrome ( <i>FOXRED1</i> -Related)	FOXRED1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Mitochondrial Complex   Deficiency / Leigh Syndrome ( <i>NDUFAF2</i> -Related)	NDUFAF2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 168,000
Mitochondrial Complex   Deficiency / Leigh Syndrome ( <i>NDUFS4</i> -Related)	NDUFS4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 41,000
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency (COX20- related)	COX20	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 42,000
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency ( <i>COX6B1</i> - related)	COX6B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,116,000
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency ( <i>APOPT</i> 1- Related)	APOPT1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency ( <i>PET100</i> - Related)	PET100	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 469,000
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency ( <i>SCO1</i> -related)	SCO1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Mitochondrial Complex IV Deficiency / Leigh Syndrome ( <i>COX10</i> -Related)	COX10	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
Mitochondrial DNA Depletion Syndrome 2	TK2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,900
Mitochondrial DNA Depletion Syndrome 3	DGUOK	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,200
Mitochondrial DNA Depletion Syndrome 4A and 4B and other <i>POLG</i> -Related Disorders	POLG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 320
Mitochondrial DNA Depletion Syndrome 5	SUCLA2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 78,000
Mitochondrial DNA Depletion Syndrome 6 / Navajo Neurohepatopathy	MPV17	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4.400
Mitochondrial Myopathy and Sideroblastic Anemia 1	PUS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 449,000
Mitochondrial Trifunctional Protein Deficiency ( <i>HADHB</i> -Related)	HADHB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,000





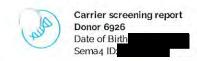
Molybdenum Cofactor Deficiency A	MOCS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,700
Aucolipidosis II / IIIA	GNPTAB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100
Mucolipidosis III Gamma	GNPTG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 68,000
Mucolipidosis IV	MCOLN1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,400
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type I	IDUA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,300
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type II	IDS	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 76,000
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIA	SGSH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIB	NAGLU	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 950
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIC	HGSNAT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIID	GNS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 137,000
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IVa	GALNS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 690
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IVb / GM1 Gangliosidosis	GLB1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700
Mucopolysaccharidosis type IX	HYAL1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 149,000
Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI	ARSB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1.300
Mucopolysaccharidosis VII	GUSB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600
Mulibrey Nanism	TRIM37	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 31,000
Multiple Congenital Anomalies-Hypotonia- Seizures Syndrome 1	PIGN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,800
Multiple Pterygium Syndrome	CHRNG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,900
Multiple Sulfatase Deficiency	SUMF1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 69,000
Muscle-Eye-Brain Disease and Other <i>POMGNT1-</i> Related Congenital Muscular Dystrophy- Dystroglycanopathies	POMGNT1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,200
Myoneurogastrointestinal Encephalopathy	TYMP	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100
Myotubular Myopathy 1	MTM1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 192,000
N-Acetylglutamate Synthase Deficiency	NAGS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
Nemaline Myopathy 2	NEB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,400
Nephrogenic Diabetes insipidus ( <i>AVPR2-</i> related)/ Nephrogenic Syndrome of Inappropriate Antidiuresis	AVPR2	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 471,000
Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus, Type II	AQP2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,400
Nephronophthisis 2	INVS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 56,000
Nephrotic Syndrome ( <i>NPHS1</i> -Related) / Congenital Finnish Nephrosis	NPHS1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 920
Nephrotic Syndrome ( <i>NPHS2</i> -Related) / Steroid-Resistant Nephrotic Syndrome	NPHS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 780
Neurodegeneration due to Cerebral Folate Transport Deficiency	FOLR1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5.300
Neurodevelopmental Disorder with Progressive Microcephaly, Spasticity, and Brain Anomalies	PLAA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 229,000
Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (CLN3-Related)	CLN3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis ( <i>CLN5</i> -Related)	CLN5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,300
Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (CLN6-Related)	CLN6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,600
Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (CLN8-Related)	CLN8	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,100
Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis ( <i>MFSD8-</i> Related)	MFSD8	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,200
Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (PPT1-Related)	PPT1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,500
Neuronal Ceroid-Lipofuscinosis (TPP1-Related)	TPP1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,300
Niemann-Pick Disease ( <i>SMPD1</i> -Related)	SMPD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Niemann-Pick Disease, Type C (NPC1-Related)	NPC1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 690
Niemann-Pick Disease, Type C ( <i>NPC2</i> -Related)	NPC2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,600
Nijmegen Breakage Syndrome	NBN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 14,000
Non-Syndromic Hearing Loss (GJB2-Related)	GJB2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 600
Oculocutaneous Albinism, Type IA / IB	TYR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 240





Oculocutaneous Albinism, Type IV	SLC45A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 830
Odonto-Onycho-Dermal Dysplasia / Schopf- Schulz-Passarge Syndrome	WNT10A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,900
Omenn Syndrome ( <i>RAG2</i> -Related)	RAG2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 17,000
Omenn Syndrome / Severe Combined mmunodeficiency, Athabaskan-Type	DCLRE1C	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5.500
Omenn Syndrome and other <i>RAG1</i> -Related Disorders	RAG1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 850
Ornithine Aminotransferase Deficiency	OAT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,400
Ornithine Transcarbamylase Deficiency	OTC	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 103,000
Osteogenesis Imperfecta, Type XI	FKBP10	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,500
Osteopetrosis 1	TCIRG1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,700
Osteopetrosis 8	SNX10	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 16,000
Otospondylomegaepiphyseal Dysplasia / Deafness / Fibrochondrogenesis 2	COL11A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
apillon-Lefevre Syndrome	CTSC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,000
Pendred Syndrome	SLC26A4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 390
Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder 3A and 3B	PEX12	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 30,000
Peroxisome Biogenesis Disorder 7A and 7B	PEX26	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 70,000
Phenylalanine Hydroxylase Deficiency	PAH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 340
Polycystic Kidney Disease, Autosomal Recessive	PKHD1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 450
Polyglandular Autoimmune Syndrome, Type 1	AIRE	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,300
Pontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 1A	VRK1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 25,000
Pontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 1B	EXOSC3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Ontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 2A and Type 4	TSEN54	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,700
Pontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 2E	VPS53	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 139,000
Pontocerebellar Hypoplasia, Type 6	RARS2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,600
Primary Carnitine Deficiency	SLC22A5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500
Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>CCDC103</i> -Related)	CCDC103	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 27,000
Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia (CCDC151-Related)	CCDC151	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 59,000
Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>CCDC39</i> -Related)	CCDC39	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>DNAH5</i> -Related)	DNAH5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500
Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>DNAI1</i> -Related)	DNAh	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,000
Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>DNAI2</i> -Related)	DNAI2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 76,000
Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia ( <i>RSPHg-</i> Related)	RSPH9	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 253,000
Primary Coenzyme Q10 Deficiency 7	COQ4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Primary Congenital Glaucoma 3A	CYP1B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk; 1 in 880
Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 1	AGXT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,900
Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 2	GRHPR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
Primary Hyperoxaluria, Type 3	HOGA1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,400
Progressive Cerebello-Cerebral Atrophy	SEPSECS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,400
Progressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis, Type 2	ABCB11	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 950
Progressive Myoclonic Epilepsy, Type 1B	PRICKLE1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 98,000
Progressive Pseudorheumatoid Dysplasia	WISP3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,600
Prolidase Deficiency	PEPD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 30,000
Propionic Acidemia ( <i>PCCA</i> -Related)	PCCA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,600
Propionic Acidemia ( <i>PCCB</i> -Related)	PCCB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Pulmonary Surfactant Dysfunction	ABCA3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Pycnodysostosis	CTSK	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,100
Pyridoxamine 5'-Phosphate Oxidase Deficiency	PNPO	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000

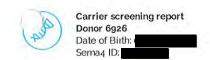




youwate Dehydrogemane Es-Alpha Deficiency PDFA11 XI Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risks: 1n 1200.007 youwate Dehydrogemase Es-Deta Deficiency PDFA12 AH Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risks: 1n 1200.007	Pyridoxine-Dependent Epilepsy	ALDH7A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,100
Pyrovate Dehydriogenase Es-Bela Deficiency PDHB AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risks: in 16,000 Personalized Residual Risks: in 18,000 Personalized Residual Risks: in	Pyruvate Carboxylase Deficiency	PC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,000
Ternal Tubular Acideois and Denfriess ATPSVIBI AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 5,500 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 5,500 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 5,500 Retinities Rigmentosa 26 CFRI AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 3,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 28 FAMEBRA AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 3,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 28 FAMEBRA AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 3,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 29 DPLOS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 3,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Paradet-Bield Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Retinities Rigmentosa 64 Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 6,000 Ret	Pyruvate Dehydrogenase E1-Alpha Deficiency	PDHA1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 139,000
Tetlinitis Pigmontosa 26  EYS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 1,000  Retainitis Pigmontosa 26  CERRL  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 3,000  Retainitis Pigmontosa 28  FAMSIGA AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 3,000  Retainitis Pigmontosa 36  PRCD  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Retainitis Pigmontosa 69  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Retainitis Pigmontosa 69  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Retainitis Pigmontosa 69  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Retainitis Pigmontosa 67  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Riskoneide Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Riskoneide Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Riskoneide Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Riskoneide Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Riskoneide Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Riskoneide Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Riskoneide Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Risks and Pepper Developmental Regression  Fig. 4A  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Risks and AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Risks and Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Risks and Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risks: 1 in 30,000  Risks and	Pyruvate Dehydrogenase E1-Beta Deficiency	PDHB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 15,000
Retinitis Pigmentosa 26  CERIR. AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,000 retinitis Pigmentosa 28  FAMISIA AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,000 Retinitis Pigmentosa 36  Retinitis Pigmentosa 59  Retinitis Pigmentosa 67  Retinitis Pigmentosa 68  Retinitis Pigmentosa 67  Retinitis Pigmentosa	Renal Tubular Acidosis and Deafness	ATP6V1B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,600
Retinitis Pigmentosa 28  FAMBBA  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 34,000  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 34,000  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 34,000  Retinitis Pigmentosa 6.4 / Particle Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 63,000  Retinitis Pigmentosa 6.4 / Particle Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 63,000  Retinitis Pigmentosa 6.4 / Particle Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Retinitis Pigmentosa 6.4 / Particle Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Retinitis Pigmentosa 6.4 / Particle Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome  ESCO2  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome  ESCO2  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome  ESCO2  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome  ESCO2  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome  ESCO3  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome  ESCO3  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome S / Microcophaty 9  CEPS2  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Roberts Syndrome S / Microcophaty 9  CEPS2  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Roberts Syndrome S / Microcophaty 9  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Roberts Syndrome S / Microcophaty 9  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Roberts Syndrome S / Microcophaty 9  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Roberts Syndrome S / Microcophaty 9  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Roberts Syndrome S / Microcophaty 9  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Roberts Syndrome S / Microcophaty 9  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000  Roberts Syndrome	Retinitis Pigmentosa 25	EYS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Technitis Figmentosa 36  DHDDS  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 304,000  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 304,000  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 165,000  Risk Deficiency Syndrome  Riving Market Residual Risk: 1 in 168,000  Riving Syndrome  Riving AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 168,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 168,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 130,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 130,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 130,000  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 130,000  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 180,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 180,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 180,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 180,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 180,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 180,000  Riving Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 180,000  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Reduced	Retinitis Pigmentosa 26	CERKL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 13,000
Retintils Figmentosa 64 / Bardet-Bleidt	Retinitis Pigmentosa 28	FAM161A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 34,000
Leithritis Rijmentosa 64 / Bardet-Biedt gyndrome 21 / Conn-Red Dystrophy 16 RPAG RR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 168.000 Rh Beficiency Syndrome RPAG RR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Rh Beficiency Syndrome Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Roberts Syndrome ESCO2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 18,000 Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Reduced Risk Personalized	Retinitis Pigmentosa 36	PRCD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 304,000
Syndrome 2.1 / Cone-Rod Dystrophy 16  RPAG AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Rhizomella Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 1  PEXT AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome ESCO2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome ESCO2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome ESCO2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000  Roberts Syndrome State of Personalized Residual Risk: 1 i	Retinitis Pigmentosa 59	DHDDS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 601,000
Althornelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 1  PEXT AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 ARR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Replayerin Reductase Deficiency Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Replayerin Reductase Deficiency Reserve Combined Immunodeficiency (ULTR- ILTR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Reserve Combined Immunodeficiency (ULTR- ILTR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Reserve Combined Immunodeficiency (UTR- ILTR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Reserve Combined Immunodeficiency (UTRR- Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Reserve Resonal Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Reserve Resonal Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Residual Risk: 1 in 2,00	10.0 mm - 10.0	C8ORF37	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 168,000
Rizionellic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3 AGPS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 620,000 Roberts Syndrome ESCO2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 18,000 Salta Disease SLCZA6 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 32,000 Salta Disease SLCZA6 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 25,000 Salta Disease HEXB AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 25,000 Sandhoff Disease HEXB AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 25,000 Seckel Syndrome 5 / Microcephaly 9 CEPIS2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,800 Seckel Syndrome 5 / Microcephaly 9 CEPIS2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,800 Segava Syndrome TH AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,800 Segava Syndrome TH AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (LL7R- telated) Lyra Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (LL7R- telated) Lyra Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (LL7R- telated) Lyra Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (LL7R- telated) Lyra Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (LL7R- telated) Lyra Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (LL7R- telated) Lyra Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (LL7R- telated) Lyra Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (LL7R- telated) Lyra Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (LL7R- telated) Lyra Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (LL7R- telated) Lyra Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (LL7R- telated) Lyra Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,5000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency	Rh Deficiency Syndrome	RHAG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000
Roberts Syndrome  ESCO2  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 139,000 salta Disease  SLCIPA5  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 18,000 syndrome  TSGALL5  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 syndrome  TSGALL5  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 18,000 syndrome  TH  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 18,000 sieckel Syndrome 5 / Microcephalty 9  CEPU2  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 siegawa Syndrome  TH  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 siegawa Syndrome  TH  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 siegawa Syndrome  TH  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 severe Combined Immunodeficiency ( <i>ULTR</i> - related)  Severe Combined Immunodeficiency ( <i>ULTR</i> - related)  Severe Combined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VLTR</i> - related)  By Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 severe Combined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VLTR</i> - related)  By Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 severe Combined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VLTR</i> - related)  By Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 severe Combined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VLTR</i> - related)  By Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 severe Combined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VTPRC</i> -  By PERC  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 severe Combined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VTPRC</i> -  By PERC  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 severe Combined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VTPRC</i> -  By PERC  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Compined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VTPRC</i> -  By PERC  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Compined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VTPRC</i> -  By PERC  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Compined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VTPRC</i> -  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Compined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VTPRC</i> -  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Compined Immunodeficiency ( <i>VTPRC</i> -  AR  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000	Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 1	PEX7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Salta nDisease SLC17A5 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,000 salt and Pepper Developmental Regression ST3GAL5 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 yordome Sandhoff Disease HEXB AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800 schimke Immunoosseous Dysplasia SMARCAL1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800 schimke Immunoosseous Dysplasia SMARCAL1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800 schel Syndrome 5 / Microcephaly 9 CEPUs AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700 segawa Syndrome TH AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700 sepiapterin Reductase Deficiency SPR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,800 severe Combined Immunodeficiency (UL7R- telated) AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 severe Combined Immunodeficiency (PURC- telated) AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 severe Combined Immunodeficiency (PURC- telated) AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Combined Immunodeficiency (PURC- telated) AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Compenital Neutropenia 4 GGPC3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Compenital Neutropenia 4 GGPC3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism Gast Stature, Onychodysplasia, Facial Dysmorphism, and Hyperforthosis AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism ACASS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism ACASS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism ACASS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism ACASS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism ACASS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism ACASS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residua	Rhizomelic Chondrodysplasia Punctata, Type 3	AGPS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 620,000
Satt and Pepper Developmental Regression ST2GAL5 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 25000 Spridrome  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1800 Schimke Immunoosseous Dysplasia SMARCAL1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1800 Seekel Syndrome TH AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1800 Segawa Syndrome TH AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1800 Segawa Syndrome TH AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1800 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency SPR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR- Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR- Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR- Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR- Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ITRR- Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ITRR- Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ITRR- Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ITRR- Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparatryroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparatryroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase ACADS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1700 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase ACADS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1700 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase ACADS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1700 Spanith-Lemil-Opitz Syndrome ALDEBA2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1700 Spanith-Lemil-Opitz Syndrome ALDEBA2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1700 Spanith-Lemil-Opitz Syndrome AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1700	Roberts Syndrome	ESCO2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 139,000
Syndrome	Salla Disease	SLC17A5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,400
Schimke Immunoosseous Dysplasia SMARCAL1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,800 Secket Syndrome 5 / Microcephalty 9 CEP162 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700 Segawa Syndrome TH AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700 Segawa Syndrome TH AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500 Seplapherin Reductase Deficiency SPR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500 Seplapherin Reductase Deficiency SPR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Seplapherin Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR-Telated)  Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR-Telated)  JAK3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR-Telated)  JAK3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR-Telated)  Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR-Telated)  JAK3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR-Telated)  Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR-Telated)  JAK3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparativolism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparativolism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparativolism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase ACADS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase ACADS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase ACADS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Signger-Larsson Syndrome ALDH32 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Signger-Larsson Syndrome ALDH32 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Signger-Larsson Syndrome ALDH32 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Signatic Personalized Residual Risk: 1	[2012] [11] (12] (2] (12] (13] (14] (15] (15] (15] (15] (15] (15] (15] (15	ST3GAL5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 25,000
Seckel Syndrome § / Microcephaly 9  CEPIG2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700 Segawa Syndrome  TH  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500 Segawa Syndrome  TH  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,500 Severe Combined Immunodeficlency (ILTR- teated)  JAKG  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficlency (ILTR- teated)  JAKG  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficlency (PTPRC-  PTPRC  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficlency (PTPRC-  PTPRC  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficlency (PTPRC-  PTPRC  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficlency (PTPRC-  PTPRC  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  CASR  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  CASR  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  CASR  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  CASR  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  ACADS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  ACADS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Signern-Larisson Syndrome  ALDH2A2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Sepatic Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Sepatic Personalized	Sandhoff Disease	HEXB	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Sepawa Syndrome TH AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,100 Sepiapterin Reductase Deficiency SPR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR- land Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR- land Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ITTRC- leatated)  JAKG AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ITTRC- leatated)  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ITTRC- leatated)  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500 Severe Componital Neutropenia 4 G6PC3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,500 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Severe Neonatal Hype	Schimke Immunoosseous Dysplasia	SMARCAL1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,800
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Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (ILTR- telated)  JAK3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000  Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (PTRC- telated)  JAK3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,500  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Revere Compenital Neutropenia 4  G6PC3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Revere Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  CASR  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Revere Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  CASR  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Revere Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  CASR  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Reduced Risk  Reduced Risk  Persona	Segawa Syndrome	TH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,100
Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (IMR3- telated)  Figure Combined Immunodeficiency (IMR3- Telated Risk (Image)  Figure Combined Immunodeficiency  Figure Combined Immunodeficiency  Figure Combined Immunodeficiency  Figure Combined Risk (Image)  Figure Combined Risk (Image)  Figure Combined Risk (Im	Sepiapterin Reductase Deficiency	SPR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 35,000
Related)  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8,500  Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (PTPRC- Related)  AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000  Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000  Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase  ACADS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000  Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase  ACADS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000  Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase  ACADS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase  ACADS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase  ACADS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Shadidosis, Type I and Type II  NEU1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase  ALDH3A2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000  Shadic Tetraplegia Thin Corpus Callosum, and Progressive Microcephaly  Spastic Paraplegia 15  ZFYVE26 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 85,000  Spastic Tetraplegia, Thin Corpus Callosum, and Progressive Microcephaly  Sphala Muscular Atrophy  SMN1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  SMN1 Copy number: 2  SMN2 copy number: 2  SMN2 copy number: 2  SMN3 copy number: 2  SMN3 copy number: 2  SMN3 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  Sphala Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory  Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type Sphala Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory  Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type Sphala Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory  Spinal Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory  Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type Sphala (DDR2-  PDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000  Spondy	[ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [	IL7R	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 20,000
Related)  Related AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,000 Severe Congenital Neutropenia 4 G6PC3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism CASR AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Periclency  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Periclency  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Periclency  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Periclency  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Periclency  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Periclency  Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogen	Related)	JAK3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,100
Severe Neonatal Hyperparathyroidism  CASR  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700 Short Stature, Onychodysplasia, Facial Dysmorphism, and Hypotrichosis  ACADS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000 Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency  ACADS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1660  ACADS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700 Shwachman-Diamond Syndrome  SBDS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000  ACADS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000  ACADS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 750  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 750  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 855000  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  SMN1 copp number: 2  SMN2 copp number: 1  C'3'80T>G: Negative  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized R		PTPRC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 8.500
Short Stature, Onychodysplasia, Facial Dysmorphism, and Hypotrichosis POCIA AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000 Shwachman-Dlamond Syndrome SBDS AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1700 Sialidosis, Type I and Type II NEU1 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000 Signer-Larsson Syndrome ALDH3A2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000 Smith-Lemli-Opitz Syndrome DHCR7 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 750 Spastic Paraplegia 15 ZFYVE26 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000 Spastic Tetraplegia, Thin Corpus Callosum, and Pergoressive Microcephaly Sherocytosis, Type 5 EPB42 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 855,000 SMN1 copy number: 2 SMN2 copy number: 1 C 3,80 ToC; Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,107 Spinal Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type Spinal Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type (GHMBP2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200 Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1 DLL3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200 Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200 Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200 Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200 Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200 Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200 Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200 Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200 Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200 Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2	Severe Congenital Neutropenia 4	G6PC3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 10,000
Dysmorphism, and Hypotrichosis  ACADS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 106,000  Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase  ACADS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 106,000  Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase  ACADS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700  Shalidosis, Type I and Type II  NEU1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000  Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrome  ALDH3A2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000  Short-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrome  ALDH3A2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,500  Smith-Lemli-Opitz Syndrome  DHCR7  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 750  Spastic Tetraplegia, Thin Corpus Callosum, and Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000  Spastic Tetraplegia, Thin Corpus Callosum, and Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 855,000  Spherocytosis, Type 5  EPB42  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  SMN1 copy number: 2  SMN2 copy number: 2  SMN1 copy number: 2  SMN1 copy number: 2  SMN1 Sequencing: Negative  SMN1 Seque	A Professional Communication of the Communication o	CASR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,700
Deficiency  ACADS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1700  Shwachman-Diamond Syndrome  SBDS  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1700  Sialidosis, Type I and Type II  NEU1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000  Signere-Larsson Syndrome  ALDH3A2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5500  Smith-Lemil-Opitz Syndrome  DHCR7  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 750  Spastic Paraplegia 15  ZFYVE26  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000  Spastic Tetraplegia, Thin Corpus Callosum, and Progressive Microcephaly  Spherocytosis, Type 5  EPB42  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 855,000  SMN1 copy number: 2  SMN1 copy number: 2  SMN1 copy number: 1  C'3*80T>G: Negative  SMN1 sequencing: Negative  Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy  Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy  COA7  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1  DLL3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200  Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1  DLL3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200  Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-  DDR2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200	Dysmorphism, and Hypotrichosis	POC1A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 108,000
Sialidosis, Type I and Type II  NEU1  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000  Signer-Larsson Syndrome  ALDH3A2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,500  Smith-Lemli-Opitz Syndrome  DHCR7  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,50  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000  Spastic Tetraplegia, Thin Corpus Callosum, and Progressive Microcephaty  Sherocytosis, Type 5  EPB42  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  SMN1 copy number: 2  SMN2 copy number: 2  SMN2 copy number: 1  C3*80T>C: Negative  SMN1 Sequencing: Negative  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,107  Spinal Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory  Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type  Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy  Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy  Bellucation of the sequence o	70 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
ALDH3A2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,500  Smith-Lemli-Opitz Syndrome DHCR7 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 750  Spastic Paraplegia 15 ZFYVE26 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000  Spastic Tetraplegia, Thin Corpus Callosum, and Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 855,000  Spherocytosis, Type 5 EPB42 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  Spherocytosis, Type 5 EPB42 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  Sml1 copy number: 2  Sml1 copy number: 1  C'3'80T>G: Negative Sml1 Sequencing: Negative Sml1 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,107  Spinal Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type Spinacerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy Spinodylocostal Dysostosis 1  DLL3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200  PDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,36,000	Shwachman-Diamond Syndrome	SBDS	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,700
Spastic Paraplegia 15 Spastic Tetraplegia, Thin Corpus Callosum, and Progressive Microcephaly Spherocytosis, Type 5 Spherocytosis, T	Sialidosis, Type I and Type II	NEU1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
Spastic Paraplegia 15 Spastic Tetraplegia, Thin Corpus Callosum, and SLC1A4 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000 Spherocytosis, Type 5 EPB42 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200 Spherocytosis, Type 5 EPB42 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200 SMN1 copy number: 2 SMN2 copy number: 1 C'3*80T>G: Negative SMN1 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,107 Spinal Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type IGHMBP2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200 Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy Bersonalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000 Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1 DLL3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200 Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 236,000	Sjogren-Larsson Syndrome	ALDH3A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5.500
Spastic Tetraplegia, Thin Corpus Callosum, and Progressive Microcephaly  Spherocytosis, Type 5  EPB42  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 855,000  SMN1 copy number: 2  SMN2 copy number: 1  C'3'80T3-G: Negative  SMN1 Sequencing: Negative  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,107  Spinal Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory  Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type  Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy  Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy  Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1  DLL3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,26,000	Smith-Lemli-Opitz Syndrome	DHCR7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 750
Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 855,000  Spherocytosis, Type 5  EPB42  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200  SMN1 copy number: 2  SMN2 copy number: 1  C 3*80T>G: Negative  SMN1 Sequencing: Negative  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,107  Splinal Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type  Splinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy  Splinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy  Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1  DLL3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200  Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-  DDR2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 236,000	ACA PAG CARLOS ALA	ZFYVE26	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 46,000
Spinal Muscular Atrophy  SMN1 AR Reduced Risk  Reduced Risk  SMN1 copy number: 2 SMN2 copy number: 1 C '3*80T>G: Negative SMN1 Sequencing: Negative SMN1 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1.107  Spinal Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type  IGHMBP2  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1.200  Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy  COA7  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000  Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1  DLL3  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200  Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2  AR Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 236,000	[2] (1 MAN) [1 MAN] [2] (2 MAN) [2 MAN]	SLC1A4	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 855,000
Spinal Muscular Atrophy  SMN1  AR  Reduced Risk  SMN2 copy number: 1  c. 3+80T>G: Negative SMN1 Sequencing: Negative SMN1 Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1.107  Spinal Muscular Atrophy with Respiratory Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type  IGHMBP2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1.200  Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy COA7  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000  Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1  DLL3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200  Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2- DDR2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 236,000	Spherocytosis, Type 5	EPB42	AR	Reduced Risk	
Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type IGHMBP2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200  Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Axonal Neuropathy  COA7 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000  Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1 DLL3 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200  Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 236,000	Spinal Muscular Atrophy	SMN1	AR	Reduced Risk	SMN2 copy number: 1 c.'3+80T>G: Negative SMN1 Sequencing: Negative
Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1  DLL3  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200  Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2-  DDR2  AR  Reduced Risk  Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 236,000	Distress 1 / Charcot-Marie-Tooth Disease, Type	IGHMBP2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,200
Spondylometaepiphyseal Dysplasia (DDR2- DDR2 AR Reduced Risk Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 236,000		COA7	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
DDR2 AR REQUICED RISK PERSONAUZED RESIDUAL RISK: 1 III 230,000	Spondylocostal Dysostosis 1	DLL3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,200
	요즘님 시장 시간들이 그 이 집에들이 얼마이를 가는데 있습니다. 그리고 그렇게 하지 않는데 시간 때 어머니 때 없는데 되었다.	DDR2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 236,000



Xeroderma Pigmentosum, Group A



Spondylothoracic Dysostosis	MESP2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 382,000
Steel Syndrome	COL27A1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 93,000
Stuve-Wiedemann Syndrome	LIFR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,000
Sulfate Transporter-Related Osteochondrodysplasia	SLC26A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
				Tay-Sachs disease enzyme: Non-carrier
				White blood cells: Non-carrier
			5.3	<ul> <li>Hex A%: 58.2% (Non-carrier: 55.0 - 72.0% Carrier: &lt;50%)</li> <li>Total hexosaminidase activity: 2841 nmol/hr/mg</li> </ul>
Tay-Sachs Disease	HEXA	AR	Reduced Risk	Plasma: Non-carrier
				<ul> <li>Hex A%: 64.0 (Non-carrier: 58.0 - 72.0%; Carrier: &lt;54%)</li> <li>Total hexosaminidase activity: 632 nmol/hr/ml</li> </ul>
				HEXA Sequencing: Negative Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Thiamine-Responsive Megaloblastic Anemia Syndrome	SLC19A2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 1	SLC5A5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 45,000
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 2A	TPO	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 910
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 3	TG	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 850
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 4	IYD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,800
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 5	DUOXA2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 29,000
Thyroid Dyshormonogenesis 6	DUOX2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 190
Trichohepatoenteric Syndrome 1	TTC37	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 14,000
Tyrosinemia, Type I	FAH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,900
Tyrosinemia, Type II	TAT	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4,800
Tyrosinemia, Type III	HPD	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 266,000
Usher Syndrome, Type IB	MYO7A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,000
Usher Syndrome, Type IC	USH1C	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600
Usher Syndrome, Type ID	CDH23	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,400
Usher Syndrome, Type IF	PCDH15	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,800
Usher Syndrome, Type IIA	USH2A	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 290
Usher Syndrome, Type III	CLRN1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,300
Very Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency	ACADVL	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 920
Vitamin D-Dependent Rickets, Type I	CYP27B1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 7,900
Vitamin D-Resistant Rickets, Type IIA	VDR	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 17,000
Walker-Warburg Syndrome and Other FKTN- Related Dystrophies	FKTN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 4200
Werner Syndrome	WRN	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 9,200
Wilson Disease	ATP7B	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 350
Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome ( <i>WAS</i> -Related)	WAS	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,203,000
Wolcott-Rallison Syndrome	EIF2AK3	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 22,000
Wolman Disease / Cholesteryl Ester Storage Disease	LIPA	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,200
Woodhouse-Sakati Syndrome	DCAF17	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 81,000
X-Linked Juvenile Retinoschisis	RS1	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 40,000
X-Linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency	IL2RG	XL	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 250,000
Xeroderma Pigmentosum (POLH-Related)	POLH	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 5,900

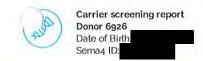
AR

XPA

Reduced Risk

Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 11,000





Xeroderma Pigmentosum, Group C	XPC	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 12,000
Xeroderma Pigmentosum, Group G	ERCC5	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 3,000
Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum (PEX10-Related)	PEX10	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 6,300
Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum (PEX1-Related)	PEX1	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 2,000
Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum (PEX2-Related)	PEX2	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 77,000
Zellweger Syndrome Spectrum (PEX6-Related)	PEX6	AR	Reduced Risk	Personalized Residual Risk: 1 in 1,600

AR=Autosomal recessive; XL=X-linked

# Test methods and comments

Genomic DNA isolated from this patient was analyzed by one or more of the following methodologies, as applicable:

## Fragile X CGG Repeat Analysis (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

PCR amplification using Asuragen, Inc. AmplideX<sup>®</sup> FMR1 PCR reagents followed by capillary electrophoresis for allele sizing was performed. Samples positive for FMR1 premutations and full mutations greater than 90 CGG repeats in length were further analyzed by Southern blot analysis or methylation PCR to assess the size and methylation status of the FMR1 CGG repeat. Additional testing to determine the status of AGG interruptions within the FMR1 CGG repeat will be automatically performed for premutation alleles ranging from 55 to 90 repeats. These results, which may modify risk for expansion, will follow in a separate report.

## Genotyping (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

Multiplex PCR amplification and allele specific primer extension analyses using the MassARRAY® System were used to identify certain recurrent variants that are complex in nature or are present in low copy repeats. Rare sequence variants may interfere with assay performance.

## Multiplex Ligation-Dependent Probe Amplification (MLPA) (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

 $MLPA^{\textcircled{R}}$  probe sets and reagents from MRC-Holland were used for copy number analysis of specific targets versus known control samples. False positive or negative results may occur due to rare sequence variants in target regions detected by MLPA probes. Analytical sensitivity and specificity of the MLPA method are both gg%.

For alpha thalassemia, the copy numbers of the *HBA1* and *HBA2* genes were analyzed. Alpha-globin gene deletions, triplications, and the Constant Spring (CS) mutation are assessed. This test is expected to detect approximately 90% of all alpha-thalassemia mutations, varying by ethnicity. Carriers of alpha-thalassemia with three or more *HBA* copies on one chromosome, and one or no copies on the other chromosome, may not be detected. With the exception of triplications, other benign alpha-globin gene polymorphisms will not be reported. Analyses of *HBA1* and *HBA2* are performed in association with long-range PCR of the coding regions followed by short-read sequencing.

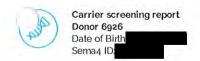
For Duchenne muscular dystrophy, the copy numbers of all *DMD* exons were analyzed. Potentially pathogenic single exon deletions and duplications are confirmed by a second method. Analysis of *DMD* is performed in association with sequencing of the coding regions.

For congenital adrenal hyperplasia, the copy number of the *CYP21A2* gene was analyzed. This analysis can detect large deletions typically due to unequal meiotic crossing-over between *CYP21A2* and the pseudogene *CYP21A1P*, Classic 30-kb deletions make up approximately 20% of *CYP21A2* pathogenic alleles. This test may also identify certain point mutations in *CYP21A2* caused by gene conversion events between *CYP21A2* and *CYP21A1P*. Some carriers may not be identified by dosage sensitive methods as this testing cannot detect individuals with two copies (duplication) of the *CYP21A2* gene on one chromosome and loss of *CYP21A2* (deletion) on the other chromosome. Analysis of *CYP21A2* is performed in association with long-range PCR of the coding regions followed by short-read sequencing.

For spinal muscular atrophy (SMA), the copy numbers of the *SMN1* and *SMN2* genes were analyzed. The individual dosage of exons 7 and 8 as well as the combined dosage of exons 1, 4, 6 and 8 of *SMN1* and *SMN2* were assessed. Copy number gains and losses can be detected with this assay. Depending on ethnicity, 6 - 29 % of carriers will not be identified by dosage sensitive methods as this testing cannot detect individuals with two copies (duplication) of the *SMN1* gene on one chromosome and loss of *SMN1* (deletion) on the other chromosome (silent 2+0 carrier) or individuals that carry an intragenic mutation in *SMN1*. Please also note that 2% of individuals diagnosed with SMA have a causative *SMN1* variant that occurred de novo, and therefore cannot be picked up by carrier screening in the parents. Analysis of *SMN1* is performed in association with short-read sequencing of exons 2a-7, followed by confirmation using long-range PCR (described below). In individuals with two copies of *SMN1* with Ashkenazi Jewish, East Asian, African American, Native American or Caucasian ancestry, the presence or absence of c.'3+80T>G significantly increases or decreases, respectively, the likelihood of being a silent 2+0 silent carrier.

MLPA for Gaucher disease (*GBA*), cystic fibrosis (*CFTR*), and non-syndromic hearing loss (*GJB2/GJB6*) will only be performed if indicated for confirmation of detected CNVs. If *GBA* analysis was performed, the copy numbers of exons 1, 3, 4, and 6 - 10 of the GBA gene (of 11 exons total) were analyzed. If *CFTR* analysis was performed, the copy numbers of all 27 *CFTR* exons were analyzed. If *GJB2/GJB6* analysis was performed,





the copy number of the two *GJB2* exons were analyzed, as well as the presence or absence of the two upstream deletions of the *GJB2* regulatory region, del(*GJB6*-D13S1830) and del(*GJB6*-D13S1854).

## Next Generation Sequencing (NGS) (Analytical Detection Rate >95%)

NGS was performed on a panel of genes for the purpose of identifying pathogenic or likely pathogenic variants.

Agilent SureSelect<sup>TM</sup>XT Low Input technology was used with a custom capture library to target the exonic regions and intron/exon splice junctions of the relevant genes, as well as a number of UTR, intronic or promoter regions that contain previously reported mutations. Libraries were pooled and sequenced on the Illumina NovaSeq 6000 platform, using paired-end 100 bp reads. The sequencing data was analyzed using a custom bioinformatics algorithm designed and validated in house.

The coding exons and splice junctions of the known protein-coding RefSeq genes were assessed for the average depth of coverage (minimum of 20X) and data quality threshold values. Most exons not meeting a minimum of >20X read depth across the exon are further analyzed by Sanger sequencing. Please note that several genomic regions present difficulties in mapping or obtaining read depth >20X. These regions, which are described below, will not be reflexed to Sanger sequencing if the mapping quality or coverage is poor. Any variants identified during testing in these regions are confirmed by a second method and reported if determined to be pathogenic or likely pathogenic. However, as there is a possibility of false negative results within these regions, detection rates and residual risks for these genes have been calculated with the presumption that variants in these exons will not be detected, unless included in the MassARRAY® genotyping platform.

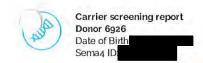
Exceptions: ABCD1 (NM\_000033.3) exons 8 and 9; ACADSB (NM\_001609.3) chr10:124,810,695-124,810,707 (partial exon 9); ADA (NM\_000022.2) exon 1; ADAMTS2 (NM\_014244.4) exon 1; AGPS (NM\_003659.3) chr2:178,257,512-178,257,649 (partial exon 1); ALDH7A1 (NM\_001182.4) chr5:125,911,150-125,911,163 (partial exon 7) and chr5:125,896,807-125,896,821 (partial exon 10); ALMS1 (NM\_015120.4) chr2:73,612,990-73,613,041 (partial exon 1); APOPT1 (NM\_032374.4) chr14:104.040,437-104,040,455 (partial exon 3); CDAN1 (NM\_138477.2) exon 2; CEP152 (NM\_014985.3) chr15;49,061,146-49,061,165 (partial exon 14) and exon 22; CEP2go (NM\_025114.3) exon 5, exon 7, chr12;88,519,017-88,519,039 (partial exon 13), chr12:88,514,049-88,514,058 (partial exon 15), chr12:88,502,837-88,502,841 (partial exon 23), chr12:88,481,551-88,481,589 (partial exon 32), chr12:88,471,605-88,471,700 (partial exon 40); CFTR (NM\_000492.3) exon 10; COL4A4 (NM\_000092.4) chr2:227,942,604-227,942,619 (partial exon 25); COX10 (NM\_001303:3) exon 6; CYP11B1 (NM\_000497:3) exons 3-7; CYP11B2 (NM\_000498:3) exons 3-7; DNAI2 (NM\_023036:4) chr17;72,308,136-72,308,147 (partial exon 12); DOK7 (NM\_173660.4) chr4:3,465,131-3,465,161 (partial exon 1) and exon 2; DUOX2 (NM\_014080.4) exons 6-8; EIF2AK3 (NM\_004836.5 exon 8; EVC (NM\_153717.2) exon 1; F5(NM\_000130.4) chr1:169,551,662-169,551,679 (partial exon 2); FH (NM\_000143.3) exon 1; GAMT (NM\_000156.5 exon 1; GLDC(NM\_000170.2) exon 1; GNPTAB (NM\_024312.4) chr17:4,837,000-4,837,400 (partial exon 2); GNPTG (NM\_032520.4) exon 1; GHR (NM\_000163.4) exon 3; GYS2 (NM\_021957.3) chr12:21,699,370-21,699,409 (partial exon 12); HGSNAT (NM\_152419.2) exon 1; IDS (NM\_000202.6) exon 3; ITGB4 (NM\_000213.4) chr17:73,749,976-73,750,060 (partial exon 33); JAK3 (NM\_000215.3) chr19:17,950,462-17,950,483 (partial exon 10); LIFR (NM\_002310.5 exon 19; LMBRD1 (NM\_018368.3) chr6:70,459,256-70,459,257 (partial exon 5), chr6:70,447,828-70,447,836 (partial exon 7) and exon 12; LYST (NM\_000081.3) chr1:235,944,158-235,944,176 (partial exon 16) and chr1:235,875,350-235,875,362 (partial exon 43); MLYCD (NM\_012213.2) chr16:83,933,242-83,933,282 (partial exon 1); MTR (NM\_000254.2) chr1 237,024,418-237,024,439 (partial exon 20) and chr1:237,038,019-237,038,029 (partial exon 24); NBEAL2 (NM\_015175.2) chr3 47,021,385-47,021,407 (partial exon 1); NEB (NM\_001271208.1 exons 82-105; NPC1 (NM\_000271.4) chr18:21,123,519-21,123,538 (partial exon 14); NPHP1 (NM\_000272.3)chr2:110,937,251-110,937,263 (partial exon 3); OCRL (NM\_000276.3) chrX:128,674,450-128,674,460 (partial exon 1); PHKB (NM\_000293.2) exon 1 and chr16:47,732,498-47,732,504 (partial exon 30); PIGN (NM\_176787.4) chr18:59,815,547-59,815,576 (partial exon 8); PIP5K1C (NM\_012398.2) exon 1 and chr19:3637602-3637616 (partial exon 17); POU1F1 (NM\_000306.3) exon 5; PTPRC (NM\_002838.4) exons 11 and 23; PUS1 (NM\_025215.5 chr12:132,414,446-132,414,532 (partial exon 2); RPGRIP1L (NM\_015272.2) exon 23; SGSH (NM\_000199,3) chr17;78,194,022-78,194,072 (partial exon 1); SLC6A8 (NM\_005629,3) exons 3 and 4; ST3GAL5 (NM\_003896,3) exon 1; SURF1 (NM\_003172:3) chrg:136,223,269-136,223,307 (partial exon 1); TRPM6 (NM\_017662.4) chrg:77,362,800-77,362,811 (partial exon 31); TSEN54 (NM\_207346.2) exon 1; TYR (NM\_000372.4) exon 5; VWF (NM\_000552.3) exons 24-26, chr12:6,125,675-6,125,684 (partial exon 30), chr12:6,121,244-6,121,265 (partial exon 33), and exon 34.

This test will detect variants within the exons and the intron-exon boundaries of the target regions, Variants outside these regions may not be detected, including, but not limited to, UTRs, promoters, and deep intronic areas, or regions that fall into the Exceptions mentioned above. This technology may not detect all small insertion/deletions and is not diagnostic for repeat expansions and structural genomic variation. In addition, a mutation(s) in a gene not included on the panel could be present in this patient.

Variant interpretation and classification was performed based on the American College of Medical Genetics Standards and Guidelines for the Interpretation of Sequence Variants (Richards et al., 2015). All potentially pathogenic variants may be confirmed by either a specific genotyping assay or Sanger sequencing, if indicated. Any benign variants, likely benign variants or variants of uncertain significance identified during this analysis will not be reported.

Next Generation Sequencing for SMN1





Exonic regions and intron/exon splice junctions of *SMN1* and *SMN2* were captured, sequenced, and analyzed as described above, Any variants located within exons 2a-7 and classified as pathogenic or likely pathogenic were confirmed to be in either *SMN1* or *SMN2* using gene-specific long-range PCR analysis followed by Sanger sequencing. Variants located in exon 1 cannot be accurately assigned to either *SMN1* or *SMN2* using our current methodology, and so these variants are not reported.

## Copy Number Variant Analysis (Analytical Detection Rate >95%)

Large duplications and deletions were called from the relative read depths on an exon-by-exon basis using a custom exome hidden Markov model (XHMM) algorithm. Deletions or duplications determined to be pathogenic or likely pathogenic were confirmed by either a custom arrayCGH platform, quantitative PCR, or MLPA (depending on CNV size and gene content). While this algorithm is designed to pick up deletions and duplications of 2 or more exons in length, potentially pathogenic single-exon CNVs will be confirmed and reported, if detected. Deletions and duplications near the lower limit of detection may not be detected due to run variability.

## Exon Array (Confirmation method) (Accuracy >99%)

The customized oligonucleotide microarray (Oxford Gene Technology) is a highly-targeted exon-focused array capable of detecting medically relevant microdeletions and microduplications at a much higher resolution than traditional aCGH methods. Each array matrix has approximately 180,000 60-mer oligonucleotide probes that cover the entire genome. This platform is designed based on human genome NCBI Build 37 (hg19) and the CGH probes are enriched to target the exonic regions of the genes in this panel.

#### Quantitative PCR (Confirmation method) (Accuracy >99%)

The relative quantification PCR is utilized on a Roche Universal Library Probe (UPL) system, which relates the PCR signal of the target region in one group to another. To test for genomic imbalances, both sample DNA and reference DNA is amplified with primer/probe sets that specific to the target region and a control region with known genomic copy number. Relative genomic copy numbers are calculated based on the standard  $\Delta\Delta$ Ct formula.

## Long-Range PCR (Analytical Detection Rate >99%)

Long-range PCR was performed to generate locus-specific amplicons for CYP21A2, HBA1 and HBA2 and GBA. The PCR products were then prepared for short-read NGS sequencing and sequenced. Sequenced reads were mapped back to the original genomic locus and run through the bioinformatics pipeline. If indicated, copy number from MLPA was correlated with the sequencing output to analyze the results, Please note that in rare cases, allele drop-out may occur, which has the potential to lead to false negative results. For CYP21A2, a certain percentage of healthy individuals carry a duplication of the CYP21A2 gene, which has no clinical consequences. In cases where multiple copies of CYP21A2 are located on the same chromosome in tandem, only the last copy will be amplified and assessed for potentially pathogenic variants, due to size limitations of the PCR reaction. However, because these alleles contain at least two copies of the CYP21A2 gene in tandem, it is expected that this patient has at least one functional gene in the tandem allele and this patient is therefore less likely to be a carrier. A CYP21A1P/CYP21A2 hybrid gene detected only by MLPA but not by long-range PCR will not be reported when the long-range PCR indicates the presence of two full CYP21A2 gene copies (one on each chromosome), as the additional hybrid gene is nonfunctional, Classic 30-kb deletions are identified by MLPA and are also identified by the presence of multiple common pathogenic CYP21A2 variants by long-range PCR. Since multiple pseudogene-derived variants are detected in all cases with the classic 30kb deletion, we cannot rule out the possibility that some variant(s) detected could be present in trans with the chimeric CYP21A1P/CYP21A2 gene created by the 30kb deletion. When an individual carries both a duplication allele and a pathogenic variant, or multiple pathogenic variants, the current analysis may not be able to determine the phase (cis/trans configuration) of the CYP21A2 alleles identified. Family studies may be required in certain scenarios where phasing is required to determine the carrier status.

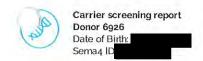
#### Residual Risk Calculations

Carrier frequencies and detection rates for each ethnicity were calculated through the combination of internal curations of >30,000 variants and genomic frequency data from >138,000 individuals across seven ethnic groups in the gnomAD database. Additional variants in HGMD and novel deleterious variants were also incorporated into the calculation. Residual risk values are calculated using a Bayesian analysis combining the a *priori* risk of being a pathogenic mutation carrier (carrier frequency) and the detection rate. They are provided only as a guide for assessing approximate risk given a negative result, and values will vary based on the exact ethnic background of an individual. This report does not represent medical advice but should be interpreted by a genetic counselor, medical geneticist or physician skilled in genetic result interpretation and the relevant medical literature.

#### Personalized Residual Risk Calculations

Agilent SureSelect<sup>TM</sup>XT Low-Input technology was utilized in order to create whole-genome libraries for each patient sample. Libraries were then pooled and sequenced on the Illumina NovaSeq platform. Each sequencing lane was multiplexed to achieve 0.4-2x genome coverage, using paired-end 100 bp reads. The sequencing data underwent ancestral analysis using a customized, licensed bioinformatics algorithm that was validated in house. Identified sub-ethnic groupings were binned into one of 7 continental-level groups (African, East Asian, South Asian,





Non-Finnish European, Finnish, Native American, and Ashkenazi Jewish) or, for those ethnicities that matched poorly to the continental-level groups, an 8<sup>th</sup> "unassigned" group, which were then used to select residual risk values for each gene. For individuals belonging to multiple high-level ethnic groupings, a weighting strategy was used to select the most appropriate residual risk, For genes that had insufficient data to calculate ethnic-specific residual risk values, or for sub-ethnic groupings that fell into the "unassigned" group, a "worldwide" residual risk was used. This "worldwide" residual risk was calculated using data from all available continental-level groups.

Several genes have multiple residual risks associated to reflect the likelihood of the tested individual being a carrier for different diseases that are attributed to non-overlapping pathogenic variants in that gene. When calculating the couples' combined reproductive risk, the highest residual risk for each patient was selected.

## Sanger Sequencing (Confirmation method) (Accuracy >99%)

Sanger sequencing, as indicated, was performed using BigDye Terminator chemistry with the ABI 3730 DNA analyzer with target specific amplicons. It also may be used to supplement specific guaranteed target regions that fail NGS sequencing due to poor quality or low depth of coverage (<20 reads) or as a confirmatory method for NGS positive results. False negative results may occur if rare variants interfere with amplification or annealing.

## Tay-Sachs Disease (TSD) Enzyme Analysis (Analytical Detection Rate >98%)

Hexosaminidase activity and Hex A% activity were measured by a standard heat-inactivation, fluorometric method using artificial 4-MU-β-N-acetyl glucosaminide (4-MUG) substrate. This assay is highly sensitive and accurate in detecting Tay-Sachs carriers and individuals affected with TSD. Normal ranges of Hex A% activity are 55.0-72.0 for white blood cells and 58.0-72.0 for plasma. It is estimated that less than 0.5% of Tay-Sachs carriers have non-carrier levels of percent Hex A activity, and therefore may not be identified by this assay. In addition, this assay may detect individuals that are carriers of or are affected with Sandhoff disease. False positive results may occur if benign variants, such as pseudodeficiency alleles, interfere with the enzymatic assay. False negative results may occur if both HEXA and HEXB pathogenic or pseudodeficiency variants are present in the same individual.

Please note that it is not possible to perform Tay-Sachs disease enzyme analysis on saliva samples, buccal swabs, tissue samples, semen samples, or on samples received as extracted DNA.

This test was developed, and its performance characteristics determined by Sema4 Opco, Inc. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. FDA does not require this test to go through premarket FDA review. This test is used for clinical purposes. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. This laboratory is certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA) as qualified to perform high complexity clinical laboratory testing. These analyses generally provide highly accurate information regarding the patient's carrier or affected status. Despite this high level of accuracy, it should be kept in mind that there are many potential sources of diagnostic error, including misidentification of samples, polymorphisms, or other rare genetic variants that interfere with analysis, Families should understand that rare diagnostic errors may occur for these reasons.

#### SELECTED REFERENCES

#### Carrier Screening

Grody W et al. ACMG position statement on prenatal/preconception expanded carrier screening. Genet Med. 2013 15:482-3.

#### Fragile X syndrome:

Chen L et al. An information-rich CGG repeat primed PCR that detects the full range of Fragile X expanded alleles and minimizes the need for Southern blot analysis. *J Mol Diag* 2010 12:589-600.

## Spinal Muscular Atrophy:

Luo M et al. An Ashkenazi Jewish SMN1 haplotype specific to duplication alleles improves pan-ethnic carrier screening for spinal muscular atrophy. Genet Med. 2014 16:149-56.

#### Ashkenazi Jewish Disorders:

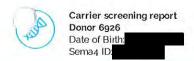
Scott SA et al. Experience with carrier screening and prenatal diagnosis for sixteen Ashkenazi Jewish Genetic Diseases. *Hum. Mutat.* 2010 31:1-11.

Akler G et al. Towards a unified approach for comprehensive reproductive carrier screening in the Ashkenazi, Sephardi, and Mizrahi Jewish populations. *Mol Genet Genomic Med*, 2020 Feb 8(2):e1053.

## Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy:

Flanigan KM et al. Mutational spectrum of *DMD* mutations in dystrophinopathy patients: application of modern diagnostic techniques to a large cohort. *Hum Mutat*. 2009 30:1657-66.





#### Variant Classification:

Richards S et al. Standards and guidelines for the interpretation of sequence variants: a joint consensus recommendation of the American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics and the Association for Molecular Pathology. *Genet Med.* 2015 May;17(5):405-24 Additional disease-specific references available upon request.





Report Status: Final 6926, DONOR

Patient Information	Specimen Information	Client Information	
6926, DONOR  DOB AGE: Gender: M Phone: NG Patient ID:	Specimen: Requisition: Lab Ref #:  Collected: 09/30/2022 Received: 10/01/2022 / 20:58 EDT Reported: 10/13/2022 / 01:31 EDT	Client #: 48041578 NYNJMAIL GENOMICS, SEMA4 SEMA4 62 SOUTHFIELD AVE STAMFORD, CT 06902-7229	

Ward: FFAXCB

Cytogenetic Report

## CHROMOSOME ANALYSIS, BLOOD - 14596 CHROMOSOME ANALYSIS, BLOOD

Lab:EZ

Order ID: Specimen Type: 22-415529 Blood

Clinical Indication:

Encounter of male for testing for

disease carrier status for procrea management.

RESULT:

NORMAL MALE KARYOTYPE

INTERPRETATION:

Chromosome analysis revealed normal G-band patterns within the limits of standard cytogenetic analysis.

Please expect the results of any other concurrent study in a separate report.

NOMENCLATURE:

46,XY

## ASSAY INFORMATION:

Method:

G-Band (Digital Analysis: MetaSyst

Cells Counted: Band Level: 20 450

Cells Analyzed:

450 5

Cells Karyotyped:

4

This test does not address genetic disorders that cannot be detected by standard cytogenetic methods or rare events such as low level mosaicism or subtle rearrangements.

Sibel Kantarci, PhD, FACMG (800) NICHOLS-4307

**Electronic Signature:** 

10/13/2022 12:20 AM

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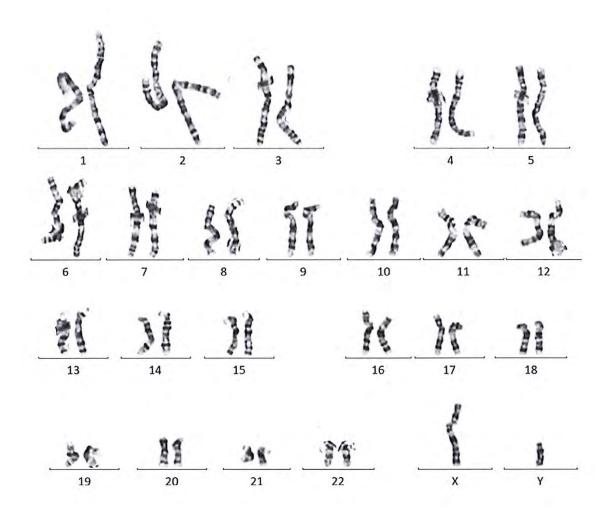
SPECIMEN:





Report Status: Final 6926, DONOR

Patient Information	Specimen Information	Client Information	
6926, DONOR  DOB AGE: Gender: M Patient ID:	Specimen: Collected: 09/30/2022 Received: 10/01/2022 / 20:58 EDT Reported: 10/13/2022 / 01:31 EDT	Client #: 48041578 GENOMICS, SEMA4	



## PERFORMING SITE:

EZ QUEST DIAGNOSTICS/NICHOLS SJC, 33608 ORTEGA HWY, SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO, CA 92675-2042 Laboratory Director: IRINA MARAMICA, MD, PHD, MBA, CLIA: 05D0643352





Report Status: Final 6926, DONOR

Patient Information	Specimen Information	Client Information	
6926, DONOR  DOB AGE:  Gender: M  Phone: NG  Patient ID:	Specimen: Requisition: Lab Ref #:  Collected: 09/30/2022 Received: 10/01/2022 / 20:59 EDT Reported: 10/04/2022 / 11:26 EDT	Client #: 48041578 NYNJMAIL GENOMICS, SEMA4 SEMA4 62 SOUTHFIELD AVE STAMFORD, CT 06902-7229	

Vard: FFAXCB				
Test Name	In Range	Out Of Range	Reference Range	Lab
HEMOGLOBINOPATHY EVALUATION				
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT	5.40		4.20-5.80 Million/uL	Z99
HEMOGLOBIN	16.2		13.2-17.1 g/dL	
HEMATOCRIT	47.9		38.5-50.0 %	
MCV	88.7		80.0-100.0 fL	
MCH	30.0		27.0-33.0 pg	
RDW	13.2		11.0-15.0 %	
HEMOGLOBIN A	97.5		>96.0 %	Z99
HEMOGLOBIN F	<1.0		<2.0 %	
HEMOGLOBIN A2 (QUANT)	2.5		2.2-3.2 %	
INTERPRETATION Normal phenotype.	*			

#### PERFORMING SITE:

Z99 QUEST DIAGNOSTICS CLIFTON, 1 INSIGHTS DRIVE, CLIFTON, NJ 07012-2355 Laboratory Director: SHELLA K MONGIA, MD, CLIA: 31D0696246

10/20/22

PAGE I OF I

SPECIMEN:

4399 Santa Anita Ave. El Monte, CA, 91731 (p) 626-350-0537 (f) 626-454-1667 info@fulgentgenetics.com www.fulgentgenetics.com





Patient Information:
6926, Donor
DOB:
Sex: M
MR#: 6926
Patient#:

Accession:

Test#
Order#:
Ext Test#:
Ext Order#:
Specimen Type: DNA
Collected: New 07 2022

Collected: Nov 07,2023 Received Date: Nov 22,2023 Authorized Date: Nov 25,2023 Physician:
Seitz, Suzanne
ATTN: Seitz, Suzanne
Fairfax Cryobank
3015 Williams Drive
Fairfax, VA 22031
Phone:

Laboratory:
Fulgent Genetics
CAP#: 8042697
CLIA#: 05D2043189
Laboratory Director:
Dr. Hanlin (Harry) Gao
Report Date: Dec 07,2023

Final Report

Fax:

### **TEST PERFORMED**

## **COLQ Single Gene**

(1 Gene Panel: COLQ; gene sequencing with deletion and duplication analysis)

## **RESULTS:**

No clinically significant sequence or copy-number variants were identified in the submitted specimen.

A negative result does not rule out the possibility of a genetic predisposition nor does it rule out any pathogenic mutations of the sort not queried by this test or in areas not reliably assessed by this test.

## **INTERPRETATION:**

#### **Notes and Recommendations:**

- As requested, this report only includes variants classified as Pathogenic, Likely Pathogenic, or Risk Allele at the time of analysis. If detected, this report does not include variants classified as of uncertain significance.
- · Gene specific notes and limitations may be present. See below.
- These results should be interpreted in the context of this individual's clinical findings, biochemical profile, and family history.
- Genetic counseling is recommended. Available genetic counselors and additional resources can be found at the National Society of Genetic Counselors (NSGC; <a href="https://www.nsgc.org">https://www.nsgc.org</a>)
- Guide to Interpreting Genomic Reports: A Genomics Toolkit (CSER Consortium; February 2017)
   (<a href="https://www.genome.gov/For-Health-Professionals/Provider-Genomics-Education-Resources#hep">https://www.genome.gov/For-Health-Professionals/Provider-Genomics-Education-Resources#hep</a>)

## **GENES TESTED:**

#### **COLQ Single Gene**

1 genes tested (100.00% at >20x).

COLQ

### Gene Specific Notes and Limitations

No gene specific limitations apply to the genes on the tested panel.

## **METHODS:**

Patient: 6926, Donor; Sex: M; DOB: MR#: 6926 Accession#: FT- ; FD Patient#: FT DocID: FT- PAGE 1 of 3

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Genomic DNA was isolated from the submitted specimen indicated above (if cellular material was submitted). DNA was barcoded, and enriched for the coding exons of targeted genes using hybrid capture technology. Prepared DNA libraries were then sequenced using a Next Generation Sequencing technology. Following alignment to the human genome reference sequence (assembly GRCh37), variants were detected in regions of at least 10x coverage. For this specimen, 100.00% and 100.00% of coding regions and splicing junctions of genes listed had been sequenced with coverage of at least 10x and 20x, respectively, by NGS or by Sanger sequencing. The remaining regions did not have 10x coverage, and were not evaluated. Variants were interpreted manually using locus specific databases, literature searches, and other molecular biological principles. To minimize false positive results, any variants that do not meet internal quality standards are confirmed by Sanger sequencing. Variants classified as pathogenic, likely pathogenic, or risk allele which are located in the coding regions and nearby intronic regions (+/- 20bp) of the genes listed above are reported. Variants outside these intervals may be reported but are typically not guaranteed. When a single pathogenic or likely pathogenic variant is identified in a clinically relevant gene with autosomal recessive inheritance, the laboratory will attempt to ensure 100% coverage of coding sequences either through NGS or Sanger sequencing technologies ("fill-in"). All genes listed were evaluated for large deletions and/or duplications. However, single exon deletions or duplications will not be detected in this assay, nor will copy number alterations in regions of genes with significant pseudogenes. Putative deletions or duplications identified by NGS are confirmed by an orthogonal method (qPCR or MLPA), unless exceeding an internally specified and validated quality score, beyond which deletions and duplications are considered real without further confirmation. New York patients: diagnostic findings are confirmed by Sanger, MLPA, or qPCR; exception SNV variants in genes for which confirmation of NGS results has been performed >=10 times may not be confirmed if identified with high quality by NGS. Bioinformatics: The Fulgent Germline v2019.2 pipeline was used to analyze this specimen.

#### LIMITATIONS:

These test results and variant interpretation are based on the proper identification of the submitted specimen, accuracy of any stated familial relationships, and use of the correct human reference sequences at the queried loci. In very rare instances, errors may result due to mix-up or co-mingling of specimens. Positive results do not imply that there are no other contributors, genetic or otherwise, to this individual's phenotype, and negative results do not rule out a genetic cause for the indication for testing. Official gene names change over time. Fulgent uses the most up to date gene names based on HUGO Gene Nomenclature Committee (https://www.genenames.org) recommendations. If the gene name on report does not match that of ordered gene, please contact the laboratory and details can be provided. Result interpretation is based on the available clinical and family history information for this individual, collected published information, and Alamut annotation available at the time of reporting. This assay is designed and validated for detection of germline variants only. It is not designed or validated for the detection of low-level mosaicism or somatic mutations. This assay will not detect certain types of genomic aberrations such as translocations, inversions, or repeat expansions (eg. trinucleotide or hexanucleotide repeat expansion). DNA alterations in regulatory regions or deep intronic regions (greater than 20bp from an exon) may not be detected by this test. Unless otherwise indicated, no additional assays have been performed to evaluate genetic changes in this specimen. There are technical limitations on the ability of DNA sequencing to detect small insertions and deletions. Our laboratory uses a sensitive detection algorithm for copy number variants, however these types of alterations are not detected as reliably as single nucleotide variants. Rarely, due to systematic chemical, computational, or human error, DNA variants may be missed. Although next generation sequencing technologies and our bioinformatics analysis significantly reduce the confounding contribution of pseudogene sequences or other highly-homologous sequences, sometimes these may still interfere with the technical ability of the assay to identify pathogenic alterations in both sequencing and deletion/duplication analyses. Deletion/duplication analysis can identify alterations of genomic regions which are two or more contiguous exons in size: single exon deletions or duplications may occasionally be identified, but are not routinely detected by this test. When novel DNA duplications are identified, it is not possible to discern the genomic location or orientation of the duplicated segment, hence the effect of the duplication cannot be predicted. Where deletions are detected, it is not always possible to determine whether the predicted product will remain in-frame or not. Unless otherwise indicated, deletion/duplication analysis has not been performed in regions that have been sequenced by Sanger.

SIGNATURE:

Yan Meng, Ph.D., CGMB, FACMG on 12/7/2023 10:39 PM PST

Electronically signed

Patient: 6926, Donor; Sex: M;Accession#: FT-FD Patient#: FT-DOB:MR#: 6926DocID: FT-PAGE 2 of 3

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## **DISCLAIMER:**

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Fulgent Genetics. It has not been cleared or approved by the FDA. The laboratory is regulated under CLIA as qualified to perform high-complexity testing. This test is used for clinical purposes. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. Since genetic variation, as well as systematic and technical factors, can affect the accuracy of testing, the results of testing should always be interpreted in the context of clinical and familial data. For assistance with interpretation of these results, healthcare professionals may contact us directly at (626) 350-0537 or info@fulgentgenetics.com. It is recommended that patients receive appropriate genetic counseling to explain the implications of the test result, including its residual risks, uncertainties and reproductive or medical options.

Patient: 6926, Donor; Sex: M; DOB: MR#: 6926 Accession#: FT ; FD Patient#: FT- ; DocID: FT- PAGE 3 of 3